

UNIT INFORMATION

100154

LCX
2 to 6 ton
7 to 21 kW

Service Literature

LCX024 through 072 with R454B

The LCX packaged electric cooling units are available in standard cooling efficiency (024S, 036S, 048S, 060S, and 072S). Cooling capacities range from 23,600 to 68,000 Btuh.

Optional electric heat is field installed in LCX units. Electric heat operates in single stage depending on the kW input size. 5 kW through 30 kW heat sections are available for the LCX unit.

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.

False ceilings or drop ceiling may be used as a return air plenum only if the unit being installed has a Refrigerant Detection System installed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out with work in confined spaces being avoided.

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

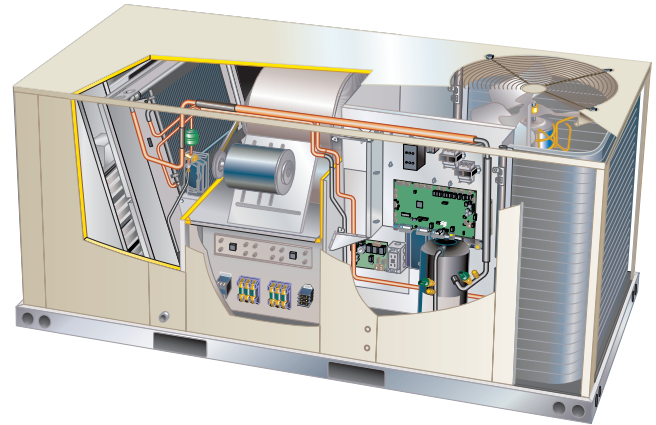


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ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) Precautions and Procedures

⚠ CAUTION



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

WARNING

Only Manufacturer approved auxiliary devices are permitted to be installed in this unit.

CAUTION

Any service personnel installing, decommissioning, or performing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants.

WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier.

CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

WARNING

- This appliance must be installed in accordance with local and national wiring regulations.
- If the appliance is not fitted with an option for full disconnection from power, a means of disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with national and local wiring regulations.

CAUTION

The appliance is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction

CAUTION

Children should be supervised not to play with the appliance.

CAUTION

Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

CAUTION

Leak Detection System installed. Unit must be powered except for service.

WARNING

Ducts connected to an appliance shall not contain a potential ignition source.

IMPORTANT

Pipe work, including piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as ASHRAE 15, ASHRAE 15.2, IAPMO Uniform Mechanical Code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA B52. All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed.

IMPORTANT

Refrigerant sensors for refrigerant detection systems shall only be replaced with sensors specified by the appliance manufacture.

CAUTION

This unit is equipped with electrically powered safety measures. To be effective, the unit must be electrically powered at all times after installation, other than when servicing.

A2L Refrigerant Considerations

Ensure that the work area is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects, taking into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used when searching for or detecting refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practices be followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations.
- Evacuate the circuit.
- Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- Evacuate.
- Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- Open the circuit

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item	Order Number	Size					
		024	036	048	060	072	
COOLING SYSTEM							
Condensate Drain Trap	PVC	22H54	X	X	X	X	X
	Copper	76W27	X	X	X	X	X
Drain Pan Overflow Switch		21Z07	X	X	X	X	X
BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR							
Motors	Direct Drive (PSC) - 0.25 HP (208/230V-1ph)	Factory	O				
	Direct Drive (PSC) - 0.50 HP (All Voltages)	Factory		O	O		
	Direct Drive (ECM) - 1.0 HP (All Voltages)	Factory		O	O	O	
	Single-Speed Belt Drive - 2 HP (208/230V, 460V, 575V-3ph)	Factory				O	
	Two-Speed Belt Drive - 2 HP (208/230V, 460V, 575V-3ph)	Factory					O
Drive Kits See Blower Data Tables for selection	Kit A04 - 968-1340 rpm	Factory					O
	Kit A07 - 1212-1548 rpm	Factory				O	
	Kit A08 - 1193-1591 rpm	Factory					O
CABINET							
Combination Coil/Hail Guards		13R98	OX	OX	OX	OX	
		13T03					OX
Hinged Access Panels			O	O	O	O	O
CONTROLS							
BACnet® Module		38B35	X	X	X	X	X
Dirty Filter Switch		53W66	X	X	X	X	X
Smoke Detector - Supply or Return (Power board and one sensor)		21Z11	X	X	X	X	X
Smoke Detector - Supply and Return (Power board and two sensors)		21Z12	X	X	X	X	X
ELECTRICAL							
Voltage 60 Hz	208/230V - 1 phase		O	O	O	O	
	208/230V - 3 phase			O	O	O	O
	460V - 3 phase			O	O	O	O
	575V - 3 phase			O	O	O	O
Disconnect	See Electrical/Electric Heat Tables for selection		OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
GFI Service Outlets	15 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V only)	74M70	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
	² 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V, 575V)	67E01	X	X	X	X	X
	² 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (575V)	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
Weatherproof Cover for GFI		10C89	X	X	X	X	X

¹ Required if Humiditrol® Dehumidification System is ordered.

² Canada requires a minimum 20 amp circuit. Select 20 amp, non-powered, field wired GFI.

NOTE - Order numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

OX - Field Installed or Configure to Order (factory installed)

O - Configure to Order (Factory Installed)

X - Field Installed

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item		Order Number	Size				
			024	036	048	060	072
ELECTRIC HEAT							
5 kW	208/240V- 1ph	31B27	X				
7.5 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U10	X	X	X	X	
	208/240V-3ph	24U11		X	X	X	X
	460V-3ph	24U12		X	X	X	X
	575V-3ph	24U13		X	X	X	X
10 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U14	X				
15 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U15		X	X	X	
	208/240V-3ph	24U16		X	X	X	X
	460V-3ph	24U17		X	X	X	X
	575V-3ph	24U18		X	X	X	X
22.5 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U19				X	
	208/240V-3ph	24U20				X	X
	460V-3ph	24U21				X	X
	575V-3ph	24U22				X	X
30 kW	208/240V-3ph	24U23					X
	460V-3ph	24U24					X
	575V-3ph	24U25					X

ECONOMIZER

High Performance Economizer With Combination Outdoor Air Hood (Sensible Control) (Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMCA Class 1A Certified)

Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood	20H48	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
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Economizer Accessories

Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit	17W45	X	X	X	X	X
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Economizer Controls

Single Enthalpy Control	21Z09	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Differential Enthalpy Control (order 2) (Not for Title 24)	21Z09	X	X	X	X	X

POWER EXHAUST FAN

Standard Static	208/230V-1 or 3ph	21Z13	X	X	X	X	X
<i>NOTE - Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit" for field installation. See below.</i>	460V-3ph	21Z14		X	X	X	X
	575V-3ph	21Z15		X	X	X	X

BAROMETRIC RELIEF

³ Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit	21Z21	X	X	X	X	X
⁴ Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hood	19F01	X	X	X	X	X

³ Required when Economizer is factory installed with field installed Power Exhaust Fan option.

⁴ Required when Economizer is configured for horizontal airflow.

NOTE - Order numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

OX - Field Installed or Configure to Order (factory installed)

O - Configure to Order (Factory Installed)

X - Field Installed

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item	Order Number	Size				
		024	036	048	060	072
OUTDOOR AIR						
Outdoor Air Dampers With Outdoor Air Hood						
Motorized	15D17	X	X	X	X	X
Manual	15D18	X	X	X	X	X
HUMIDITROL® DEHUMIDIFICATION REHEAT OPTION						
Humiditrol Dehumidification Option	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
INDOOR AIR QUALITY						
Air Filters						
Healthy Climate® High Efficiency Air Filters Order 4 per unit	MERV 8 (16 x 20 x 2)	54W20	X	X	X	X
	MERV 13 (16 x 20 x 2)	52W37	X	X	X	X
	MERV 16 (16 x 20 x 2)	22H13	X	X	X	X
	MERV 8 (20 x 20 x 2)	54W21				
	MERV 13 (20 x 20 x 2)	52W39				
	MERV 16 (20 x 20 x 2)	21U40				
Replaceable Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame (includes non-pleated filter media) (Order 4 per unit)	(20 x 20 x 2)	44N60				
Indoor Air Quality (CO2) Sensors						
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with LCD display		77N39	X	X	X	X
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover, no display		23V86	X	X	X	X
Sensor - Black plastic case, LCD display, rated for plenum mounting		87N52	X	X	X	X
Sensor - Black plastic case, no display, rated for plenum mounting		23V87	X	X	X	X
CO2 Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflow applications		23Y47	X	X	X	X
Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-plenum rated CO2 sensor (77N39)		90N43	X	X	X	X
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI)						
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization Kit		22U14	X	X	X	X
UVC Germicidal Lamps						
5 Healthy Climate® UVC Light Kit (110/230V-1ph)		21A92	X	X	X	X
Step-Down Transformers	460V primary, 230V secondary	10H20	X	X	X	X
	575V primary, 230V secondary	10H21	X	X	X	X
ROOF CURBS						
Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow						
8 in. height		11F50	X	X	X	X
14 in. height		11F51	X	X	X	X
18 in. height		11F52	X	X	X	X
24 in. height		11F53	X	X	X	X
Adjustable Pitch Curb						
14 in. height		43W27	X	X	X	X
CEILING DIFFUSERS						
Step-Down - Order one	RTD9-65S	13K60	X	X	X	X
	RTD11-95S	13K61				
Flush - Order one	FD9-65S	13K55	X	X	X	X
	FD11-95S	13K56				
Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order one	T1TRAN10AN1	17W53	X	X	X	X
	T1TRAN20N-1	17W54				

⁵ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V and 575V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s).

NOTE - Order numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

OX - Field Installed or Configure to Order (factory installed)

O - Configure to Order (Factory Installed)

X - Field Installed

SPECIFICATIONS - DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER			2 TON 3 TON		
Model		LCX024S5D	LCX036S5D	LCX036S5E	
Nominal Tonnage		2	3	3	
Efficiency Type		Standard	Standard	Standard	
Blower Type		Multi-Tap Direct Drive	Multi-Tap Direct Drive	Variable-Speed Direct Drive	
Cooling Performance	Gross Cooling Capacity (Btuh)	24,600	37,300	37,300	
	¹ Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh)	23,600	35,600	35,600	
	¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm)	850	1200	1200	
	¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt)	14.0	14.0	14.0	
	¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt)	11.5	11.5	11.5	
	Total Unit Power (kW)	1.9	3.0	3.0	
Sound Rating Number		dBA	74	74	74
Refrigerant Charge	Refrigerant Type	R-454B	R-454B	R-454B	
	Without Reheat Option	3 lbs. 15 oz.	3 lbs. 10 oz.	3 lbs. 10 oz.	
	With Reheat Option	3 lbs. 15 oz.	3 lbs. 10 oz.	3 lbs. 10 oz.	
Electric Heat Available		See page 18			
Compressor Type (Number)		Scroll (1)	Scroll (1)	Scroll (1)	
Outdoor Coil	Net face area - ft. ²	11.7	11.7	11.7	
	Rows	1	1	1	
	Fins - in.	23	23	23	
Outdoor Coil Fan	Motor HP (number and type)	1/4 (1 PSC)	1/4 (1 PSC)	1/4 (1 PSC)	
	Rpm	825	825	825	
	Watts	325	325	325	
	Diameter (Number) - in.	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24	
	Blades	4	4	4	
	Total air volume - cfm	3950	3950	3950	
Indoor Coil	Net face area - ft. ²	7.0	7.0	7.0	
	Rows	1	1	1	
	Fins - in.	20	20	20	
	Condensate drain size (NPT) - in.	(1) 1	(1) 1	(1) 1	
	Expansion device type	Balanced Port Thermostatic Expansion Valve removable power head			
Indoor Blower	Blower Type	PSC	PSC	ECM	
	Nominal Motor HP	0.25	0.5	1	
	Wheel (Number) diameter x width - in.	(1) 10 x 10	(1) 10 x 10	(1) 11 x 10	
Filters	Type	MERV 4, Disposable			
	Number and size - in.	(4) 16 x 20 x 2			
Line voltage data (Volts-Phase-Hz)		208/230-1-60	208/230-1-60 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60	208/230-1-60 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60	

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240: 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

SPECIFICATIONS - DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER			4 TON 5 TON	
Model		LCX048S5D	LCX048S5E	LCX060S5E
Nominal Tonnage		4	4	5
Efficiency Type		Standard	Standard	Standard
Blower Type		Multi-Tap Direct Drive	Variable-Speed Direct Drive	Variable-Speed Direct Drive
Cooling Performance	Gross Cooling Capacity (Btuh)	49,700	49,700	60,900
	¹ Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh)	47,000	47,000	58,000
	¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm)	1700	1700	1900
	¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt)	14.0	14.0	14.0
	¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt)	11.5	11.5	11.5
	Total Unit Power (kW)	4.1	4.1	5.0
	Sound Rating Number	dBA	74	74
Refrigerant Charge	Refrigerant Type	R-454B	R-454B	R-454B
	Without Reheat Option	3 lbs. 8 oz.	3 lbs. 8 oz.	3 lbs. 12 oz.
	With Reheat Option	3 lbs. 8 oz.	3 lbs. 8 oz.	3 lbs. 12 oz.
Electric Heat Available		See page 18		
Compressor Type (Number)		Scroll (1)	Scroll (1)	Scroll (1)
Outdoor Coil	Net face area - ft. ²	14.5	14.5	14.5
	Rows	1	1	1
	Fins - in.	23	23	23
Outdoor Coil Fan	Motor HP (number and type)	1/4 (1 PSC)	1/4 (1 PSC)	1/4 (1 PSC)
	Rpm	825	825	825
	Watts	325	325	325
	Diameter (Number) - in.	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24
	Blades	4	4	4
	Total air volume - cfm	3950	3950	3950
	Indoor Coil	Net face area - ft. ²	7.0	7.0
Rows		1	1	1
Fins - in.		20	20	20
Condensate drain size (NPT) - in.		(1) 1	(1) 1	(1) 1
Expansion device type		Balanced Port Thermostatic Expansion Valve removable power head		
Indoor Blower		Blower Type	PSC	ECM
	Nominal Motor HP	0.5	1	1
	Wheel (Number) diameter x width - in.	(1) 10 x 10	(1) 11 x 10	(1) 11 x 10
Filters	Type	MERV 4, Disposable		
	Number and size - in.	(4) 16 x 20 x 2		
Line voltage data (Volts-Phase-Hz)		208/230-1-60 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60	208/230-1-60 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60	

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240: 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

SPECIFICATIONS - BELT DRIVE BLOWER			5 TON 6 TON				
Model		LCX060S5B		LCX072S5T			
Nominal Tonnage		5		6			
Efficiency Type		Standard		Standard			
Blower Type		Single Speed Belt Drive		Two Speed Belt Drive			
Cooling Performance	Gross Cooling Capacity (Btuh)		60,900		72,000		
	¹ Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh)		58,000		68,000		
	¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm)		1900		2200		
	¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt)		14.0		---		
	¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt)		11.5		---		
	¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)		---		15.5		
	¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)		---		11.2		
	Total Unit Power (kW)		5.0		5.6		
Sound Rating Number		dBA		74		79	
Refrigerant Charge	Refrigerant Type		R-454B		R-454B		
	Without Reheat Option		3 lbs. 12 oz.		5 lbs. 6 oz.		
	With Reheat Option		3 lbs. 12 oz.		5 lbs. 14 oz.		
Electric Heat Available			See page 18				
Compressor Type (Number)			Scroll (1)		Two-Stage Scroll (1)		
Outdoor Coil	Net face area - sq. ft.		14.5		17.8		
	Rows		1		1		
	Fins - in.		23		23		
Outdoor Coil Fan	Motor HP (number and type)		1/4 (1 PSC)		(1) 1/3 (PSC)		
	Rpm		825		1075		
	Watts		325		375		
	Diameter (Number) - in.		(1) 24		(1) 24		
	Blades		4		3		
	Total air volume - cfm		3950		4700		
Indoor Coil	Net face area - sq. ft.		7.0		8.7		
	Rows		1		1		
	Fins - in.		20		20		
	Condensate drain size (NPT) - in.		(1) 1		(1) 1 in.		
	Expansion device type		Balanced Port Thermostatic Expansion Valve removable power head				
³ Indoor Blower & Drive Selection	Nominal Motor HP		2		2		
	Maximum Usable Motor HP (US)		2.3		2.3		
	Available Drive Kits		A07 1212 - 1548 rpm		A04 968 - 1340 rpm A08 1193-1591 rpm		
	Wheel (Number) diameter x width - in.		(1) 10 x 10		(1) 10 x 10		
Filters	Type		Disposable				
	Number and size - in.		(4) 16 x 20 x 2		(4) 20 x 20 x 2		
Line voltage data (Volts-Phase-Hz)			208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60				

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240 (2-5 ton) or 340/360 (6 ton): 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor HP required. Maximum usable HP of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor HP is also maximum usable motor HP output. If motors of comparable HP are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

BLOWER DATA**DIRECT DRIVE - 2 TON [PSC]****LCX024S5D**

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 16.

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 16.

External Static Pressure (in. w.g.)	Air Volume (cfm) at Various Blower Speeds					
	208 VOLTS			230 VOLTS		
	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
2 Ton Standard Efficiency (Downflow)						LCX024S
0.0	1244	956	859	1414	1098	876
0.1	1226	934	820	1401	1092	870
0.2	1201	906	782	1379	1070	848
0.3	1180	877	727	1348	1039	819
0.4	1152	841	690	1318	1008	775
0.5	1118	812	634	1288	968	746
0.6	1090	768	579	1243	937	702
0.7	1048	725	505	1197	890	659
0.8	1006	667	431	1152	827	600
0.9	950	609	357	1076	749	528
1.0	839	493	248	986	623	468
2 Ton Standard Efficiency (Horizontal)						LCX024S
0.0	1166	910	801	1376	1071	842
0.1	1156	893	770	1342	1054	826
0.2	1136	866	734	1307	1021	808
0.3	1115	826	697	1269	982	771
0.4	1083	800	643	1232	956	734
0.5	1051	747	589	1194	903	698
0.6	1009	707	534	1137	850	662
0.7	946	668	467	1100	797	588
0.8	861	588	396	1024	744	534
0.9	736	508	319	948	652	466
1.0	560	385	237	845	549	392

BLOWER DATA**DIRECT DRIVE - 3 TON | 4 TON [PSC]**

LCX036S5D | LCX048S5D

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 16.

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 16.

External Static Pressure (in. w.g.)	Air Volume (cfm) at Various Blower Speeds								
	208 VOLTS			230 VOLTS			460/575 VOLTS		
	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
3 and 4 Ton Standard Efficiency (Downflow)					LCX036S and LCX048S				
0.0	1938	1552	1119	2167	1772	1317	2136	1716	1212
0.1	1992	1586	1128	2167	1780	1315	2104	1728	1208
0.2	1915	1592	1137	2100	1792	1307	2052	1684	1197
0.3	1865	1536	1083	2043	1735	1266	1994	1647	1172
0.4	1813	1495	1033	1986	1678	1204	1918	1597	1134
0.5	1762	1444	976	1909	1621	1164	1861	1534	1096
0.6	1694	1391	899	1814	1535	1082	1765	1485	1059
0.7	1609	1331	817	1718	1478	1000	1689	1410	996
0.8	1471	1220	730	1603	1364	918	1613	1335	920
0.9	1368	1066	522	1488	1250	755	1498	1235	848
1.0	1108	869	402	1259	1021	640	1345	1036	763
3 and 4 Ton Standard Efficiency (Horizontal)					LCX036S and LCX048S				
0.0	1862	1520	1070	2082	1736	1259	2085	1745	1247
0.1	1867	1530	1069	2031	1717	1246	2070	1744	1257
0.2	1804	1485	1067	1978	1672	1227	2016	1690	1225
0.3	1741	1440	1018	1907	1627	1190	1944	1643	1192
0.4	1677	1396	968	1837	1567	1128	1890	1596	1160
0.5	1614	1329	894	1749	1492	1066	1800	1533	1111
0.6	1550	1284	844	1660	1417	1016	1727	1455	1062
0.7	1455	1195	769	1554	1327	941	1655	1377	996
0.8	1329	1106	670	1448	1237	842	1511	1283	865
0.9	1202	927	496	1307	1087	718	1403	1190	784
1.0	1012	828	385	1025	973	613	1222	1002	670

BLOWER DATA

LCX048S5E I LCX060S5E

DIRECT DRIVE - 3 TON | 4 TON | 5 TON | 1 HP ECM**BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.**

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 16.

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 16.

See See page 16 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

DOWNFLOW

External Static Press. in. w.g.	Percentage of Total Motor Torque																										
	20%			30%			40%			50%			60%			70%			80%			90%			100%		
	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1067	112	488	1325	196	573	1583	279	657	1759	381	726	1934	482	794	2046	579	845	2157	676	896	2285	816	956	2358	925	989
0.1	984	97	537	1249	184	616	1513	270	695	1697	376	760	1881	481	825	2002	584	873	2123	686	921	2273	838	978	2352	947	1008
0.2	912	91	587	1183	180	661	1453	268	735	1644	377	796	1835	486	856	1964	593	902	2093	700	947	2264	863	1001	2349	973	1030
0.3	851	92	636	1126	183	706	1400	273	775	1597	385	832	1794	497	889	1931	607	932	2067	717	974	2256	891	1026	2348	1001	1053
0.4	797	100	687	1075	192	751	1353	283	815	1555	397	869	1757	511	922	1901	625	962	2044	738	1002	2248	919	1051	2347	1031	1077
0.5	752	114	737	1032	206	796	1312	298	855	1518	413	905	1724	528	955	1873	644	993	2021	760	1030	2239	948	1078	2345	1061	1102
0.6	712	132	787	994	224	842	1275	316	896	1484	432	942	1692	548	988	1845	666	1024	1998	783	1059	2228	977	1104	---	---	---
0.7	678	155	836	960	246	886	1242	336	936	1452	452	979	1662	568	1021	1818	687	1055	1974	806	1088	2214	1004	1131	---	---	---
0.8	648	180	885	929	269	931	1210	358	976	1421	474	1016	1632	589	1055	1790	709	1086	1948	828	1117	2195	1028	1158	---	---	---
0.9	621	207	933	900	294	974	1179	381	1015	1390	495	1051	1600	609	1087	1760	728	1117	1919	847	1146	2170	1049	1185	---	---	---
1.0	596	235	981	872	319	1017	1148	403	1053	1357	516	1086	1566	628	1119	1725	746	1147	1884	864	1174	2139	1066	1212	---	---	---
1.1	---	---	---	---	---	---	1115	424	1090	1322	534	1120	1528	643	1150	1686	760	1176	1844	876	1201	2100	1078	1238	---	---	---
1.2	---	---	---	---	---	---	1080	443	1126	1283	549	1153	1485	655	1180	1641	770	1204	1797	884	1228	2052	1083	1264	---	---	---
1.3	---	---	---	---	---	---	1040	458	1161	1238	561	1185	1436	663	1209	1589	775	1231	1742	886	1253	1993	1081	1288	---	---	---
1.4	---	---	---	---	---	---	996	469	1194	1189	567	1215	1381	665	1236	1530	773	1257	1678	881	1277	1923	1071	1311	---	---	---

HORIZONTAL

External Static Press. in. w.g.	Percentage of Total Motor Torque																										
	20%			30%			40%			50%			60%			70%			80%			90%			100%		
	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1087	111	493	1304	184	579	1520	257	665	1689	368	738	1857	478	810	1972	588	864	2087	698	918	2196	844	975	2283	925	1000
0.1	1021	104	537	1246	180	618	1470	255	699	1646	368	768	1821	480	837	1941	592	888	2061	704	938	2179	852	992	2255	926	1017
0.2	961	102	582	1193	181	658	1425	259	734	1607	373	799	1789	487	864	1914	601	912	2039	714	960	2163	864	1012	2231	932	1034
0.3	906	106	628	1145	186	699	1384	266	769	1572	382	831	1759	498	892	1889	613	938	2018	728	984	2149	879	1033	2209	941	1053
0.4	855	113	674	1101	196	740	1347	278	806	1540	396	864	1732	513	921	1866	629	965	1999	744	1008	2134	896	1054	---	---	---
0.5	808	125	720	1060	209	781	1312	293	842	1509	412	896	1706	530	950	1843	646	992	1980	762	1033	2119	915	1077	---	---	---
0.6	764	139	766	1022	225	823	1279	310	879	1481	430	930	1682	549	980	1821	666	1019	1960	782	1058	2102	935	1101	---	---	---
0.7	722	155	812	984.5	242	864	1247	328	916	1452	449	964	1657	569	1011	1799	686	1048	1940	803	1084	2084	955	1125	---	---	---
0.8	682	172	858	949	260	906	1216	348	953	1424	469	997	1632	589	1041	1776	706	1076	1919	823	1111	2063	974	1150	---	---	---
0.9	643	191	903	914	279	946	1185	367	989	1396	489	1030	1606	610	1071	1751	727	1104	1895	843	1137	2039	992	1175	---	---	---
1.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	1153	386	1024	1366	508	1062	1579	629	1100	1724	745	1132	1869	861	1163	2011	1008	1201	---	---	---
1.1	---	---	---	---	---	---	1120	404	1059	1334	525	1095	1548	646	1130	1694	761	1160	1839	876	1189	1979	1021	1226	---	---	---
1.2	---	---	---	---	---	---	1085	420	1093	1300	541	1126	1515	661	1158	1660	775	1186	1805	889	1214	1941	1031	1250	---	---	---
1.3	---	---	---	---	---	---	1047	433	1126	1263	553	1156	1478	672	1186	1622	785	1213	1766	898	1239	1897	1037	1275	---	---	---
1.4	---	---	---	---	---	---	1005	442	1158	1221	561	1185	1436	680	1212	1579	792	1238	1721	903	1263	1847	1037	1298	---	---	---

BLOWER DATA**BELT DRIVE (SINGLE SPEED) - 5 TON**

LCX060S5B

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 16.

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 16

See page 16 for blower motors and drives.

DOWNFLOW

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.10		0.20		0.30		0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		0.80	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1600	665	0.30	716	0.34	768	0.38	819	0.41	879	0.44	937	0.46	985	0.49	1022	0.52
1700	723	0.31	768	0.35	814	0.39	860	0.43	910	0.47	959	0.50	1001	0.54	1037	0.58
1800	779	0.32	818	0.37	857	0.41	897	0.46	939	0.50	980	0.55	1018	0.59	1054	0.64
1900	826	0.36	859	0.41	894	0.45	928	0.50	964	0.56	1000	0.61	1036	0.66	1072	0.70
2000	857	0.42	889	0.47	920	0.52	952	0.57	986	0.62	1020	0.68	1055	0.73	1091	0.77
2100	878	0.49	909	0.54	940	0.59	973	0.64	1006	0.70	1041	0.75	1076	0.80	1112	0.85
2200	897	0.55	929	0.61	961	0.66	994	0.72	1028	0.78	1063	0.83	1099	0.89	1134	0.93
2300	918	0.62	950	0.68	983	0.74	1017	0.80	1052	0.86	1087	0.92	1122	0.97	1157	1.02
2400	941	0.70	974	0.77	1008	0.83	1042	0.90	1077	0.96	1111	1.01	1146	1.06	1181	1.11

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.90		1.00		1.10		1.20		1.30		1.40		1.50		1.60	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1600	1059	0.57	1098	0.61	1138	0.65	1177	0.68	1218	0.71	1257	0.75	1290	0.79	1319	0.83
1700	1074	0.62	1113	0.66	1152	0.70	1190	0.74	1231	0.77	1268	0.80	1299	0.84	1328	0.89
1800	1091	0.68	1129	0.72	1167	0.76	1205	0.80	1244	0.83	1280	0.87	1310	0.91	1338	0.95
1900	1109	0.75	1146	0.79	1183	0.82	1221	0.86	1260	0.90	1294	0.94	1323	0.98	1349	1.02
2000	1128	0.82	1164	0.86	1201	0.89	1239	0.93	1276	0.97	1310	1.01	1336	1.06	1362	1.10
2100	1148	0.89	1185	0.93	1221	0.97	1258	1.01	1294	1.05	1325	1.09	1351	1.14	1376	1.19
2200	1170	0.97	1206	1.01	1242	1.05	1277	1.09	1311	1.14	1341	1.18	1365	1.23	1390	1.28
2300	1193	1.06	1228	1.09	1262	1.14	1295	1.19	1327	1.24	1355	1.29	1380	1.33	1406	1.37
2400	1216	1.15	1250	1.19	1282	1.24	1313	1.30	1343	1.36	1371	1.40	1396	1.44	1423	1.48

HORIZONTAL

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.10		0.20		0.30		0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		0.80	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1600	712	0.29	758	0.32	807	0.36	855	0.39	906	0.43	955	0.46	997	0.50	1035	0.54
1700	766	0.32	808	0.36	850	0.40	892	0.44	936	0.47	978	0.51	1016	0.56	1052	0.60
1800	814	0.36	851	0.40	888	0.44	925	0.49	963	0.53	1000	0.57	1035	0.62	1071	0.66
1900	853	0.41	886	0.46	919	0.50	952	0.55	986	0.60	1021	0.64	1056	0.69	1091	0.73
2000	883	0.48	913	0.53	944	0.57	976	0.62	1009	0.67	1043	0.71	1078	0.76	1112	0.80
2100	906	0.56	936	0.60	967	0.65	999	0.70	1033	0.75	1067	0.79	1101	0.84	1135	0.88
2200	930	0.64	960	0.68	991	0.73	1024	0.78	1058	0.83	1092	0.88	1126	0.92	1160	0.96
2300	954	0.72	985	0.77	1017	0.82	1051	0.87	1085	0.92	1119	0.96	1152	1.00	1186	1.04
2400	981	0.81	1013	0.86	1046	0.91	1079	0.96	1113	1.00	1146	1.05	1180	1.09	1213	1.13

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.90		1.00		1.10		1.20		1.30		1.40		1.50		1.60	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1600	1071	0.58	1109	0.62	1147	0.66	1186	0.69	1225	0.72	1263	0.76	1299	0.80	1334	0.83
1700	1088	0.64	1126	0.68	1164	0.72	1202	0.75	1240	0.78	1276	0.82	1311	0.86	1345	0.90
1800	1107	0.70	1143	0.74	1181	0.78	1219	0.81	1256	0.85	1291	0.89	1324	0.93	1357	0.97
1900	1126	0.77	1163	0.81	1200	0.85	1237	0.88	1273	0.92	1306	0.96	1339	1.00	1371	1.04
2000	1148	0.84	1183	0.88	1220	0.92	1257	0.96	1291	1.00	1323	1.04	1354	1.08	1385	1.12
2100	1170	0.92	1206	0.96	1242	1.00	1277	1.04	1310	1.08	1340	1.13	1371	1.17	1401	1.21
2200	1195	1.00	1230	1.04	1265	1.08	1299	1.13	1330	1.18	1359	1.23	1388	1.27	1418	1.31
2300	1220	1.08	1254	1.13	1288	1.17	1320	1.23	1350	1.28	1378	1.34	1406	1.38	1435	1.42
2400	1245	1.18	1278	1.22	1311	1.28	1341	1.33	1370	1.40	1397	1.45	1425	1.50	1454	1.54

BLOWER DATA**BELT DRIVE (TWO-SPEED) - 6 TON (DOWNFLOW)**

LCX072S5T

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 16.

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 16.

See page 16 for blower motors and drives.

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.10		0.20		0.30		0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		0.80	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1900	826	0.36	859	0.41	894	0.45	928	0.50	964	0.56	1000	0.61	1036	0.66	1072	0.70
2000	857	0.42	889	0.47	920	0.52	952	0.57	986	0.62	1020	0.68	1055	0.73	1091	0.77
2100	878	0.49	909	0.54	940	0.59	973	0.64	1006	0.70	1041	0.75	1076	0.80	1112	0.85
2200	897	0.55	929	0.61	961	0.66	994	0.72	1028	0.78	1063	0.83	1099	0.89	1134	0.93
2300	918	0.62	950	0.68	983	0.74	1017	0.80	1052	0.86	1087	0.92	1122	0.97	1157	1.02
2400	941	0.70	974	0.77	1008	0.83	1042	0.90	1077	0.96	1111	1.01	1146	1.06	1181	1.11
2500	966	0.79	1000	0.86	1034	0.93	1068	1.00	1103	1.06	1137	1.11	1171	1.16	1205	1.20
2600	994	0.90	1028	0.97	1062	1.04	1096	1.10	1130	1.16	1164	1.21	1197	1.26	1231	1.30
2700	1023	1.01	1057	1.08	1091	1.15	1125	1.22	1159	1.27	1192	1.32	1225	1.37	1258	1.41
2800	1053	1.13	1088	1.21	1122	1.27	1155	1.33	1188	1.39	1221	1.43	1253	1.48	1286	1.53
2900	1085	1.26	1119	1.33	1153	1.40	1186	1.45	1218	1.51	1250	1.55	1281	1.61	1313	1.66

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.90		1.00		1.10		1.20		1.30		1.40		1.50		1.60	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1900	1109	0.75	1146	0.79	1183	0.82	1221	0.86	1260	0.90	1294	0.94	1323	0.98	1349	1.02
2000	1128	0.82	1164	0.86	1201	0.89	1239	0.93	1276	0.97	1310	1.01	1336	1.06	1362	1.10
2100	1148	0.89	1185	0.93	1221	0.97	1258	1.01	1294	1.05	1325	1.09	1351	1.14	1376	1.19
2200	1170	0.97	1206	1.01	1242	1.05	1277	1.09	1311	1.14	1341	1.18	1365	1.23	1390	1.28
2300	1193	1.06	1228	1.09	1262	1.14	1295	1.19	1327	1.24	1355	1.29	1380	1.33	1406	1.37
2400	1216	1.15	1250	1.19	1282	1.24	1313	1.30	1343	1.36	1371	1.40	1396	1.44	1423	1.48
2500	1240	1.24	1273	1.29	1302	1.36	1331	1.42	1360	1.48	1388	1.52	1414	1.55	1441	1.58
2600	1265	1.34	1296	1.40	1324	1.47	1352	1.54	1381	1.60	1408	1.64	1434	1.67	1460	1.70
2700	1291	1.46	1321	1.52	1347	1.60	1374	1.67	1403	1.72	1429	1.76	1455	1.79	1481	1.82
2800	1317	1.58	1346	1.66	1372	1.74	1399	1.80	1426	1.85	1451	1.89	1477	1.92	1503	1.95
2900	1343	1.72	1371	1.80	1397	1.88	1424	1.95	1450	1.99	1475	2.02	1500	2.05	1526	2.08

BLOWER DATA**BELT DRIVE (TWO-SPEED) - 6 TON (HORIZONTAL)**

LCX072S5T

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 16.

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 16.

See page 16 for blower motors and drives.

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.10		0.20		0.30		0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		0.80	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1900	853	0.41	886	0.46	919	0.50	952	0.55	986	0.60	1021	0.64	1056	0.69	1091	0.73
2000	883	0.48	913	0.53	944	0.57	976	0.62	1009	0.67	1043	0.71	1078	0.76	1112	0.80
2100	906	0.56	936	0.60	967	0.65	999	0.70	1033	0.75	1067	0.79	1101	0.84	1135	0.88
2200	930	0.64	960	0.68	991	0.73	1024	0.78	1058	0.83	1092	0.88	1126	0.92	1160	0.96
2300	954	0.72	985	0.77	1017	0.82	1051	0.87	1085	0.92	1119	0.96	1152	1.00	1186	1.04
2400	981	0.81	1013	0.86	1046	0.91	1079	0.96	1113	1.00	1146	1.05	1180	1.09	1213	1.13
2500	1010	0.91	1042	0.96	1075	1.00	1109	1.05	1142	1.09	1175	1.14	1207	1.18	1239	1.23
2600	1040	1.01	1073	1.05	1106	1.10	1139	1.14	1171	1.19	1203	1.23	1235	1.28	1266	1.33
2700	1072	1.10	1104	1.15	1137	1.20	1169	1.24	1201	1.29	1232	1.34	1263	1.40	1293	1.46
2800	1105	1.21	1137	1.25	1168	1.30	1200	1.35	1231	1.40	1261	1.46	1291	1.52	1321	1.59
2900	1138	1.32	1169	1.37	1200	1.42	1231	1.47	1261	1.53	1291	1.60	1321	1.66	1350	1.73

Air Volume cfm	External Static - in. w.g.															
	0.90		1.00		1.10		1.20		1.30		1.40		1.50		1.60	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
1900	1126	0.77	1163	0.81	1200	0.85	1237	0.88	1273	0.92	1306	0.96	1339	1.00	1371	1.04
2000	1148	0.84	1183	0.88	1220	0.92	1257	0.96	1291	1.00	1323	1.04	1354	1.08	1385	1.12
2100	1170	0.92	1206	0.96	1242	1.00	1277	1.04	1310	1.08	1340	1.13	1371	1.17	1401	1.21
2200	1195	1.00	1230	1.04	1265	1.08	1299	1.13	1330	1.18	1359	1.23	1388	1.27	1418	1.31
2300	1220	1.08	1254	1.13	1288	1.17	1320	1.23	1350	1.28	1378	1.34	1406	1.38	1435	1.42
2400	1245	1.18	1278	1.22	1311	1.28	1341	1.33	1370	1.40	1397	1.45	1425	1.50	1454	1.54
2500	1271	1.28	1303	1.33	1334	1.39	1363	1.45	1391	1.52	1418	1.57	1446	1.62	1474	1.66
2600	1297	1.39	1328	1.45	1357	1.52	1385	1.58	1412	1.64	1439	1.70	1467	1.74	1495	1.78
2700	1323	1.52	1353	1.58	1382	1.65	1409	1.72	1435	1.77	1462	1.82	1490	1.86	1517	1.90
2800	1351	1.65	1380	1.72	1407	1.78	1434	1.85	1460	1.90	1486	1.95	1513	1.99	1541	2.02
2900	1379	1.79	1407	1.86	1434	1.92	1460	1.98	1485	2.04	1511	2.08	1538	2.12	1565	2.15

BLOWER DATA

BELT DRIVE KIT SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.	Motor HP		No. of Speeds	Drive Kits and RPM Range		
	Nominal	Maximum		A04	A07	A08
060	2	2.3	1	- - -	1212-1548	- - -
072	2	2.3	2	968-1340	- - -	1193-1591

NOTE - Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor HP required. Maximum usable HP of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor HP is also maximum usable motor HP. If motors of comparable HP are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air Volume cfm	Wet Indoor Coil		Reheat Coil		Economizer	Electric Heat	Filters		
	024, 036, 048, 060	072	024, 036, 048, 060	072			MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.12	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.05	0.15	0.05	0.07	0.09
2000	0.08	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200	0.09	0.07	- - -	0.04	0.05	0.20	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400	0.10	0.08	- - -	0.04	0.05	0.22	0.05	0.08	0.12

MINIMUM AIR VOLUME REQUIRED FOR ELECTRIC HEAT

Size	kW Size	Minimum CFM		
		Direct Drive	Belt Drive Downflow	Belt Drive Horizontal
024-060	5	600	N/A	N/A
	7.5	600	1,050	1,200
	10	600	N/A	N/A
	15	1100	1200	1300
	22.5	1600	1500	1600
072	30	N/A	1900	2000

BLOWER DATA

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

Air Volume cfm	RTD9-65S Step-Down Diffuser			FD9-65S Flush Diffuser	RTD11-95S Step-Down Diffuser			FD11-95S Flush Diffuser
	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open		2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	
800	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.11	---	---	---	---
1000	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.14	---	---	---	---
1200	0.25	0.20	0.17	0.17	---	---	---	---
1400	0.33	0.26	0.20	0.20	---	---	---	---
1600	0.43	0.32	0.20	0.24	---	---	---	---
1800	0.56	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09
2000	0.73	0.50	0.36	0.36	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10
2200	0.95	0.63	0.44	0.44	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12
2400	---	----	---	---	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
2600	---	----	---	---	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
2800	---	----	---	---	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
3000	---	----	---	---	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Volume - cfm	¹ Effective Throw - ft.	
Model	RTD9-65S	FD9-65S
800	10 - 17	14 - 18
1000	10 - 17	15 - 20
1200	11 - 18	16 - 22
1400	12 - 19	17 - 24
1600	12 - 20	18 - 25
1800	13 - 21	20 - 28
2000	14 - 23	21 - 29
2200	16 - 25	22 - 30
Model	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure - in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm
0.00	2000
0.05	1990
0.10	1924
0.15	1810
0.20	1664
0.25	1507
0.30	1350
0.35	1210

OUTDOOR SOUND DATA

Size	Octave Band Sound Power Levels dBA, re 10 ⁻¹² Watts - Center Frequency - Hz							¹ Sound Rating Number (dBA)
	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	
024, 036, 048, 060	62	66	70	69	66	60	50	74
072	66	71	74	73	70	65	57	79

Note - The octave sound power data does not include tonal corrections.

¹ Sound Rating Number according to AHRI Standard 270-95 (includes pure tone penalty). Sound Rating Number is the overall A-Weighted Sound Power Level, (LWA), dBA (100 Hz to 10,000 Hz).

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA				DIRECT DRIVE - 2 TON [PSC]	
Model			LCX024S5D		
¹ Voltage - 60Hz			208/230V - 1 Ph		
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps		10.3		
	Locked Rotor Amps		60.2		
Outdoor Fan Motors (1)	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)		1.7		
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)			15		
Indoor Blower Motor	HP		0.25		
	Type		Direct		
	Full Load Amps		1.7		
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only		25		
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust		25		
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only		17		
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust		19		
ELECTRIC HEAT DATA					
Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	5 kW	25	30	
		7.5 kW	40	45	
		10 kW	50	60	
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	5 kW	25	29	
		7.5 kW	36	42	
		10 kW	48	55	
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	5 kW	30	35	
		7.5 kW	40	45	
		10 kW	60	60	
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	5 kW	28	32	
		7.5 kW	39	45	
		10 kW	51	58	
ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES					
Disconnect		0-10 kW	20W21	20W21	

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA DIRECT DRIVE - 3 TON [PSC]

Model		LCX036S5D			
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	14.4	9	4.1	3.3
	Locked Rotor Amps	86	70	39	29
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	1.7	1.7	1.1	0.7
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	Type	Direct	Direct	Direct	Direct
	Full Load Amps	3.1	3.1	1.5	1.5
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	35	25	15	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	35	25	15	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	23	17	8	7
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	26	19	10	8

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	40	45	25	30	15	15
		15 kW	80	90	45	50	25	20
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	38	43	24	27	14	11
		15 kW	72	82	43	49	25	20
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	45	50	30	30	15	15
		15 kW	80	90	50	60	30	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	41	46	27	30	15	13
		15 kW	75	85	46	52	27	22

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-7.5 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	15 kW	20W21	20W22	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A
20W22 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

³ HACR type breaker or fuse.

⁴ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON [PSC]

Model		LCX048S5D			
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	19.4	12	6.3	4.4
	Locked Rotor Amps	102	123	60	41
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	1.7	1.7	1.1	0.7
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	Type	Direct	Direct	Direct	Direct
	Full Load Amps	3.1	3.1	1.5	1.5
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	45	30	15	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	50	30	15	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	30	20	11	8
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	32	23	12	9

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	45	45	30	30	15	15
		15 kW	80	90	45	50	25	20
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	38	43	24	27	14	11
		15 kW	72	82	43	49	25	20
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	50	50	30	30	15	15
		15 kW	80	90	50	60	30	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	41	46	27	30	15	13
		15 kW	75	85	46	52	27	22

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-7.5 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	15 kW	20W21	20W22	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A
20W22 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

³ HACR type breaker or fuse.

⁴ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA DIRECT DRIVE - 3 TON [ECM]

Model		LCX036S5E			
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	14.4	9	4.1	3.3
	Locked Rotor Amps	86	70	39	29
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	1.7	1.7	1.1	0.7
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	1	1	1	1
	Type	Direct	Direct	Direct	Direct
	Full Load Amps	7.4	7.4	3.7	3
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	40	25	15	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	40	30	15	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	28	21	10	8
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	30	23	12	9

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	45	50	30	35	20	15
		15 kW	80	90	50	60	30	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	44	49	29	32	16	13
		15 kW	77	88	49	55	28	22
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	50	60	35	35	20	15
		15 kW	80	100	60	60	30	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	47	52	32	35	18	15
		15 kW	80	91	52	58	29	24

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-7.5 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	15 kW	20W21	20W22	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A
20W22 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON [ECM]

Model		LCX048S5E			
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	19.4	12	6.3	4.4
	Locked Rotor Amps	102	123	60	41
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	1.7	1.7	1.1	0.7
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	1	1	1	1
	Type	Direct	Direct	Direct	Direct
	Full Load Amps	7.4	7.4	3.7	3
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	50	35	15	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	50	35	20	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	34	25	13	10
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	36	27	14	11

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	50	50	35	35	20	15
		15 kW	80	90	50	60	30	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	44	49	29	32	16	13
		15 kW	77	88	49	55	28	22
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	50	60	35	35	20	15
		15 kW	80	100	60	60	30	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	47	52	32	35	18	15
		15 kW	80	91	52	58	29	24

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-7.5 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	15 kW	20W21	20W22	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A
20W22 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA DIRECT DRIVE - 5 TON [ECM]

Model		LCX060S5E			
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	23.7	16	7.1	6.4
	Locked Rotor Amps	157	156.4	69	47.8
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	1.7	1.7	1.1	0.7
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	1	1	1	1
	Type	Direct	Direct	Direct	Direct
	Full Load Amps	7.4	7.4	3.7	3
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	60	45	20	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	60	45	20	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	39	30	14	12
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	42	32	15	13

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	60	60	45	45	20	15
		15 kW	80	90	50	60	30	25
		22.5 kW	125	150	70	80	40	35
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	44	49	30	32	16	13
		15 kW	77	88	49	55	28	22
		22.5 kW	111	127	68	77	39	31
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	60	60	45	45	20	15
		15 kW	80	100	60	60	30	25
		22.5 kW	125	150	80	80	45	35
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	47	52	32	35	18	15
		15 kW	80	91	52	58	29	24
		22.5 kW	114	130	71	80	41	33

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-7.5 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	15 kW	20W21	20W22	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	22.5 kW	20W22	20W22	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A
20W22 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA BELT DRIVE (SINGLE SPEED) - 5 TON

Model		LCX060S5B		
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	16	7.1	6.4
	Locked Rotor Amps	156.4	69	47.8
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	1.7	1.1	0.7
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	2	2	2
	Type	Belt	Belt	Belt
	Full Load Amps	7.5	3.4	2.7
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	45	20	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	45	20	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	30	14	12
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	32	15	13

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	45	45	20	15
		15 kW	50	60	30	25
		22.5 kW	70	80	40	35
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	30	32	16	13
		15 kW	49	55	27	22
		22.5 kW	69	78	39	31
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	45	45	20	15
		15 kW	60	60	30	25
		22.5 kW	80	90	40	35
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	32	35	18	14
		15 kW	52	58	29	23
		22.5 kW	72	81	40	32

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-7.5 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	15 kW	20W21	20W21	20W21	20W21
	22.5 kW	20W21	⁴ 20W21/ ⁵ 20W22	20W21	20W21

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A
20W22 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Without Power Exhaust.

⁵ With Power Exhaust.

FIELD WIRING NOTES

- For use with copper wiring only
- Field wiring not furnished
- All wiring must conform to NEC or CEC and local electrical codes
- For specific wiring information, please refer to the installation instructions

ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

BELT DRIVE (TWO SPEED) - 6 TON

Model

LCX072S5T

¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575V - 3 Ph
Compressor 1 (Non-Inverter)	Rated Load Amps	19.2	9.1	6.2
	Locked Rotor Amps	162.3	70.8	58.2
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM)	2.4	1.3	1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15	15	20
Indoor Blower Motor	HP	2	2	2
	Type	Belt	Belt	Belt
	Full Load Amps	7.5	3.4	2.7
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	50	25	15
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	50	25	15
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	34	17	12
	with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	37	18	13

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	50	50	25	15
		15 kW	50	60	30	25
		22.5 kW	70	80	40	35
		30 kW	90	100	50	40
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat	7.5 kW	34	34	17	13
		15 kW	49	55	27	22
		22.5 kW	69	78	39	31
		30 kW	88	100	50	40
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	50	50	25	15
		15 kW	60	60	30	25
		22.5 kW	80	90	40	35
		30 kW	100	110	60	45
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit + Electric Heat + Power Exhaust	7.5 kW	37	37	18	14
		15 kW	52	58	29	23
		22.5 kW	72	81	40	32
		30 kW	91	103	51	41

ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES

Disconnect	0-15 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
	22.5 kW	22A23	⁴ 22A23/ ⁵ 22A24	22A23	22A23
	30 kW	22A24	22A24	22A23	22A23

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A
22A24 - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Without Power Exhaust.

⁵ With Power Exhaust.

ELECTRIC HEAT CAPACITIES

Input Voltage	5 kW			7.5 kW			10 kW		
	Stages	kW input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW input	Btuh Output
208	1	3.8	12,800	1	5.6	19,200	1	7.5	25,600
220	1	4.2	14,300	1	6.3	21,500	1	8.4	28,700
230	1	4.6	15,700	1	6.9	23,500	1	9.2	31,400
240	1	5.0	17,100	1	7.5	25,600	1	10.0	34,200
440	---	---	---	1	6.3	21,500	---	---	---
460	---	---	---	1	6.9	23,500	---	---	---
480	---	---	---	1	7.5	25,600	---	---	---
550	---	---	---	1	6.3	21,500	---	---	---
575	---	---	---	1	6.9	23,500	---	---	---
600	---	---	---	1	7.5	25,600	---	---	---
Input Voltage	15 kW			22.5 kW			30 kW		
	Stages	kW input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW input	Btuh Output
208	1	11.2	38,400	1	16.9	57,700	1	22.5	76,800
220	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500	1	25.2	86,000
230	1	13.8	47,000	1	20.7	70,700	1	27.5	93,900
240	1	15.0	51,200	1	22.5	76,800	1	30.0	102,400
440	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500	1	25.2	86,000
460	1	13.8	47,000	1	20.7	70,700	1	27.5	93,900
480	1	15.0	51,200	1	22.5	76,800	1	30.0	102,400
550	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500	1	25.2	86,000
575	1	13.8	47,000	1	20.7	70,700	1	27.5	93,900
600	1	15.0	51,200	1	22.5	76,800	1	30.0	102,400

Minimum R454B Space and CFM Requirements

Minimum Airflow ¹		
Unit	Q _{min} (CFM)	Q _{min} (m ³ /h)
LCX024	103	174
LCX036	98	166
LCX048	93	157
LCX060	99	168
LCX072	137	233
LCX024 W/ Humidrol	113	191
LCX036 W/ Humidrol	123	208
LCX048 W/ Humidrol	112	190
LCX060 W/ Humidrol	126	214
LCX072 W/ Humidrol	119	202

¹ **NOTE** - The minimum airflow is the lowest CFM allowed during venting operation (leak mitigation).

Minimum Room Area of Conditioned Space ²		
Unit	TA _{min} (ft ²)	TA _{min} (m ²)
LCX024	57	5.3
LCX036	55	5.0
LCX048	52	4.8
LCX060	55	5.1
LCX072	77	7.1
LCX024 W/ Humidrol	63	5.8
LCX036 W/ Humidrol	68	6.3
LCX048 W/ Humidrol	63	5.8
LCX060 W/ Humidrol	70	6.5
LCX072 W/ Humidrol	66	6.1

² **NOTE** - The minimum room area of conditioned space is the smallest area the unit can service.

Refrigerant Charge R-454B		
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)
LCX024	3.88	1.76
LCX036	3.69	1.67
LCX048	3.50	1.59
LCX060	3.75	1.70
LCX072	5.19	2.35
LCX024 W/ Humidrol	4.26	1.93
LCX036 W/ Humidrol	4.64	2.10
LCX048 W/ Humidrol	4.24	1.92
LCX060 W/ Humidrol	4.76	2.16
LCX072 W/ Humidrol	4.50	2.04

Altitude Adjustment Factor ³									
Halt	0	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600
AF	1	1	1	1	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.1	1.12
Halt	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800	3000	3200
AF	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.40

³ **NOTE** - Use the Altitude Adjustment Factor to adjust the values in the tables above to different altitudes. Find the relevant altitude above sea level in the two "Halt" rows and then multiply the value needed from the tables above by the altitude factor number. Example: For the minimum airflow in CFM for an LCX024 at 1000 ft. above sea level, multiply 103 by 1.05 to get 108.15 CFM as the new Q_{min}.

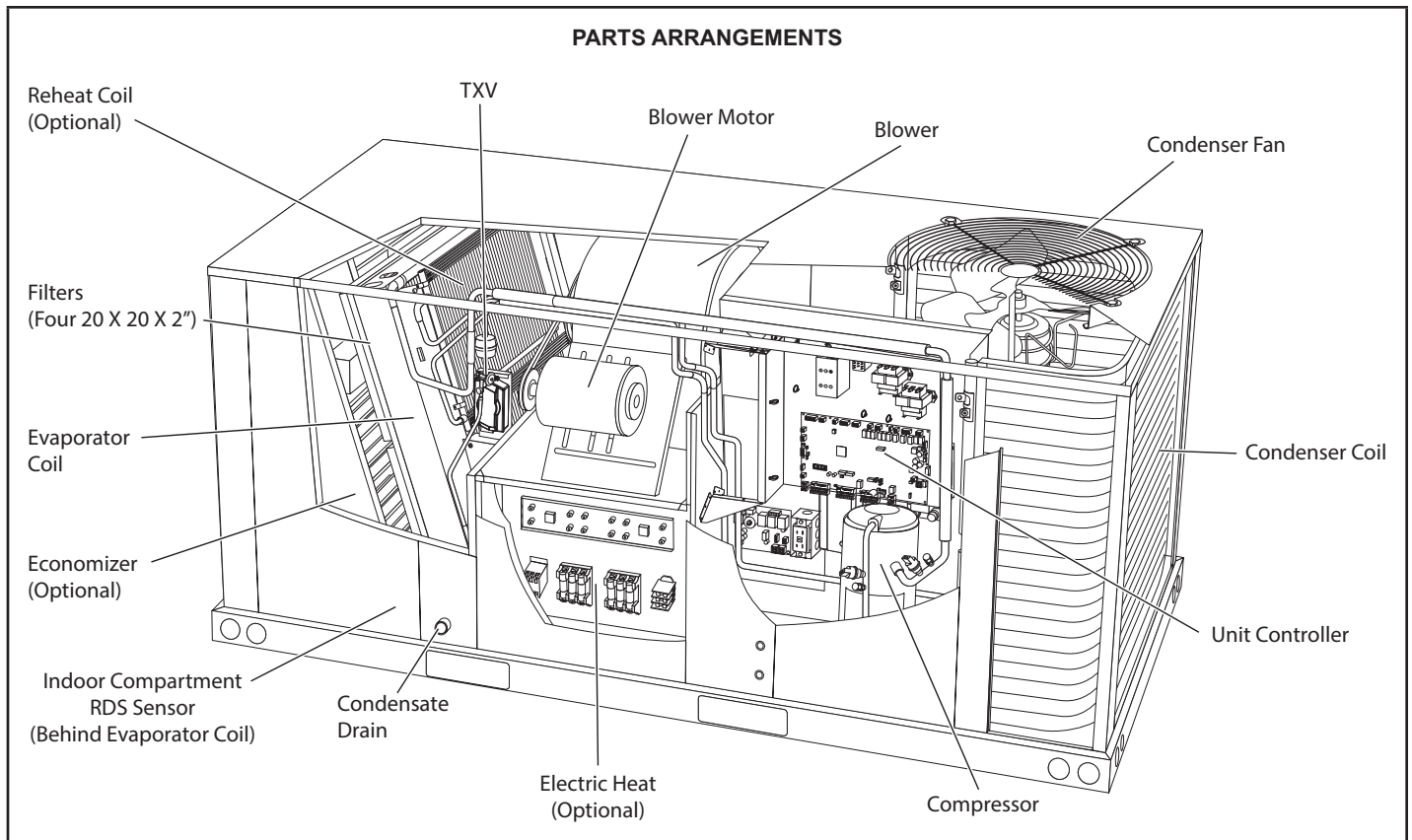


FIGURE 1

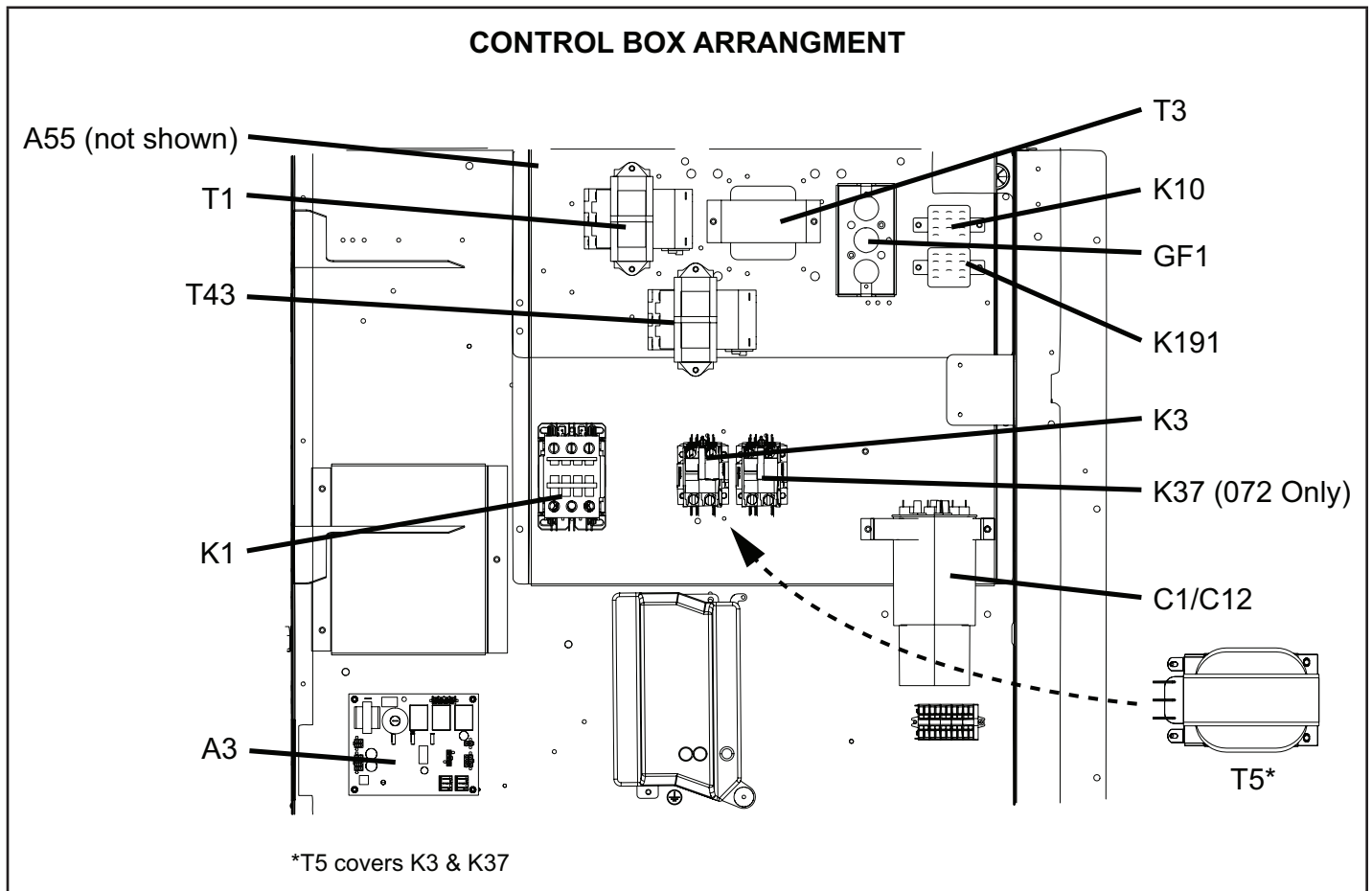
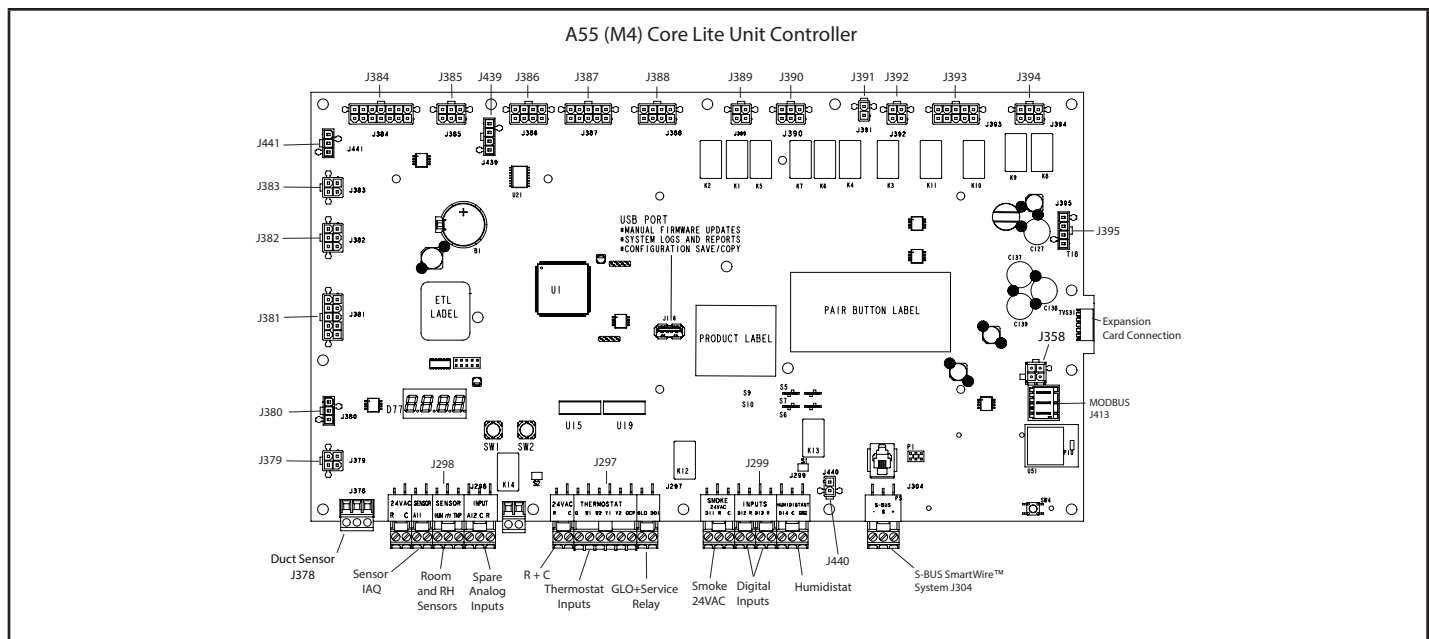


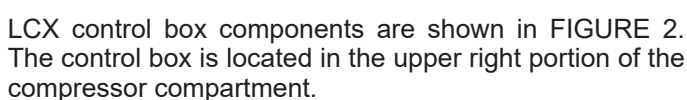
FIGURE 2



I-UNIT COMPONENTS

All 2 through 7-1/2 ton (7.5 through 21 kW) units are build to order units (BTO). The LCX unit components are shown in figure 1. All units come standard with removable unit panels. All L1, L2, and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow, and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components



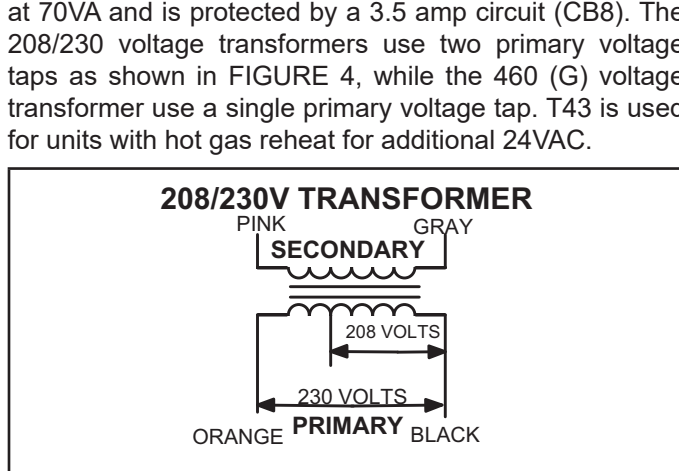
3-Transformer T5 (G and J voltage)

All units use transformer T5 mounted in the back panel in the compressor section. T5 is a line voltage to 230V transformer to power the combustion air inducer, outdoor fan motor, and optional UVC light ballast.. It is connected to line voltage and is powered at all times.

4-Unit Controller A55

The Unit Controller (FIGURE 3) provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters, and USB verification and profile sharing. The unit controller can only be interfaced with via the CORE Service mobile app. Refer to the Unit controller instructions provided for additional details on pairing and app functions

5-Fan Capacitor C1 (three phase)



2-Transformer T4 (J voltage)

All (J) 575 voltage direct drive units use transformer T4 mounted in the control box. T4 is a line voltage to 460V to power the indoor blower. It is connected to line voltage and is powered at all times.

9-Condenser Fan Relay K10

Outdoor fan relay K10 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K10 energizes condenser fan B4.

10-Blower Contactor K37 -072 Units only

On two-speed operation K37 acts as the high speed blower contactor and K3 acts as the low speed contactor in response to blower demand.

Attention!

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the unit control system and configure the unit. Refer to the “Download Mobile App” section in this manual and the Setup Guide provided with this unit. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.



The app can be downloaded from the appropriate iOS or Android store. Look for the following logo.



B-Cooling Components

LCX units use one cooling circuit consisting of a compressor, all-aluminum condenser coil, and evaporator coil. See FIGURE 5. One draw-through type condenser fan is used in all LCX units. Units are equipped with belt-drive or direct drive blowers which draw air across the evaporator during unit operation.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or fieldinstalled economizer. The evaporators are slab type. All LCX use a thermal expansion valve (TXV). Each evaporator is also equipped with Environ™ microchannel aluminum coils. In all units each compressor is protected from freezing by a temperature sensor (RT46) on the evaporator coil and a high pressure switch (S4) on the discharge line. See FIGURE 5. The Low Ambient Switch (S11) and Low Pressure Switch (S87) are for additional compressor protection.

1-Compressor B1

All LCX024-072 units use one scroll compressor. See “SPECIFICATIONS” and “ELECTRICAL DATA” (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications.

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

Each compressor is energized by a corresponding compressor contactor.

NOTE-Refer to the wiring diagram section for specific unit operation.

If Interlink compressor replacement is necessary, call 1-800-453-6669.

⚠ WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

PLUMBING AND COMPRESSOR PROTECTION COMPONENTS

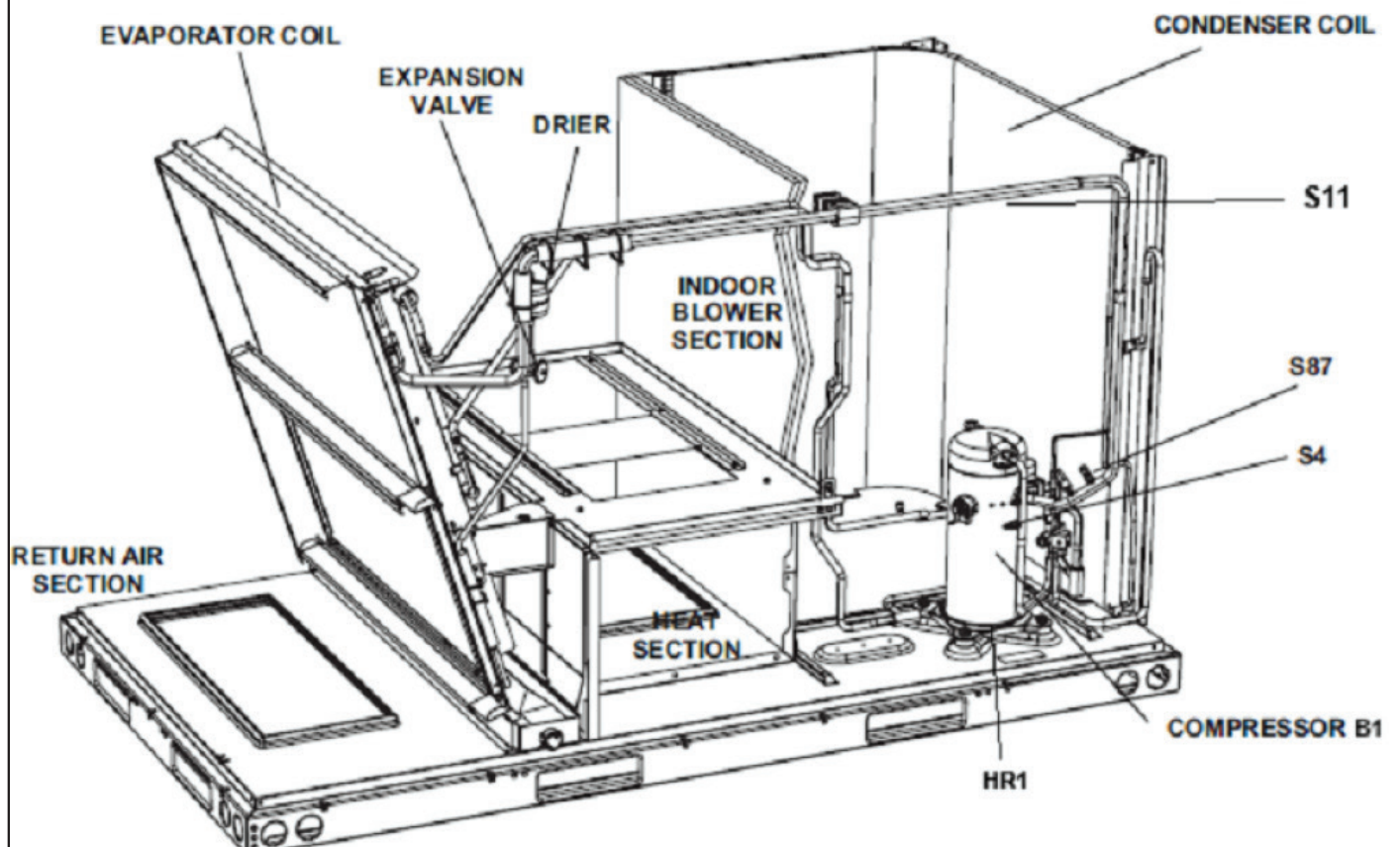


FIGURE 5

2-Low Pressure Switch S87

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch located on the suction line. Switch opens at 40 psig + 5 psig (276 + 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig + 5 psig (621 kPa + kPa).

3-High Pressure Switch S4

In all LCX units the high pressure switch is an auto-rest SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise. In all other units, the switch is manual re-set and operates the same as the auto re-set.

S4 is located in the compressor discharge line and wired in series with the compressor contactor coil.

When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 20 psig (4412 ± 138 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the respective compressor is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate). When discharge pressure drops to 475 ± 30 psig (3275 ± 206 kPa), the switch closes.

4-Low Ambient Switches S11

The low ambient switch is an auto-reset SPST N.O. pressure switch which allows for mechanical cooling operation at low outdoor temperatures. In all models the switch is located in each liquid line prior to the indoor coil section and is wired in series with outdoor fan B4. When S11 opens B4 is de-energized.

When liquid pressure rises to 450 ± 10 psig (3102 ± 69 kPa), the switch closes and the condenser fan is energized. When discharge pressure in drops to 240 ± 10 psig (1655 ± 69 kPa), the switch opens and the condenser fan is de-energized. This intermittent fan operation results in higher evaporating temperature allowing the system to operate without icing the evaporator coil and losing capacity.

5-Compressor Crankcase Heater HR1

Crankcase heater must be energized at all times to prevent compressor damage due to refrigerant migration. Energize crankcase heater 24 hours before unit start-up by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand (to prevent compressor from cycling) and apply power to unit.

6-Diagnostic Sensors

Units are equipped with one factory-installed thermistor (RT46) located below the thermal expansion valve.

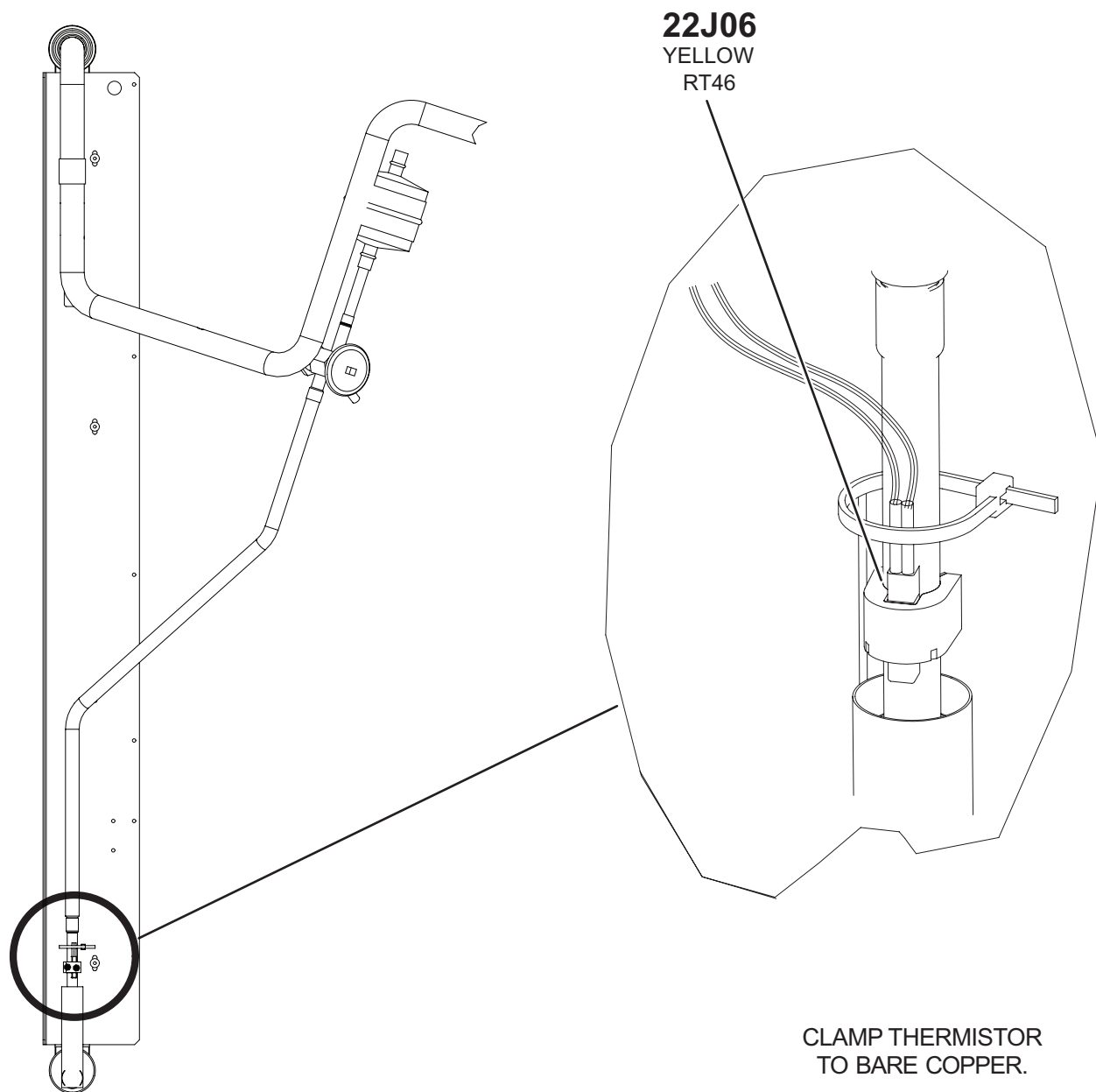
The thermistor provides the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings from a specific location on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See TABLE 1 for proper locations.

TABLE 1
THERMISTOR LOCATION

Unit	Sensor Yellow	Figure
LCX024, 036, 048, 060, 072	RT46	FIGURE 6

LGX/LCX024, 036, 048, 060, 072
EVAPORATOR COIL
RT46



DETAILS NOT TO SCALE

FIGURE 6

7-RDS Sensors

Units are equipped with factory-installed RDS Sensors located on different points on the unit. The RDS sensors provide the Unit Controller with continuous readings for leaked refrigerant concentration levels and sensor health status (Good or Fault). These readings are used to modify unit operation to disperse the leaked refrigerant and to remove possible ignition sources. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these readings to initiate alarms to alert the operator of a refrigerant leak or faulty sensor(s).

Each sensor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. To identify sensor locations see TABLE 2. See TABLE 3 for sensor alarms.

TABLE 2

RDS Sensor Figures

Model	Qty.	Type	Figure
LCX024-072	1 sensor	INDOOR SENSOR	FIGURE 7

TABLE 3 - RDS Alarms

Alarm	Alarm description	RDS Sensor Location
257	Refrigerant leak sensor fault in the Indoor section (sensor #1)	Indoor compartment
258	Refrigerant leak sensor fault in the control panel/compressor section (sensor #2)	"Control/Compressor or Compressor compartment"

LGX/LCX 024-072 INDOOR COMPARTMENT RDS SENSOR

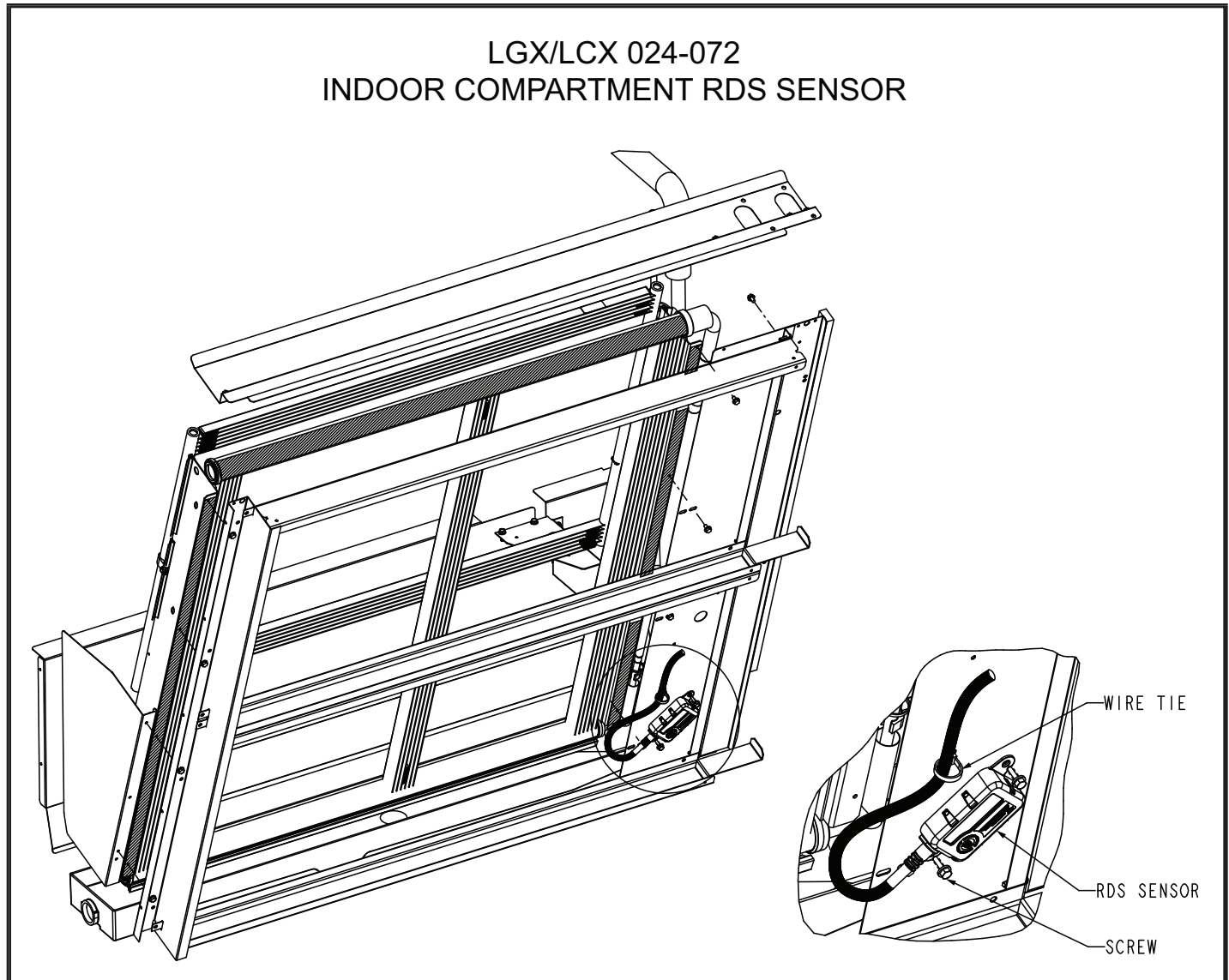


FIGURE 7

C-Blower Compartment

1-Blower Wheels

All belt drive units use 10" x 10" (254 mm x 254 mm) blower wheels. The PSC direct drive units use 10" x 10" (254 mm x 254 mm) blower wheels also. The ECM direct drive units use 11" x 10" (279 mm x 254 mm) blower wheels.

2-Indoor Blower Motor Capacitor C4

All single phase blower motors are PSC and requires a run capacitor. Ratings may vary from each motor. See motor nameplate for capacitor ratings.

3-Indoor Blower Motor B3

All direct drive units use single phase PSC motors. Belt drive units use single or three phase motors (same as supply voltage). CFM adjustments on belt drive units are made by adjusting the motor pulley (sheave). CFM adjustments on direct drive units are made by changing speed taps. Motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings. All motor specifications are listed in the SPECIFICATIONS (table of contents) in the front of this manual. Units may be equipped with motors manufactured by various manufacturers, therefore electrical FLA and LRA specifications will vary. See unit rating plate for information specific to your unit.

⚠ IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

4-Blower Operation

Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

- 1 - Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in ON position, blowers will operate continuously.
- 2 - With fan switch in AUTO position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in OFF position.

5-Determining Unit CFM - Single-Speed, Direct Drive Blowers

- 1 - The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2 - With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Add any additional air resistance for options and accessories shown in accessory air resistance tables. Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in FIGURE 9.

NOTE - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 3 - Use FIGURE 8 to determine the factory set blower speed.
- 4 - Use direct drive blower tables, the measured static pressure and the factory-set blower speed to determine CFM. If CFM is lower or higher than the design specified CFM, move the leads as shown in FIGURE 10 for 208/230 volt units and FIGURE 11 for 460/575 volt units.

BLOWER SPEED FACTORY SETTINGS

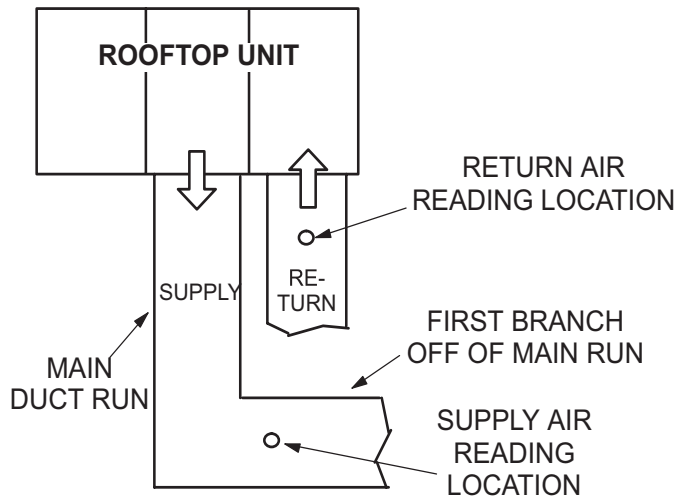
036 Units		024 & 048 Units	
☐	1 Com	☐	1 Com
☐	2 Hi	☐	2 Hi
☐	3 Med	☐	3 Med*
☐	4 Low*	☐	4 Low

*Factory Setting

FIGURE 8

LOCATION OF STATIC PRESSURE READINGS

INSTALLATIONS WITH DUCTWORK



INSTALLATIONS WITH CEILING DIFFUSERS

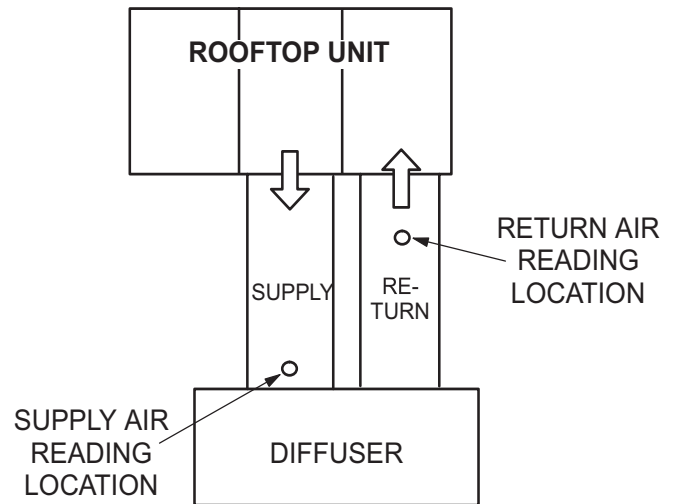


FIGURE 9

FIELD-ADJUSTABLE BLOWER SPEEDS - DIRECT DRIVE 208/230V

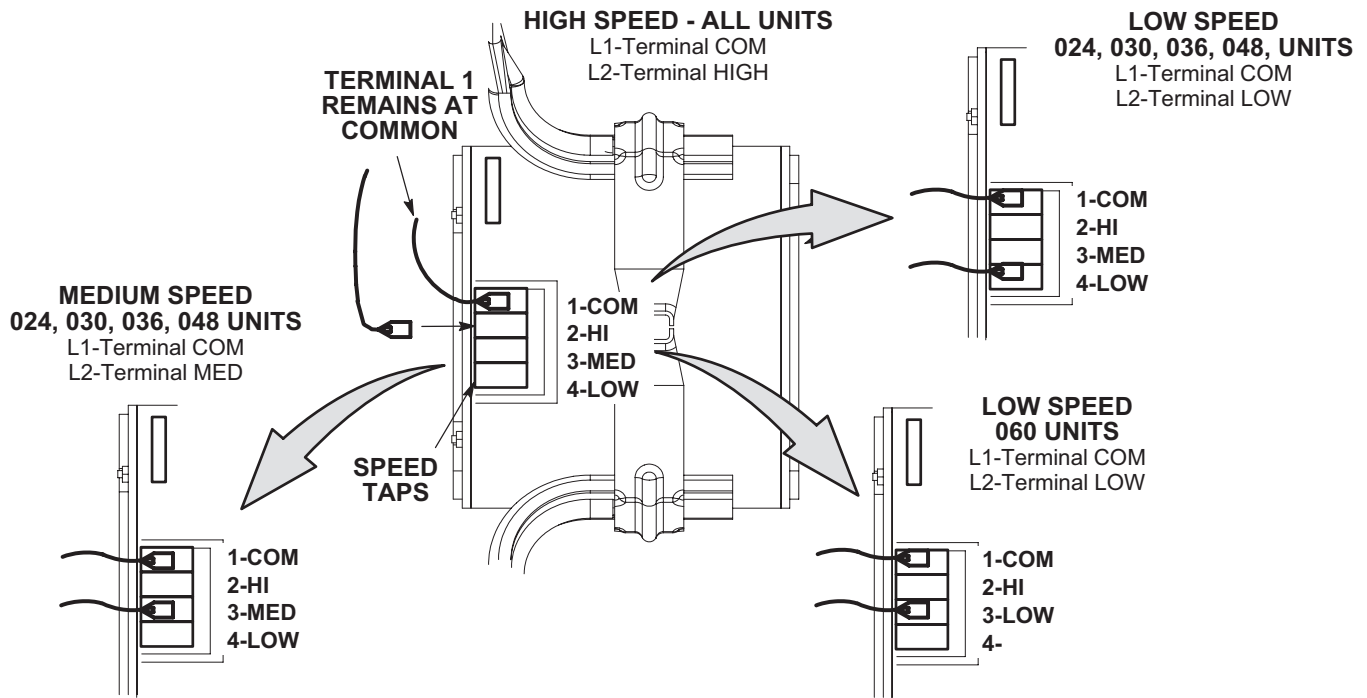


FIGURE 10

FIELD-ADJUSTABLE BLOWER SPEEDS - DIRECT DRIVE - 460/575V

TAPE BACK AND SECURE
UNUSED ISOLATION LEAD
TO CAPACITOR WIRES.

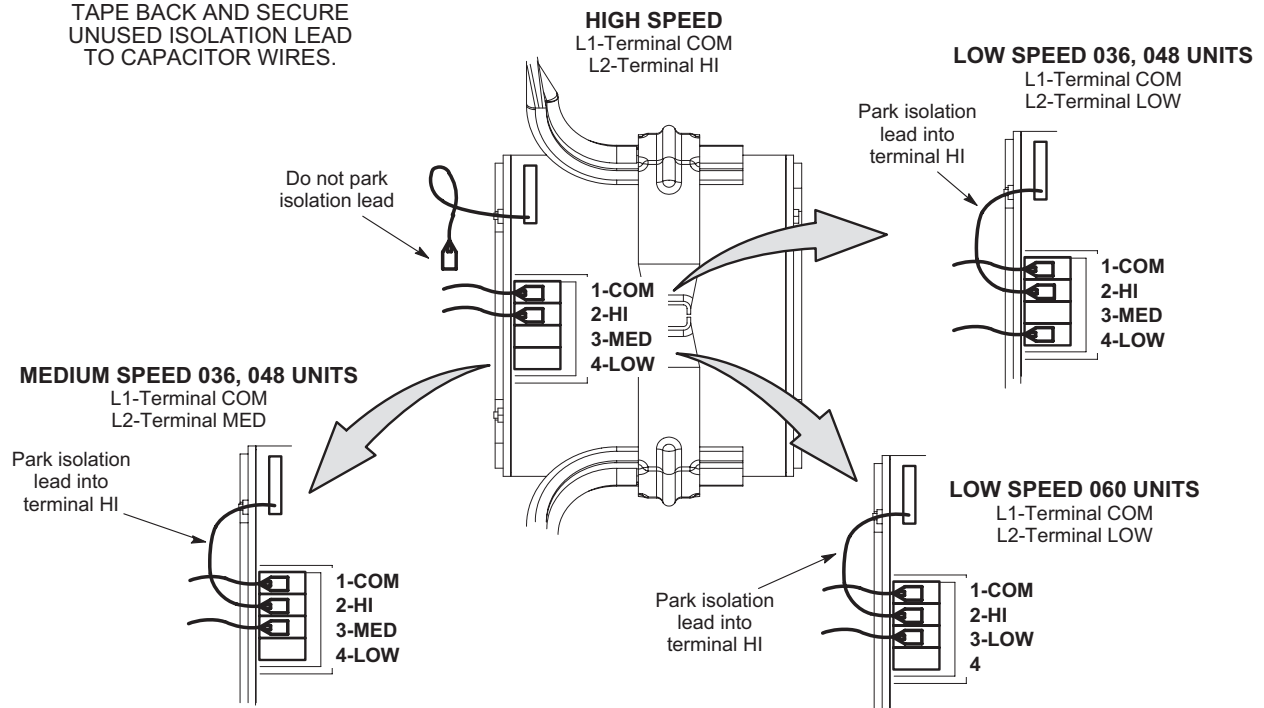
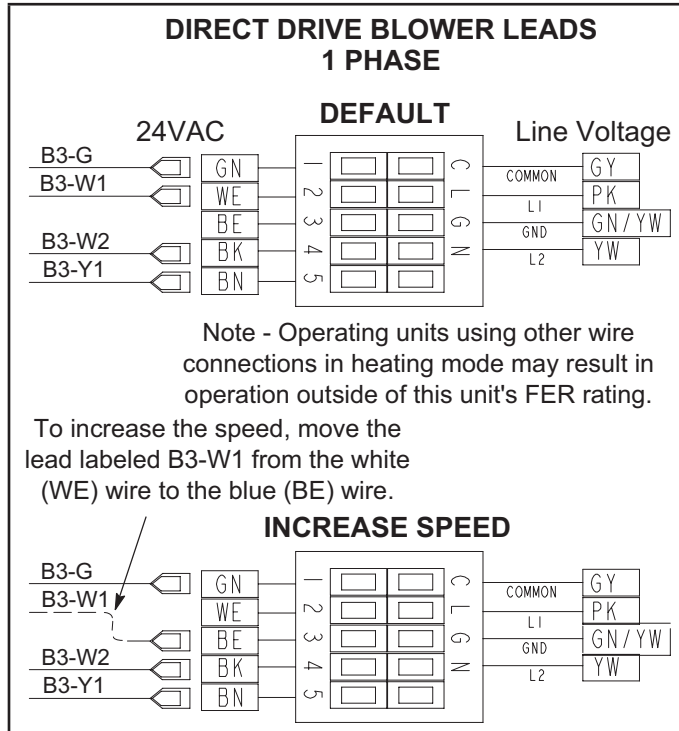


FIGURE 11

6-Determining Unit CFM - Multi-Stage, Direct Drive Blowers

- 1 - Refer to multi-stage direct drive blower tables, the measured static pressure, and the factory-set blower speed to determine CFM.
- 2 - If CFM is lower than the design specified CFM, move the leads as shown in FIGURE 12 for 208/230 volt single phase units.



7-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to TABLE 6 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional single or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2 or 3-stage controller (2 or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

**TABLE 4
TWO-SPEED BLOWER OPERATION
LCX072S5T UNITS**

Thermostat	Blower Speed
G	Low
W1	High
W2	High
Y1	Low
Y2	High
Dehum	High

*Factory-installed jack/plug connection.

- 3 - Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
- 4 - Referring to belt drive blower tables, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use the air resistance tables when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed.
- 5 - The blower RPM can be adjusted at the motor pulley. Loosen Allen screw and turn adjustable pulley clockwise to increase CFM. Turn counterclockwise to decrease CFM. See FIGURE 13 Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in TABLE 5.

**TABLE 5
MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PULLEY ADJUSTMENT**

Belt	Min Turns Open	Max Turns Open
A Section	No Minimum	5

8-Blower Belt Adjustment

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulley are aligned as shown in FIGURE 14.

- 1 - Loosen four bolts securing motor base to mounting frame. See FIGURE 13.
- 2 - To increase belt tension -
Slide blower motor downward to tighten the belt. This increases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.
- 3 - To loosen belt tension -
Slide blower motor upward to loosen the belt. This decreases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.
- 4 - Tighten four bolts securing motor base to the mounting frame.

TABLE 6
BLOWER PERFORMANCE SETTINGS - 581102-01

Parameter	Field Setting	Description
NOTE - Any changes to Smoke CFM setting must be adjusted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS = 12 for EBM, 6 for ECM		
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER		
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.
BLOWR VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPER		
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS = 216		
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND %	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS = 10 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)		
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	sec	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.

Installer - Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

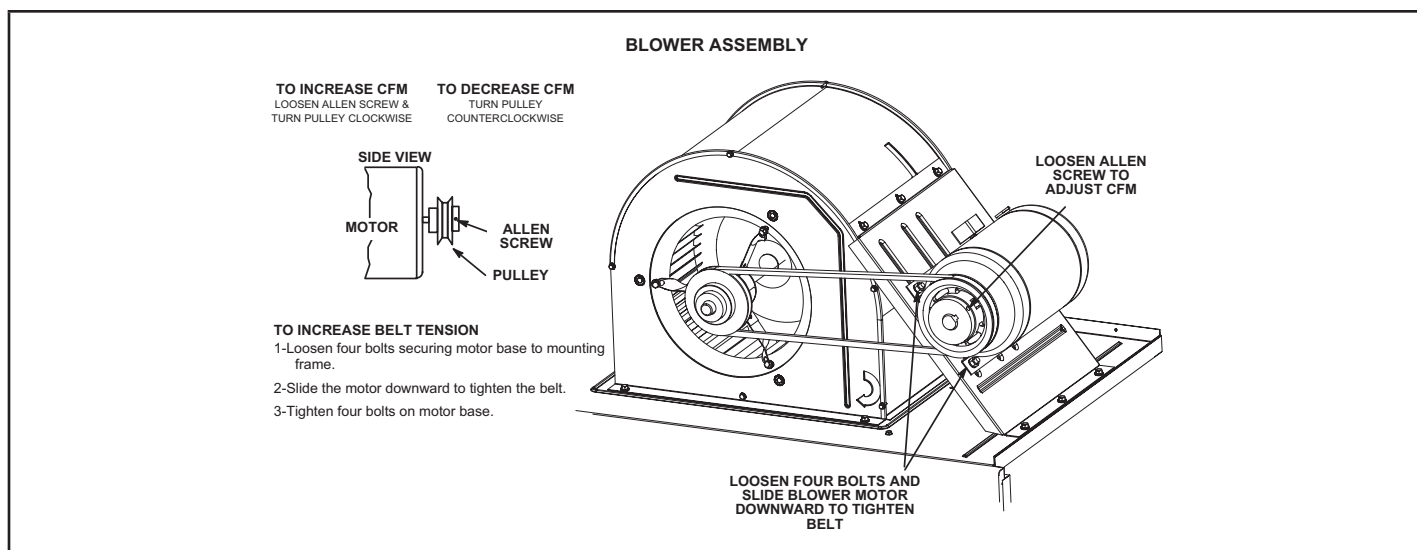


FIGURE 13

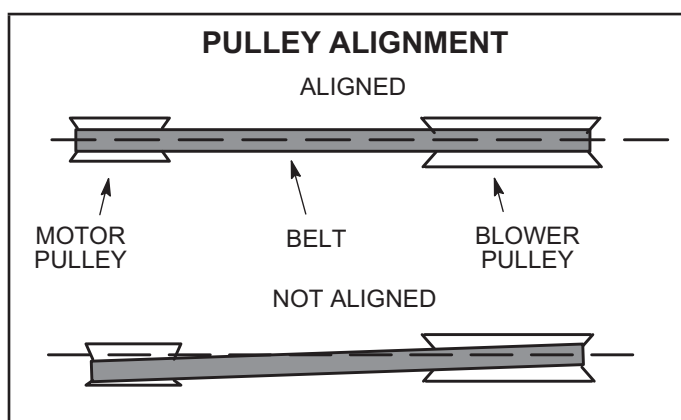


FIGURE 14

9-Check Belt Tension

Overtensioning belts shortens belt and bearing life. Check belt tension as follows:

- 1 - Measure span length X. See FIGURE 15.
- 2 - Apply perpendicular force to center of span (X) with enough pressure to deflect belt 1/64" for every inch of span length or 1.5mm per 100mm of span length.
Example: Deflection distance of a 40" span would be 40/64" or 5/8".
Example: Deflection distance of a 400mm span would be 6mm.

- 3 - Measure belt deflection force. For a used belt, the deflection force should be 5 lbs. (35kPa). A new belt deflection force should be 7 lbs. (48kPa). A force below these values indicates an undertensioned belt. A force above these values indicates an overtensioned belt.

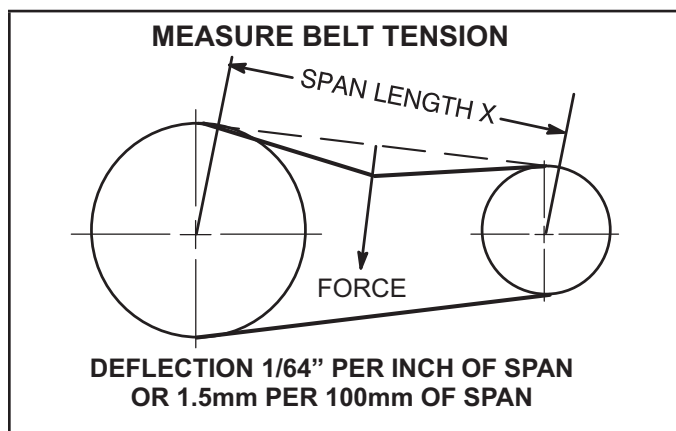


FIGURE 15

Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

TABLE 7
DRIVE COMPONENT MANUFACTURER'S NUMBERS

Drive No.	DRIVE COMPONENTS					
	Motor Pulley		Blower Pulley		Belts	
	Browning No.	OEM Part No.	Browning No.	OEM Part No.	Browning No.	OEM Part No.
A04	1VP40 X 7/8	79J0301	AK49 X 1	100244-18	A41	100245-18
A07	1VP50 X 7/8	53J1501	AK54 X 1	100244-19	AX43	73K8201
A08	1VP44 X 7/8	P-8-1488	AK46 X 1	100244-17	A40	73K8201

D-ELECTRIC HEAT COMPONENTS

Electric heat match-ups are found in the ELECTRICAL DATA tables. See table of contents.

All electric heat sections consist of electric heating elements exposed directly to the air stream. See FIGURE 16. See FIGURE 17 for vestibule parts arrangement.

1-Contactors K15, K16

All contactors are double break and either single, double or three pole (see diagram) and equipped with a 24VAC coil. The coils in the K15 and K16 contactors are energized by the indoor thermostat. In all units K15 energizes the heating elements, while in the 22.5 kW units, K15 and K16 energize the heating elements simultaneously.

2-High Temperature Limits S15 (Primary)

S15 is a SPST N.C. auto-reset thermostat located on the back panel of the electric heat section above the heating elements. S15 is the high temperature limit for the electric heat section. When S15 opens, indicating a problem in the system, contactor K15 is de-energized (including K16 in 22.5 kW units). When K15 is de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. See TABLE 8 for S15 set points. Set points are factory set and not adjustable.

3-High Temperature Limit S20 and S157 (Secondary)

S20 and S157 are SPST N.C. manual-reset thermostats. S20 and S157 are wired in series with the heating elements. See T1EH wiring diagrams. When either limit opens K15 and K16 are de-energized. When the contactors are de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. The thermostat is factory set to open at $220^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 6^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($104^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3.3^{\circ}\text{C}$) on a temperature rise and can be manually reset when temperature falls below 160°F (71°C). See FIGURE 17 for location.

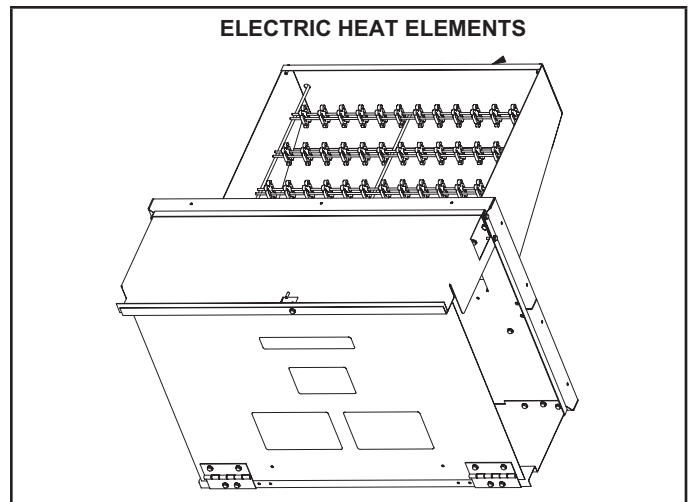


FIGURE 16

TABLE 8

Unit kW (Voltage)	S15 Opens ° F	S15 Closes ° F
7.5 (Y, G, J, P)	160	120
10 (P)	170	130
15 (Y)	170	130
15 (G, J, P)	160	120
22.5 (Y, G, J)	160	120
22.5 (P)	150	110
30 (Y, G, J)	150	110

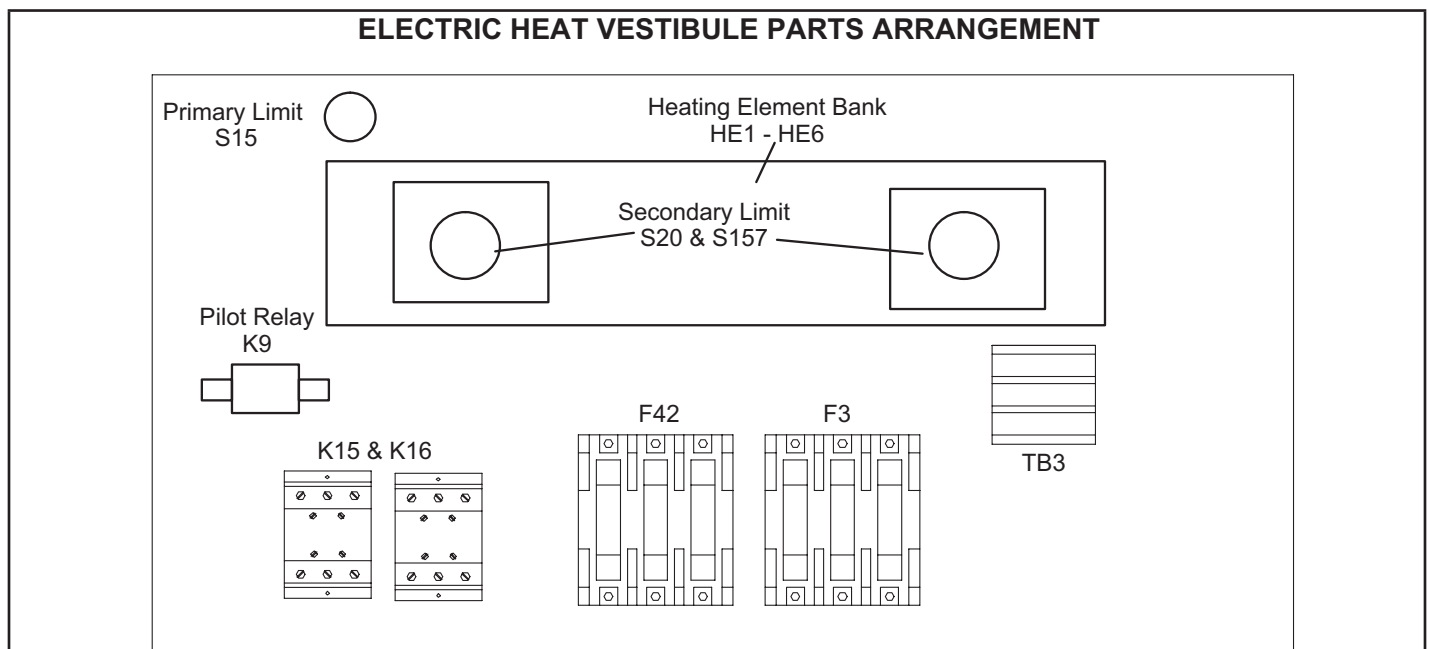


FIGURE 17

4-Terminal Strip TB2

Terminal strip TB2 is used for single point power installations only. TB2 distributes power to TB3. Units with multi-point power connections will not use TB2.

5-Terminal Strip TB3

P and Y voltage units are equipped with terminal strip TB3. Electric heat line voltage connections are made to TB3, which distributes power to the electric heat components and is located on the vestibule. See FIGURE 17.

6-Heating Elements HE1 through HE6

Heating elements are composed of helix wound bare nichrome wire exposed directly to the air stream. Three elements are connected in a three-phase arrangement. The elements in 208/230V units are connected in a "Delta" arrangement. Elements in 460 and 575V units are connected in "Wye" arrangement. Each stage is energized independently by the corresponding contactors located on the electric heat vestibule panel. Once energized, heat transfer is instantaneous. High temperature protection is provided by primary and redundant high temperature limits and overcurrent protection is provided by fuses.

7-Fuse F3 and F42

Fuse F3 and F42 are housed in a fuse block which holds two or three fuses. Each F3 fuse is connected in series with each leg of electric heat. FIGURE 17 and TABLE 9 show the fuses used with each electric heat section.

8-Unit Fuse Block & Fuse F4

Three line voltage fuses F4 provide short circuit and ground fault protection to all cooling components in the LCX units with electric heat. The fuses are rated in accordance with the amperage of the cooling components. The F 4 fuse block is located inside a sheet metal enclosure.

9-Electric Heat Relay K9

K9 is a N.O. SPDT pilot relay intended to electrically isolate the unit's 24V circuit from the electric heat 24V circuit. K9 is energized by the indoor thermostat. K9-1 closes, energizing contactor K15.

TABLE 9

Unit	Voltage-Phase	FUSE		Qty each	Qty total
		F3	F42		
T1EH0075	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V	----	2	2
	208/230V-3P	25 A-250V	----	3	3
	460V-3P	15 A-600V	----	3	3
	575V-3P	15 A-600V	----	3	3
T1EH0010	208/230V-1P	30 A-250V	30A-250V	2	2
T1EH0015	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V	40A-250V	2	4
	208/230V-3P	50 A-250V	----	3	3
	460V	25 A-600V	----	3	3
	575V	20 A-600V	----	3	3
T1EH00225	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V	40A-250V	3	6
	208/230V-3P	45 A-250V	45A-250V	3	6
	460V-3P	35 A-600V	----	3	3
	575V-3P	30 A-600V	----	3	3
T1EH0300	208/230V-3P	60 A-250V	60A-250V	3	6
	460V-3P	50 A-600V	----	3	3
	575V-3P	40 A-600V	----	3	3

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame.

III-START UP - OPERATION

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1 - Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit compressor access panel.
- 2 - Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 3 - Check voltage at the disconnect switch. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 4 - Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.
- 5 - Inspect and adjust blower belt (see section on Blower Compartment - Blower Belt Adjustment).

B-Cooling Start Up

Operation

- 1 - Initiate first and second stage cooling demands according to instructions provided with thermostat.
- 2 - *No Economizer Installed in Unit -*

A first-stage cooling demand (Y1) will energize compressor 1 and the condenser fan. An increased cooling demand (Y2) will not change operation.

Units Equipped With Economizer -

When outdoor air is acceptable, a first-stage cooling demand (Y1) will energize the economizer. An increased cooling demand (Y2) will energize compressor 1 and the condenser fan. When outdoor air is not acceptable unit will operate as though no economizer is installed.

- 3 - Units contain one refrigerant circuit or stage.
- 4 - Unit is charged with R-454B refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 5 - Refer to Cooling Operation and Adjustment section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

- 1 - Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- 2 - Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise, and blower rotation must match rotation marking. If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:
- 3 - Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4 - Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of K1 contactor. Do not reverse wires at blower contactor.
- 5 - Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

C-Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off power to unit.

IV-CHARGING

Refrigerant Charge and Check - All-Aluminum Coil
WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

WARNING - Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

Refrigerant Charge R-454B		
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)
LCX024	3.88	1.76
LCX036	3.69	1.67
LCX048	3.50	1.59
LCX060	3.75	1.70
LCX072	5.19	2.35
LCX024 W/ Humidrol	4.26	1.93
LCX036 W/ Humidrol	4.64	2.10
LCX048 W/ Humidrol	4.24	1.92
LCX060 W/ Humidrol	4.76	2.16
LCX072 W/ Humidrol	4.50	2.04

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the unit is earth grounded prior to charging the system with refrigerant.

- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the unit.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i. e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1 - Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2 - Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3 - Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

NOTE - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4 - Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
 - If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.
 - If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.
- 5 - Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 - Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7 - Example: For the 024 model, at 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 89°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

TABLE 10
024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581228-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
108	210	110	247	112	288	113	334	115	385	117	441
117	211	119	248	121	289	122	336	124	387	126	443
136	216	138	252	140	294	142	340	144	392	146	448
157	223	159	260	162	301	164	348	167	399	169	455

024 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581228-01

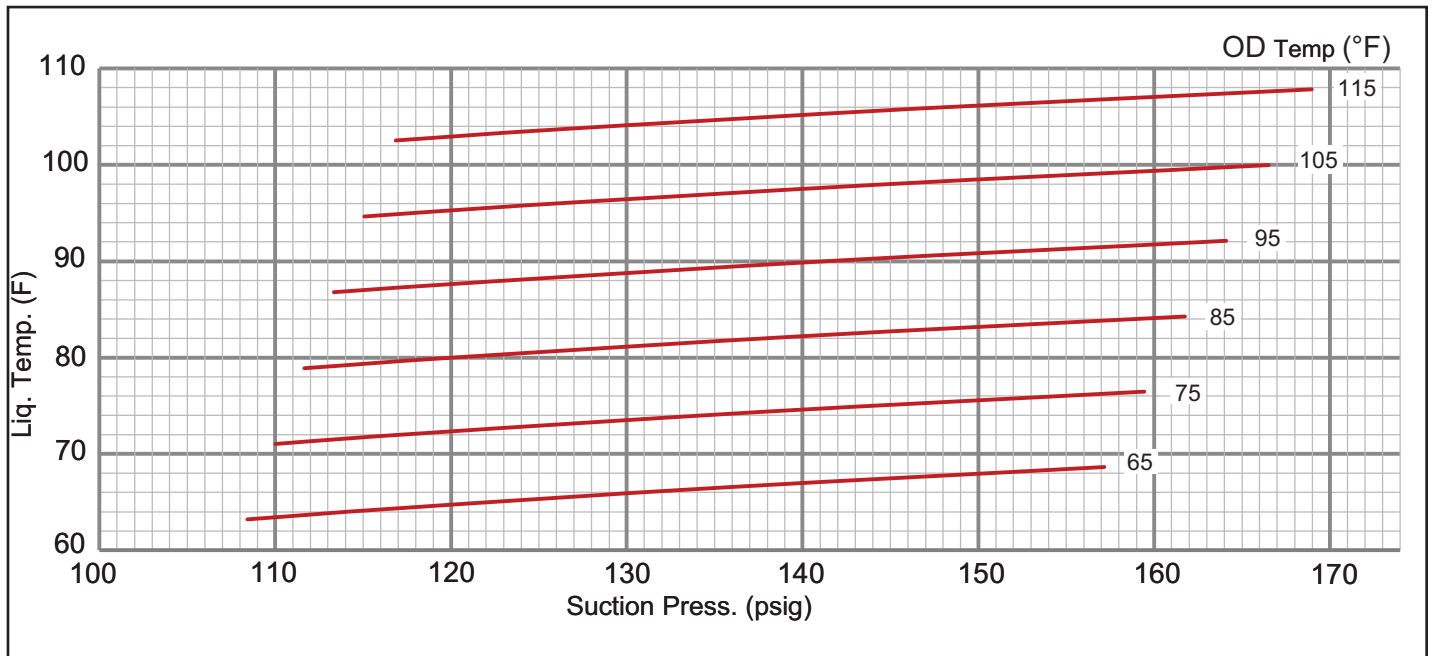


TABLE 11
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581230-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
108	227	110	264	111	306	113	352	114	403	116	457
115	228	117	266	119	308	121	354	122	404	124	459
134	234	136	272	138	314	139	360	141	411	143	466
156	243	158	282	160	324	162	371	164	422	166	478

036 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581230-01

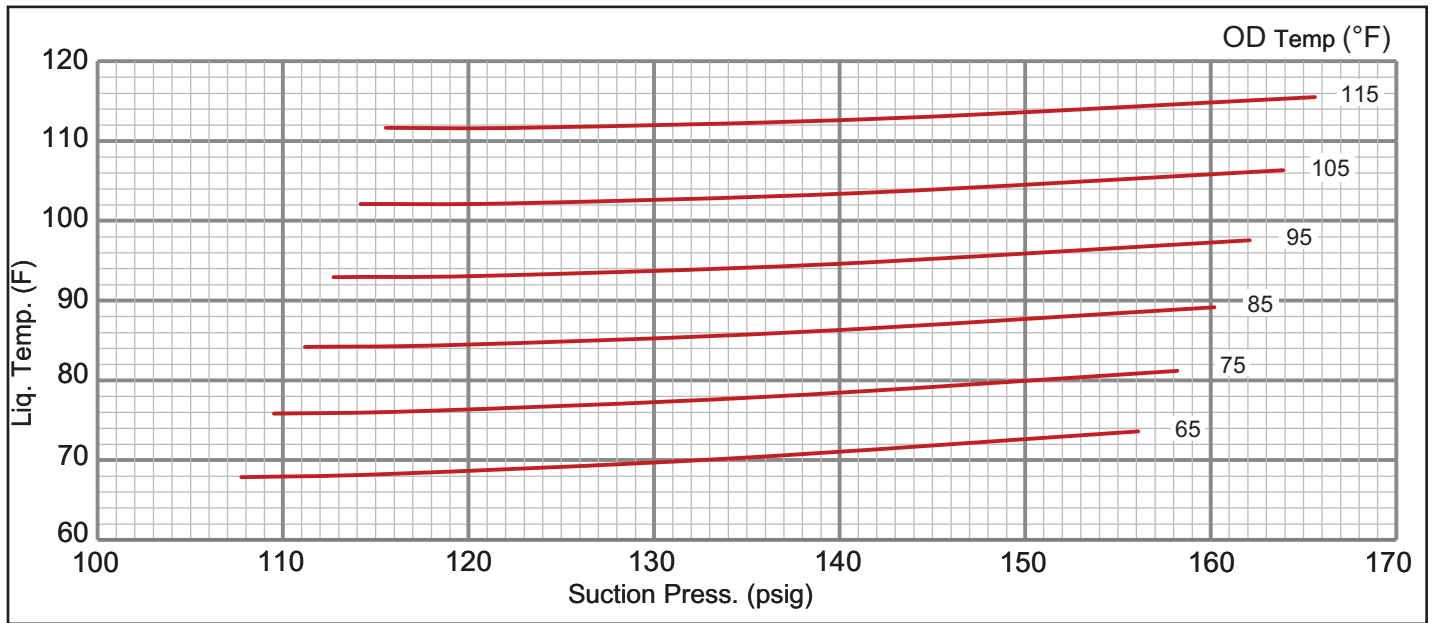


TABLE 12
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581232-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
108	210	110	247	112	288	113	334	115	385	117	441
117	211	119	248	121	289	122	336	124	387	126	443
136	216	138	252	140	294	142	340	144	392	146	448
157	223	159	260	162	301	164	348	167	399	169	455

048 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581232-01

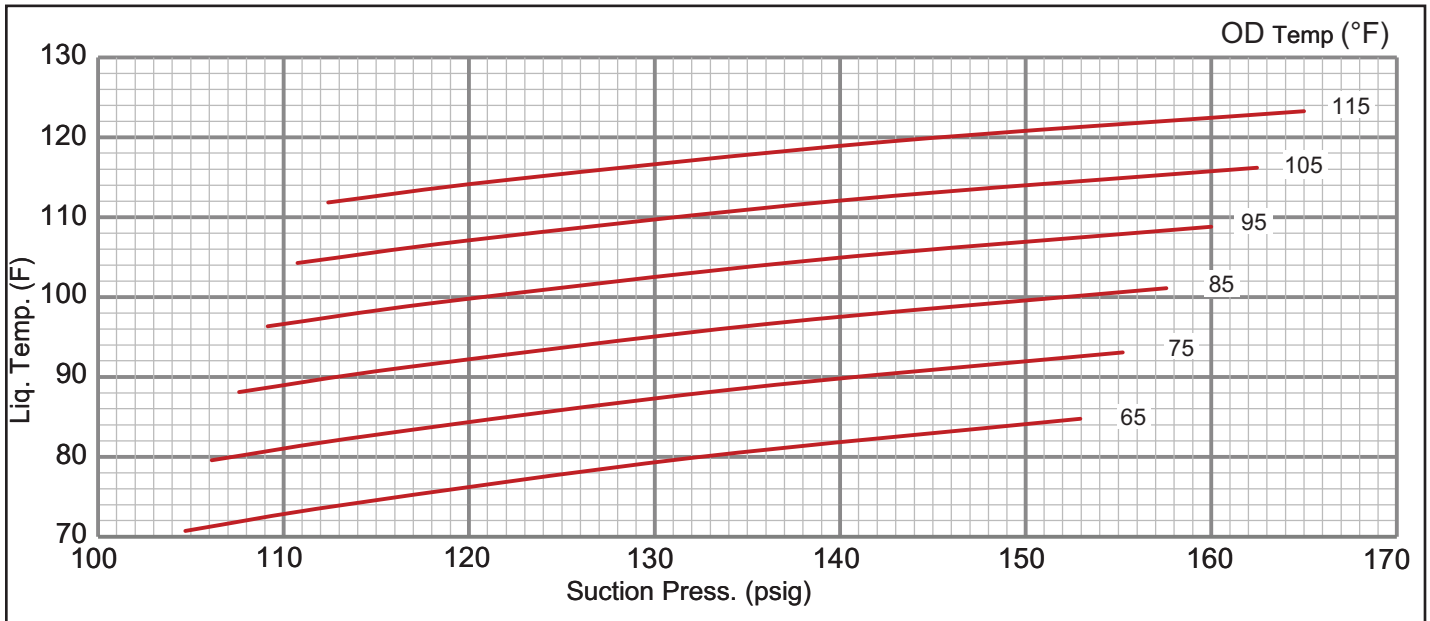


TABLE 13
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581234-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
106	267	108	299	109	338	111	383	112	436	113	495
114	263	116	296	118	336	119	382	121	435	122	496
131	263	134	297	136	339	139	387	141	442	142	504
151	271	154	308	157	351	160	401	162	458	164	522

060 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581234-01

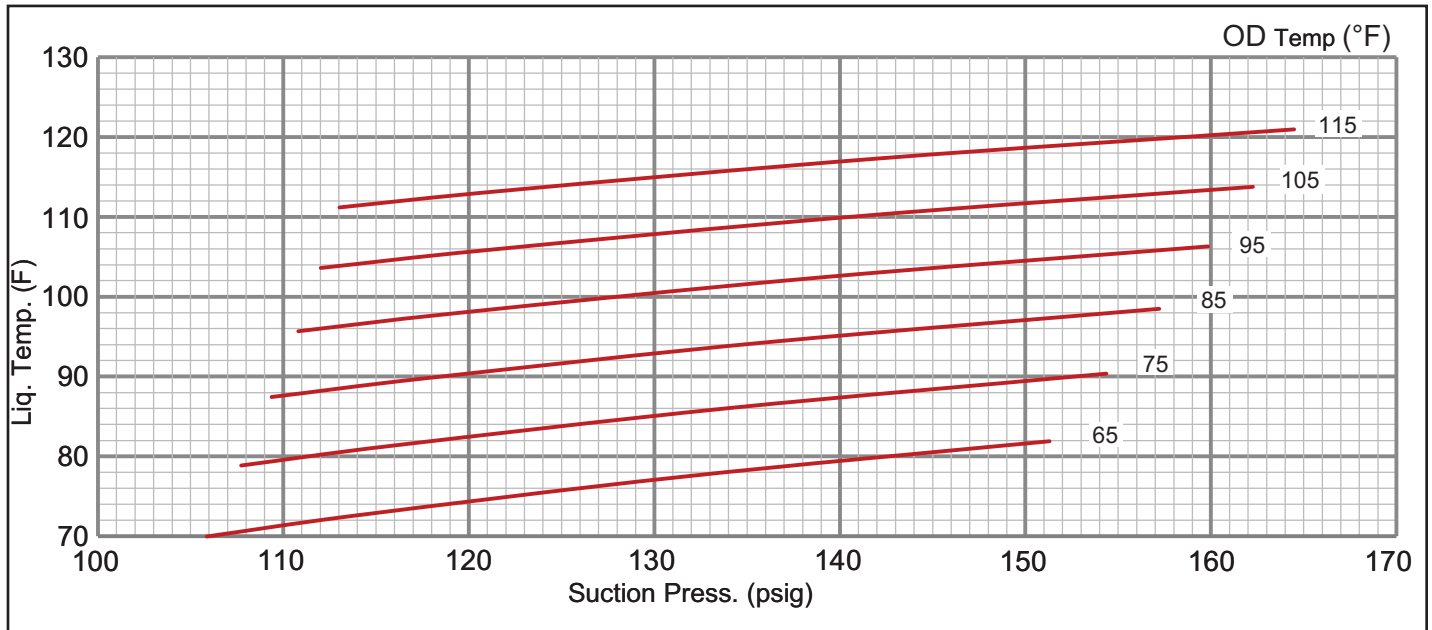


TABLE 14
072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581236-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
105	239	107	276	109	318	110	365	111	417	112	473
112	243	115	280	117	323	119	370	121	422	122	479
128	251	132	289	135	332	138	380	141	433	143	491
145	260	150	299	154	342	157	391	161	445	164	503

072 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581236-01

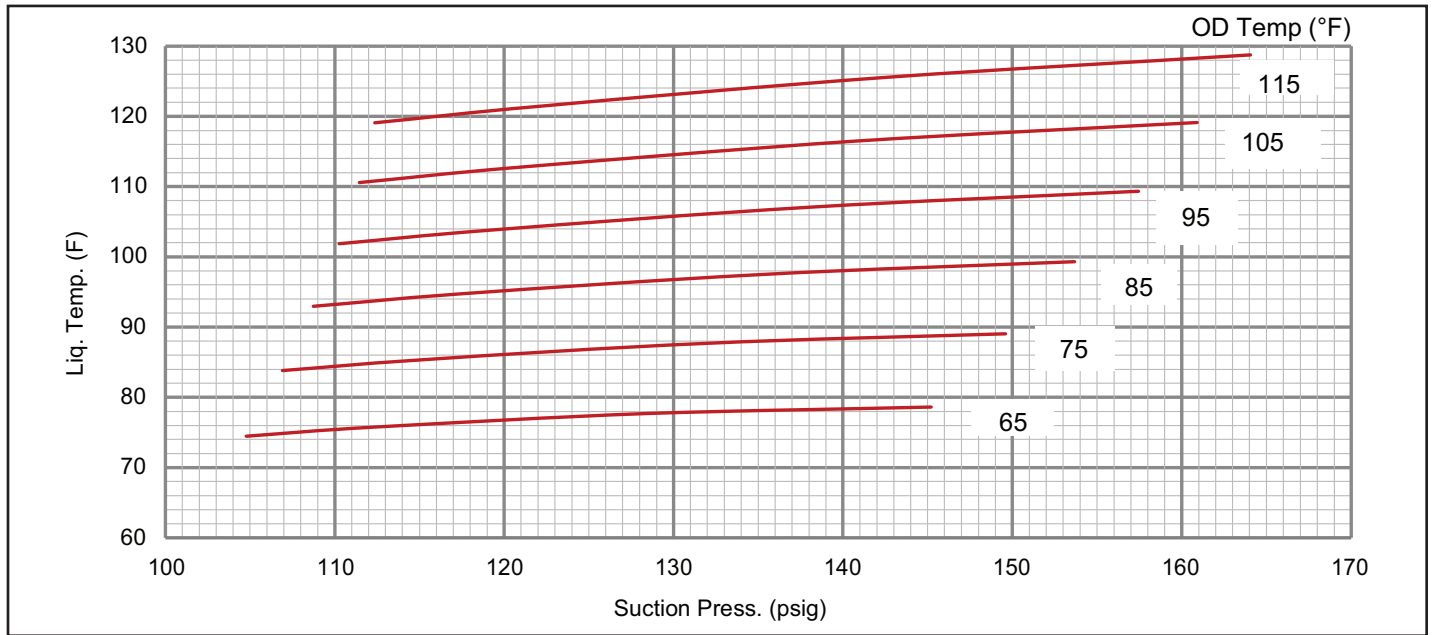


TABLE 15
024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581229-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
112	212	112	245	112	283	114	326	117	375	120	429
121	215	121	247	122	286	125	329	128	378	132	432
139	220	141	253	143	291	147	335	151	384	156	438
159	224	162	257	165	296	170	340	175	389	182	444

024 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581229-01

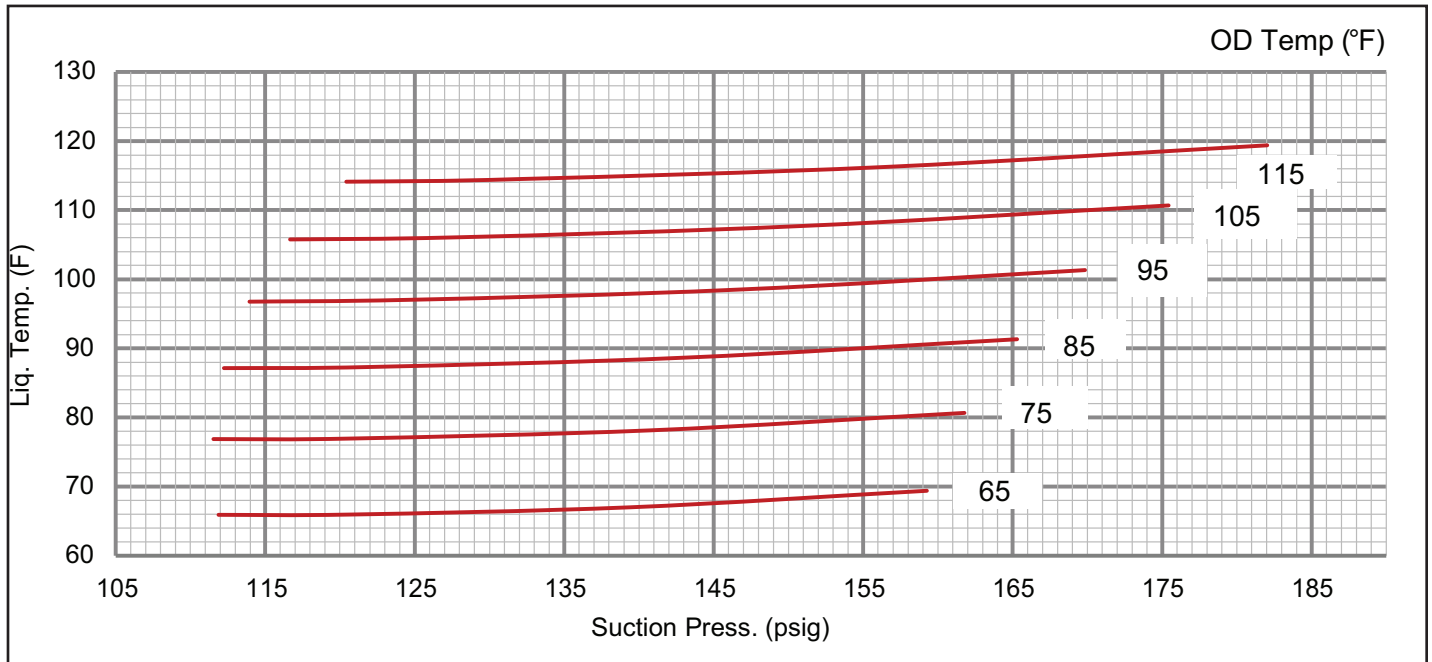


TABLE 16
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581231-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
108	230	110	265	112	305	113	351	115	401	116	456
117	233	119	268	121	308	122	353	124	404	126	459
135	239	138	275	140	315	142	360	144	411	146	466
156	248	158	283	161	324	163	369	166	420	168	475

036 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581231-01

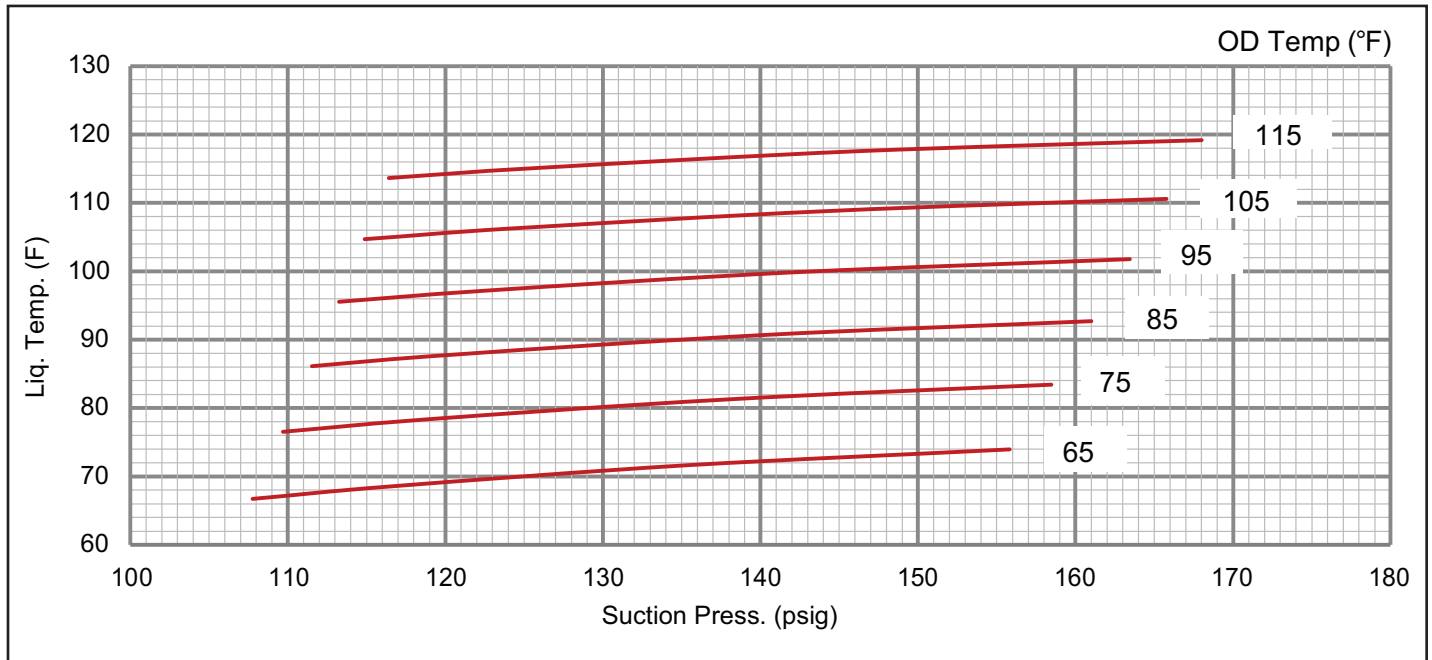


TABLE 17
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581233-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
107	249	109	288	111	331	113	379	115	431	116	487
115	252	117	291	120	334	122	383	125	435	126	492
131	257	135	297	138	341	142	390	145	443	147	501
149	262	153	303	158	348	162	398	166	452	169	510

048 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581233-01

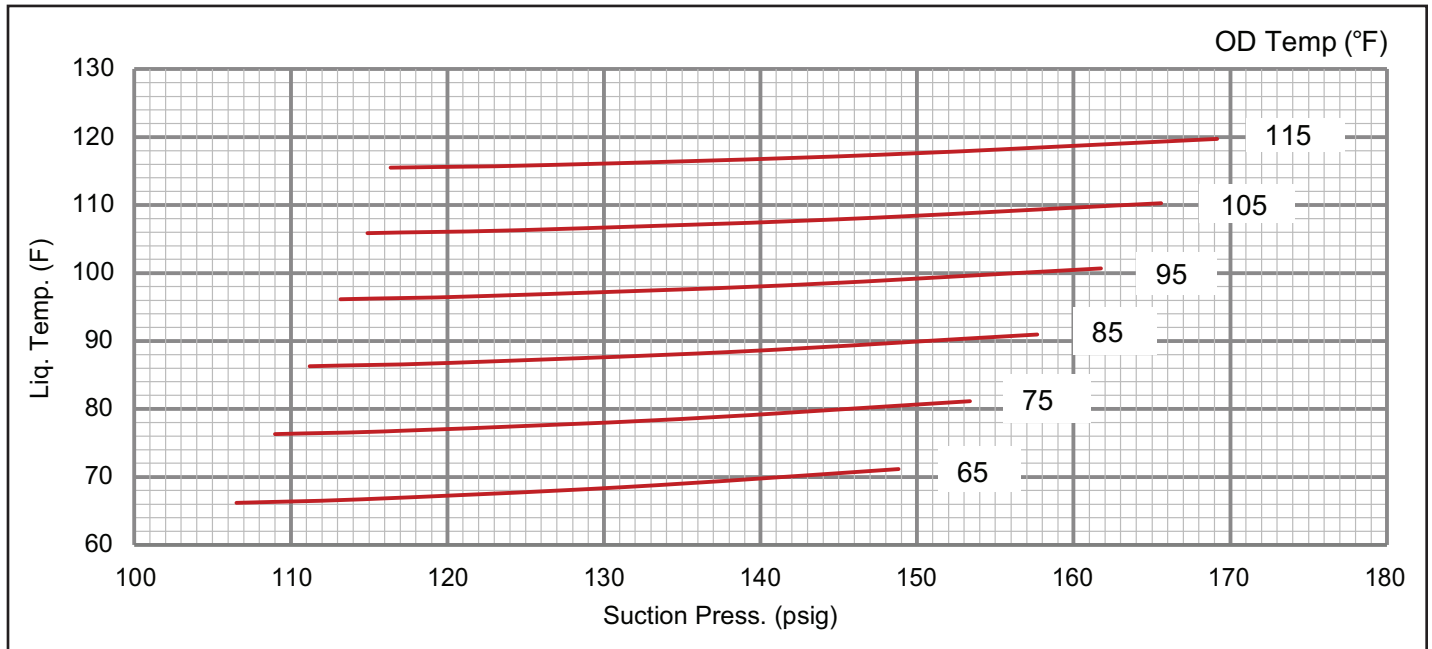


TABLE 18
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581235-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
105	253	108	291	110	335	112	383	113	437	114	496
114	258	117	297	119	340	121	389	123	443	124	502
132	269	135	308	138	351	141	400	143	455	144	514
151	281	155	320	158	364	161	413	164	467	166	527

060 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581235-01

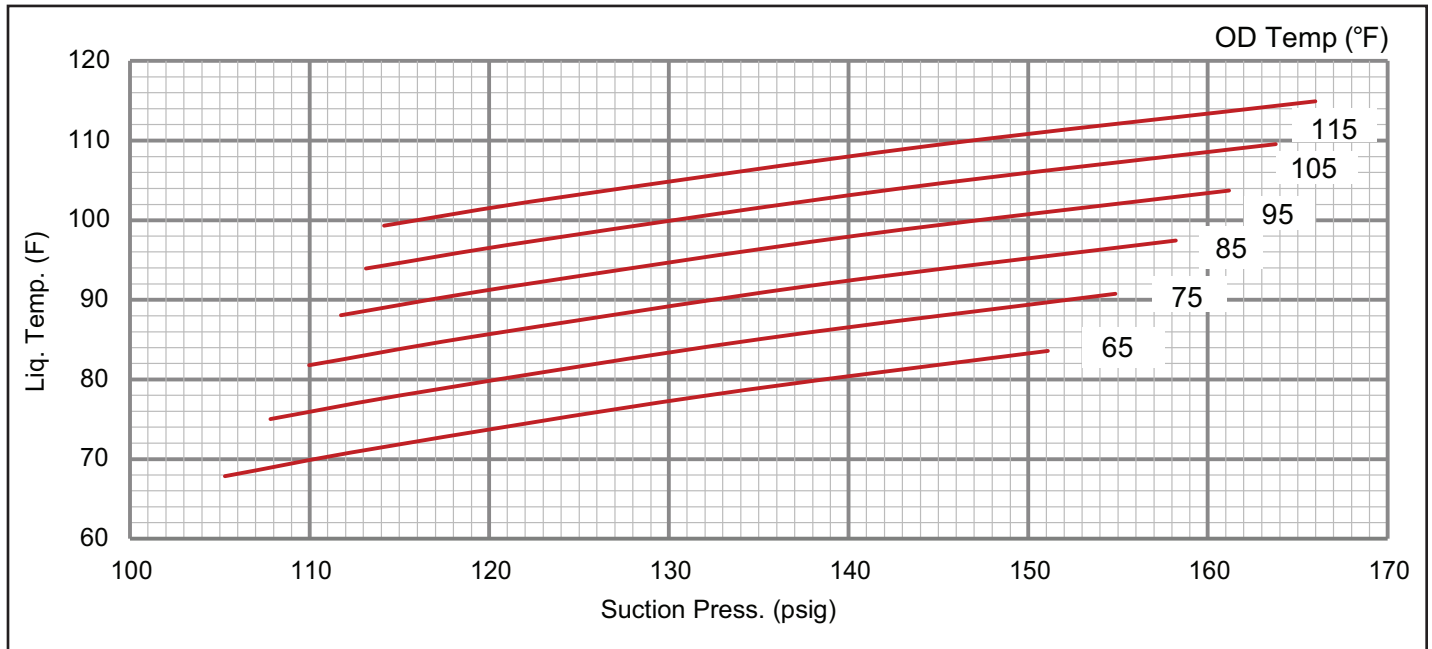
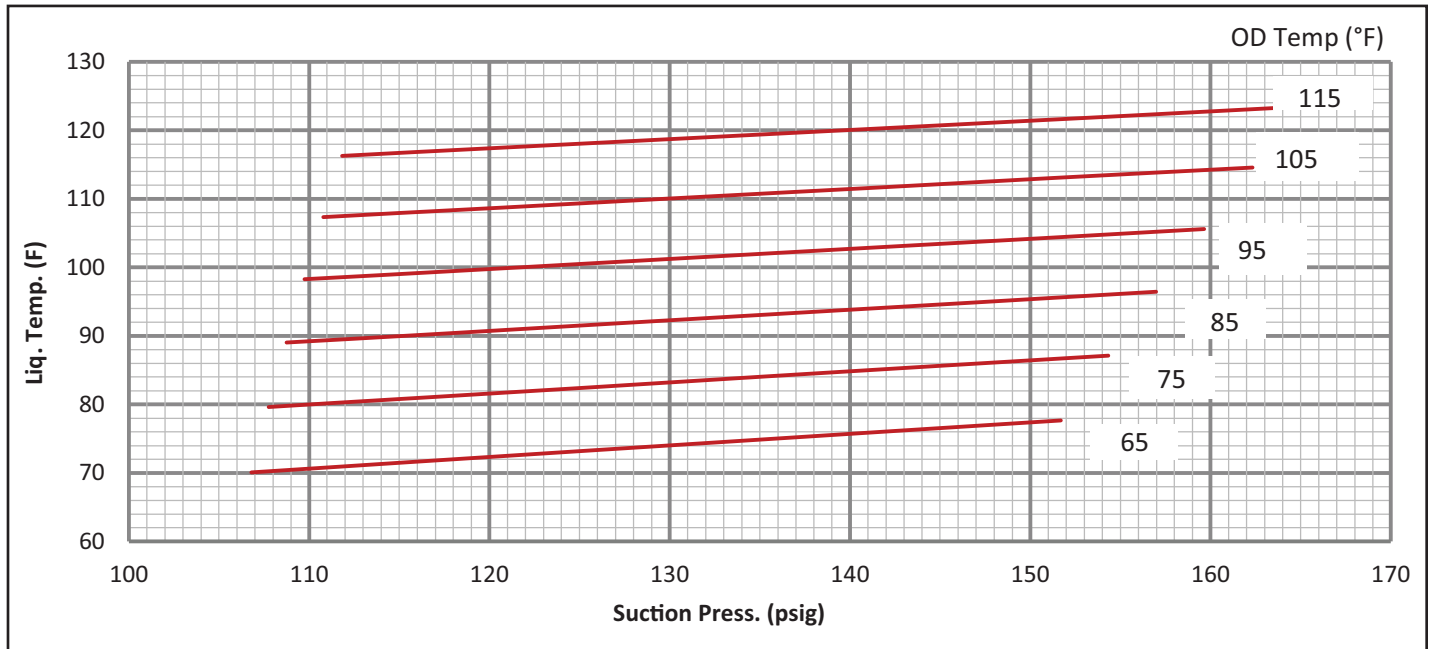


TABLE 19
072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581237-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature											
65°F		75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F	
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
107	257	108	294	109	336	110	384	111	436	112	494
115	263	117	300	118	343	119	390	121	443	122	501
133	274	135	312	137	355	139	403	141	456	143	514
152	284	154	323	157	366	160	415	162	468	165	527

072 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581237-01



V- SYSTEM SERVICE CHECKS

A-Cooling System Service Checks

All units are factory charged and require no further adjustment; however, charge should be checked periodically using the approach method. The approach method compares actual liquid temperature with the outdoor ambient temperature. See section IV- CHARGING.

VI-MAINTENANCE

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

⚠ WARNING	
	Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

⚠ IMPORTANT	
Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.	

⚠ WARNING	
Any service personnel installing, decommissioning, or performing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants	

Prior to beginning work on systems containing refrigerant to ensure the risk of ignition is minimized:

- All work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.
- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i. e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, the appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be

surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.

A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

- Where electrical components are being changed, service technicians shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance. The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants as applicable:

- 1 - The actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- 2 - The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- 3 - If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant.
- 4 - Markings on the equipment should be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- 5 - Refrigerating pipes or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded. For systems containing refrigerant all repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures such as that capacitors are discharged in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking, that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering, or purging the system, and that there is continuity of earth bonding. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used that is reported to the owner of the equipment, so all parties are advised.

NOTE - Sealed electrical components shall be replaced, not repaired.

NOTE - Intrinsically safe components must be replaced, not repaired.

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection

of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:
 - a. Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
 - b. Evacuate the circuit,
 - c. Purge the circuit with inert gas,
 - d. Evacuate,
 - e. Purge with inert gas,
 - f. Open the circuit.
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. See TABLE 20 for correct filter size. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters. Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when re-installing filters.

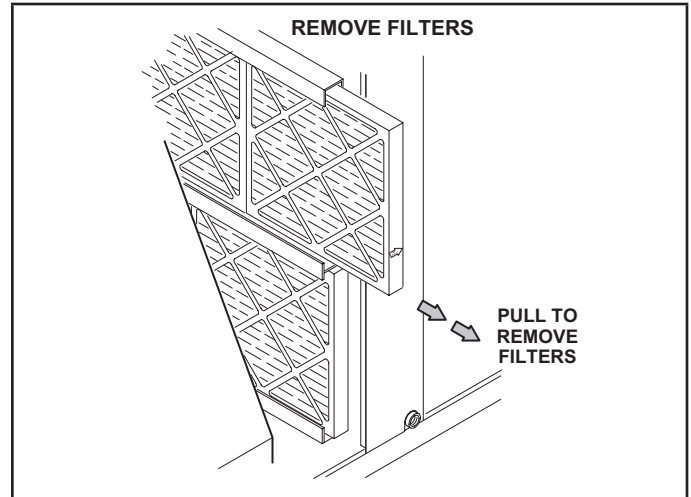


FIGURE 18

TABLE 20

Unit	Qty.	Filter Size - in. (mm)
LCX 024, 036, 048, 060	4	16 x 20 x 2 (406 x 508 x 51)
LCX 072	4	20 x 20 x 2 (508 x 508 x 51)

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

B-Supply Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

C-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

D-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage. Flush condensate drain with water, taking care not to get insulation, filters, and return air ducts wet through entire cleaning process.

E-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from

top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between the fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage. See FIGURE 21

Note - Remove all screws and gaskets prior to cleaning procedure and replace upon completion.

VII-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory or field installed to the LCX units.

A-C1/T1CURB

When installing the LCX units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the C1/T1CURB 8 inch, 14-inch, 18 inch or 24-inch height roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the LCX units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction. The assembled mounting frame is shown in FIGURE 19. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting.

The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in FIGURE 20. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitions are available for use with LCX 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). Transition must be installed in the C1/T1CURB mounting frame before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

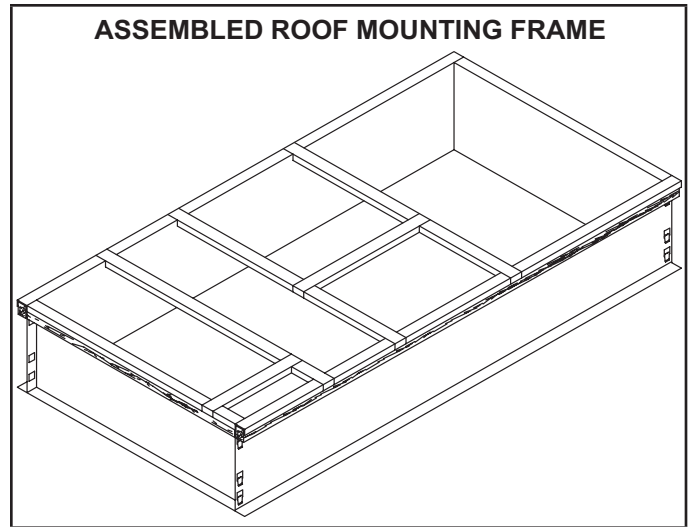


FIGURE 19

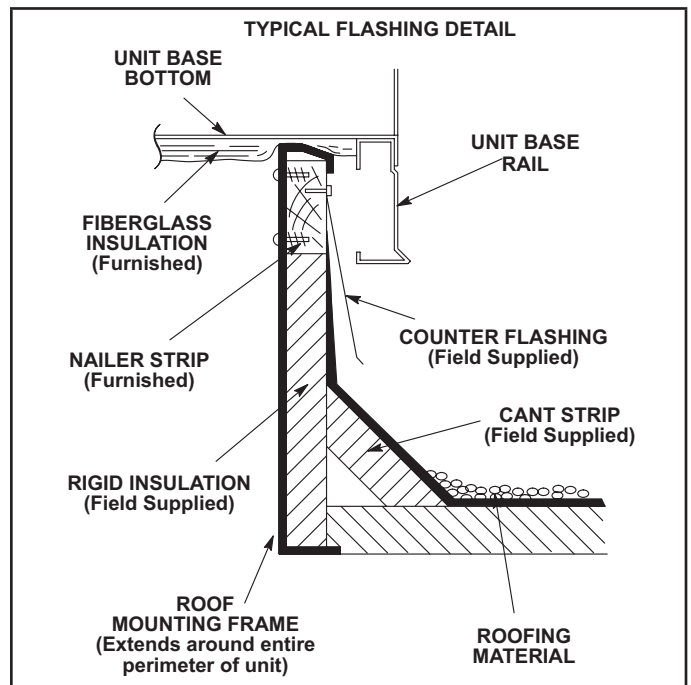


FIGURE 20

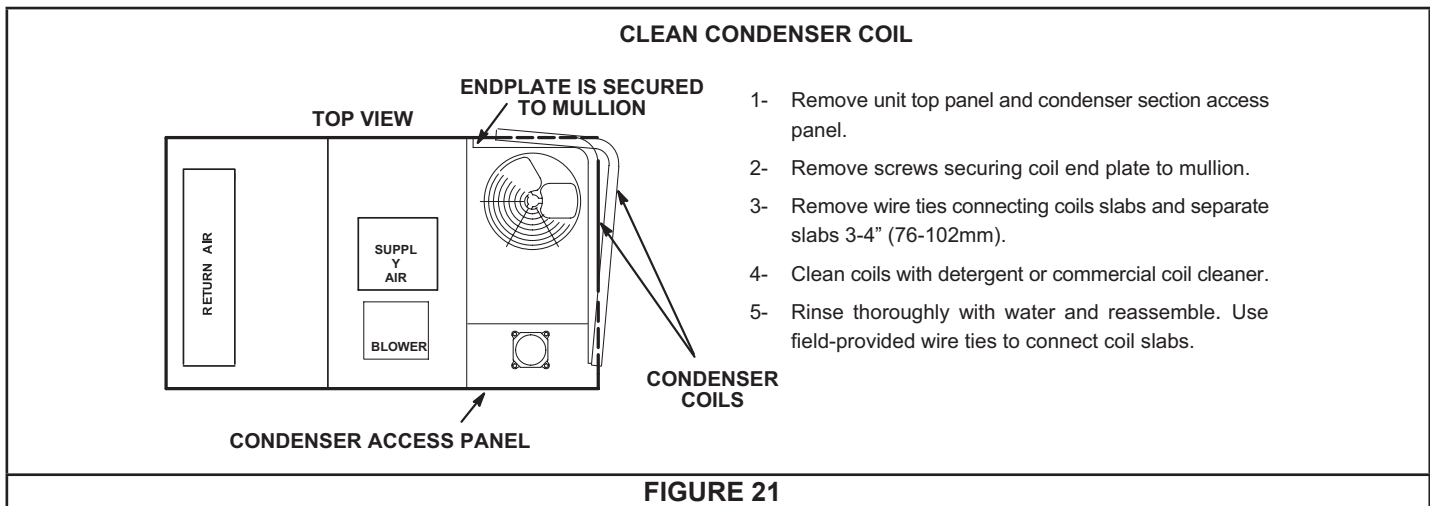


FIGURE 21

C-Outdoor Air Dampers

See Optional Accessories at the front of this manual (Table of Contents) for sizes per LCX units. Outdoor air dampers may be manually or motor (M) operated to allow up to 25 percent outside air into the system at all times. See FIGURE 22. The washable filters supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to reinstallation. Filter Handicoater is R.P. Products coating no. 418 and is available as Part No. P-8-5069.

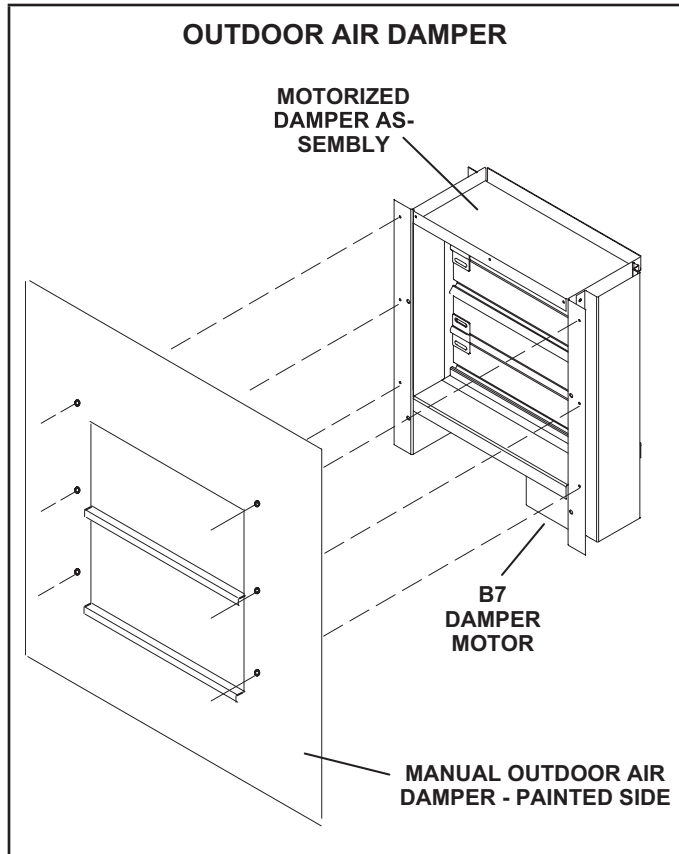


FIGURE 22

D-Supply and Return Diffusers (all units)

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD9-65 and FD11-95 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD9-65 and RTD11-95 are available for use with all LCX units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

E-Economizer (Field- or Factory-Installed Option)

The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when temperature is suitable. See FIGURE 23.

When outdoor air is suitable, the Unit Controller will modulate the economizer dampers to maintain 55°F discharge air (RT6). Refer to unit controller manual for menu paths to adjust economizer setpoints.

Sensors

Units are equipped with the following factory-installed, CEC Title 24 approved sensors:

RT17 - Outside Air Temperature

RT16 - Return Air Temperature

RT6 - Discharge Air Temperature

See FIGURE 24 for sensor location.

Optional field-provided sensors may be used instead of unit sensors to determine whether outdoor air is suitable for free cooling. Refer to TABLE 21. TEMP OFFSET is the default mode.

NOTE - Network OAS signal and California Title 24 Compliance options use either TEMPERATURE OFFSET or TEMPERATURE SETPT mode.

Minimum Position

The Unit Controller will move the dampers to minimum position during the following:

Ventilation mode (G demand only)

Outdoor air is NOT suitable for free cooling

The damper position will vary linearly with blower speed based on the damper position settings for high and low CFM. Damper calibration must be initiated in the mobile service app to set high and low damper positions.

GED (Gravity Exhaust / Barometric Relief Dampers) (Field-Installed Option)

The GED is located in the economizer except in downflow applications or when a PEF (power exhaust fan) is NOT installed. In horizontal airflow applications or when a PEF is installed, the GED is located in the exhaust air hood.

Horizontal Air Discharge Economizers

The economizer is located in the unit in the same position as downflow applications but note the position of the return air duct. The duct attaches to a duct transition and duct inlet on the end of the unit. An optional GED is located in the duct transition. See FIGURE 25.

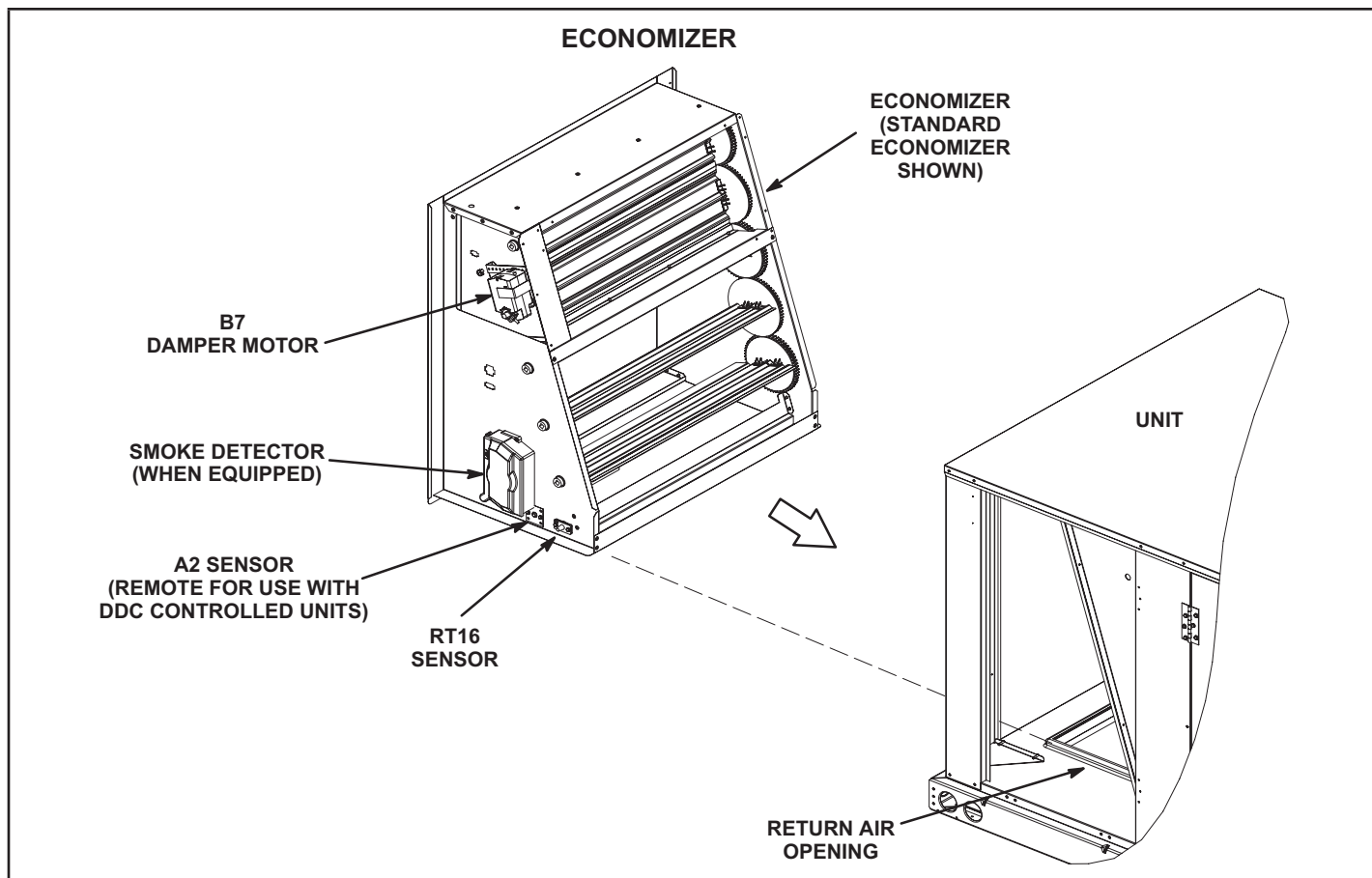


FIGURE 23

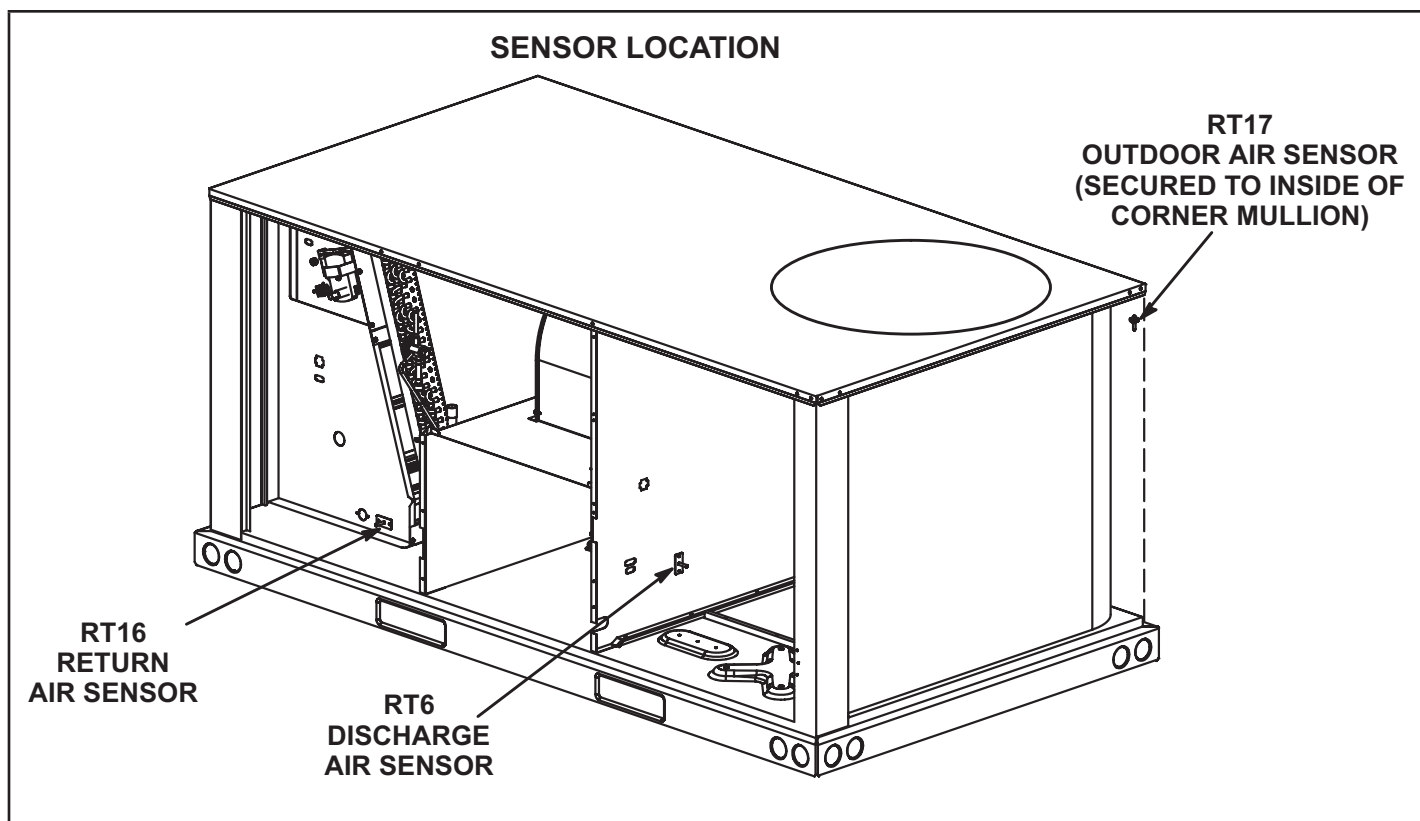


FIGURE 24

TABLE 21
ECONOMIZER MODES AND SETPOINT

Free Cooling Mode	Free Cooling Setpoint	Field- Provide Sensors	Dampers will modulate to 55°F discharge air (RT6) when outdoor air is suitable:	Permitted Inputs
TEMP	OFFSET	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the OFFSET value.	0-40°F
TEMP	OAT STPT	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the OAT STPT value.	41-75°F
Remote	Remote	Energy Management System**	Either of the TEMP modes can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode.	NA
ENTH	DIFF OFFSET	(Two) C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFFSET value.	0mA-4mA
ENTH	ODE STPT	C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than free cooling setpoint.	12-19mA
GLOBAL	GLOBAL	24VAC Input Signal	Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.)	NA

Outdoor Air Damper and Economizer Operation

Modulating Outdoor Air Damper:

Damper minimum positions #1 and 2 are adjusted during unit setup to provide minimum fresh air requirements at the indicated supply fan speeds per ASHRAE 62.1.

- Supply fan is off and the outdoor air damper is closed
- Supply fan is on low speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 1
- Supply fan is on high speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 2

1Outdoor Air is Suitable

Note: When outdoor air is not suitable during the occupied time period, damper modulates to minimum position. When outdoor air is not suitable during the unoccupied time period, damper modulates closed.

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

- Low Cooling Demand -
 - Compressor Off
 - Blower Low
 - Dampers Modulate
- High Cooling Demand -
 - Compressor Low
 - Blower High
 - Dampers Full Open

Note - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Note - Free cooling is locked out when a dehumidification demand is received. The unit operates in dehumidification mode as if the outdoor air is not suitable.

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

- Low Demand -
 - Compressor Low
 - Blower Low
 - Damper Minimum Position
- High Cooling Demand -
 - Compressor High
 - Blower High
 - Damper Minimum Position

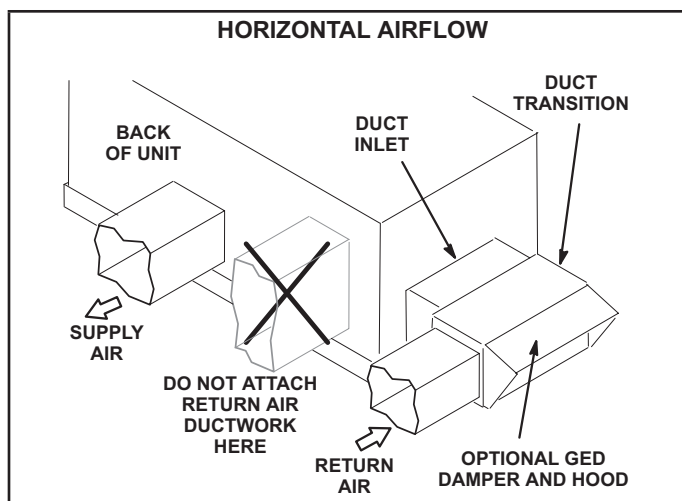


FIGURE 25

Units with Enthalpy Sensor Installed

Unit may contain an optional factory-installed economizer equipped with an A7 outdoor enthalpy sensor. The modulating economizer opens fully to use outdoor air for free cooling when temperature is suitable and opens to minimum position during the occupied time period.

See FIGURE 26. The A7 enthalpy sensor is located on the division panel between horizontal supply and return air sections.

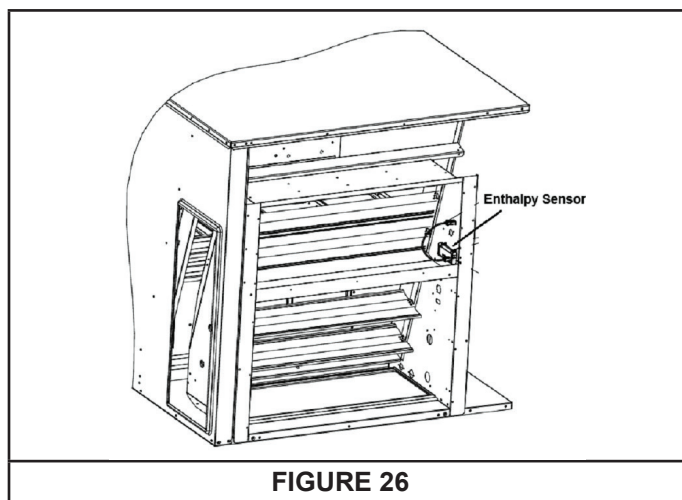


FIGURE 26

**TABLE 22
FREE COOLING SETPOINT**

Climate Zone	Setpoint (Single Sensible)	Setpoint (Differential Sensible)
1, 3, 5, 11-16	75°F	0°F
2, 4, 10	73°F	2°F
6, 8, 9	71°F	4°F
7	69°F	6°F

Setting Free Cooling Setpoint in Enthalpy Mode

Free Cooling Setpoint - ODE STPT

The enthalpy sensor (A7) provides a milliamp signal to the Unit Controller based on outdoor air temperature and humidity. See TABLE 23. To set a free cooling setpoint of 73°F at 50% relative humidity, enter "12" at the ODE STPT menu prompt. The Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 73°F. If the space temperature is too warm, change the ODE STPT to "13.6" and the Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 70°F.

**TABLE 23
FREE COOLING SETPOINT - ODE STPT MODE**

Enthalpy Setpoint °F (°C)*	Menu Entry - mA	Counts
73 (23)	12.0	150
70 (21)	13.6	173
67 (19)	15.5	199
63 (17)	17.6	224

*Approximate temperature at 50% relative humidity.

Free Cooling Differential Enthalpy - DIFF OFFSET

The Unit Controller allows damper modulation when outdoor air is lower than return air by a differential or offset temperature and humidity range. To set an offset range of 7°F at a constant relative humidity, enter "4" at the DIFF OFFSET menu prompt. If return air is 76°F, the Unit Controller will allow damper to modulate open at approximately 69°F outdoor air. See TABLE 24. If the space temperature is too cool or dry, change the DIFF OFFSET to "3" and the Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 71°F outdoor air.

**TABLE 24
FREE COOLING SETPOINT - DIFF OFFSET MODE**

*Temperature Offset °F	**Relative Humidity Offset %	Menu Entry mA	Counts
2	6	1	13
3.5	12	2	26
5.3	18	3	39
7	24	4	53

*At a constant relative humidity.

**At a constant temperature.

TABLE 25
FREE COOLING OPTIONS

Config. ID1 (POS 2)	Unit Controller Input (Mode)	M4 Display (Free Cooling Options)	Default Setting	Range Setting	Outdoor air is suitable for free cooling when:
T	Differential Sensible Sensor (default mode)	ECONOMIZER TEMP ECON TYPE = TEMPERATURE OFFSET	10°F	0-40°F	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the offset value.
T	Single Sensible Sensor	ECONOMIZER TEMP ECON TYPE = TEMPERATURE SETPOINT	75°F	40-75°F	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the Outdoor Air Temperature set point value.
T	Network OAS	ECONOMIZER TEMP ECON TYPE = TEMPERATURE OFFSET or SETPOINT	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Either of the TEMP modes (set point or offset) can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet, LonTalk, or L Connection. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode.
S	Single Enthalpy* Sensor	ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY SETPOINT = 12.0 MA	12.0 mA	10 mA - 19 mA	Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than enthalpy set point parameter.
D	Differential Enthalpy* Sensor	ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY OFFSET = 1.0 MA	1.0 mA	1 mA - 5 mA	Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFFSET value.
G	Global	Mode and setpoint are not set by Unit Controller. Menu advances to: FREE COOLING SUPPLY AIR SETPOINT = 55°F	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.)

*Enthalpy includes effects of both temperature and humidity.

Economizer Start-Up - M4 Unit Controller

The economizer is controlled by the Unit Controller which is located on the unit control panel. A detailed menu layout can be found in the Unit Controller manual provided with each unit.

1-Field-Installed Economizer

The Unit Controller must be set to identify an economizer has been installed. The configuration ID will also identify which sensor inputs the Unit Controller will use to determine the free cooling mode. See FIGURE 24 for sensor location. Use the Unit Controller keypad to enter the following menu:

MAIN MENU > SETUP > INSTALL

- 1 - Press SAVE until CONFIGURATION ID 1 appears. Change the second character in the configuration ID to identify the type of input used to determine economizer free cooling setpoint. See TABLE 25.
- 2 - Press SAVE. The Unit Controller is now set up to operate the economizer.
- 3 - Press the MAIN MENU button, then the BACK button, to display the status screen.

2-Adjust Free Cooling Discharge Air Setpoint

When outdoor air is suitable for free cooling, dampers will modulate to maintain a discharge air temperature of 55°F default (adjustable range 45°-67°F). Refer to RT6 discharge air sensor location shown in FIGURE 24.

3-Free Cooling Modes

The Unit Controller automatically sets the free cooling mode when the configuration ID is entered. The temperature setpoint mode is the only exception.

- 1 - Use the following menu path on the Unit Controller to enter the temperature setpoint mode.

MAIN MENU > SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > DAMPER > ECONOMIZER TEMP ECON TYPE = TEMPERATURE OFFSET (default)

- 2 - Use the "Adjust and set values" arrows on the keypad to select TEMPERATURE SETPT.
- 3 - Press SAVE.

NOTE - Network OAS signal and California Title 24 Compliance options use either TEMPERATURE OFFSET or TEMPERATURE SETPT mode.

4-Adjust Outdoor Air Free Cooling Setpoint

NOTE - Configuration ID 1 must be set to the appropriate mode before adjusting the free cooling setpoint. See TABLE 25.

Temperature Offset or Temperature Setpoint Mode

- 1 - After the free cooling mode is saved, if default setpoint value needs to change, enter the new number and press SAVE.
- 2 - For California Title 24 compliance, adjust the free cooling setpoint based on:
 - The climate zone where the unit is installed. See TABLE 22.
 - The setpoint requirement published by the California Energy Commission. See Section 140.4 - Prescriptive Requirements for Space Conditioning Systems of the 2013 Building Energy Efficiency Standards.

NOTE - Values in the referenced standard will supersede values listed in TABLE 22.

- 3 - When a network OAS signal is provided by a building control system, refer to control system literature to adjust free cooling setpoint.

5-Enthalpy Setpoint

The enthalpy sensor (A7) provides a milliamp signal to the Unit Controller based on outdoor air temperature and humidity. Use the following menu to change the setpoint:

MAIN MENU > SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > DAMPER > ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY SETPOINT = 12.0 MA

Refer to TABLE 23. At 12.0mA, the Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 73°F. If the space temperature is too warm or humid, change the ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY SETPOINT to "13.6MA" and the Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 70°F.

Enthalpy Offset

The Unit Controller allows damper modulation when outdoor air is lower than return air by a differential or offset temperature and humidity range. Use the following menu to change the setpoint:

MAIN MENU > SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > DAMPER > ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY OFFSET = 1.0 MA

Refer to TABLE 24. At 1.0mA, the Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open when outdoor air is lower than return air by approximately a 2°F offset. If return air is 76°F, the Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 74°F. If the space temperature is too warm or humid, change the ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY SETPOINT to 2.0mA or an offset of 3.5°F. The Unit Controller will allow dampers to modulate open at approximately 72.5°F.

6-Damper Minimum Position Setting

Use the menu path in TABLE 26 to set the MIN DAMPER POSITION BLOWER ON HIGH when outdoor air is not

suitable for free cooling. The minimum setpoint range is 0% open (dampers closed) to 100% (dampers fully open). On units with staged supply air blowers, also set the MIN DAMPER POSITION BLOWER ON LOW.

**TABLE 26
DAMPER OPTIONS**

Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
RTU OPTION	DAMPER		ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY OFFSET = 12.0 MA
			ECONOMIZER ENTHALPY SETPOINT = 1.0 MA
			ECONOMIZER TEMP ECON TYPE = TEMPERATURE OFFSET OR TEMPERATURE SETPT
			ECONOMIZER OAT SETPOINT = XX.X F
			FREE COOLING SUPPLY AIR SETPOINT = 55°F
			MIN DAMPER POSITION BLOWER ON HIGH = X.X %
			MIN DAMPER POSITION BLOWER ON LOW = X.X %

NOTE - Menu options vary depending on hardware configuration.

NOTE - Use the "Adjust and set values" arrows to scroll up or down for selection options.

F-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (power exhaust units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LCX units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the economizer enthalpy control A6, after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable) When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

G-Power Exhaust Fans

Optional power exhaust fans are available for use with the LCX 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units to provide exhaust air pressure relief (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). See FIGURE 27 and installation instructions for more detail.

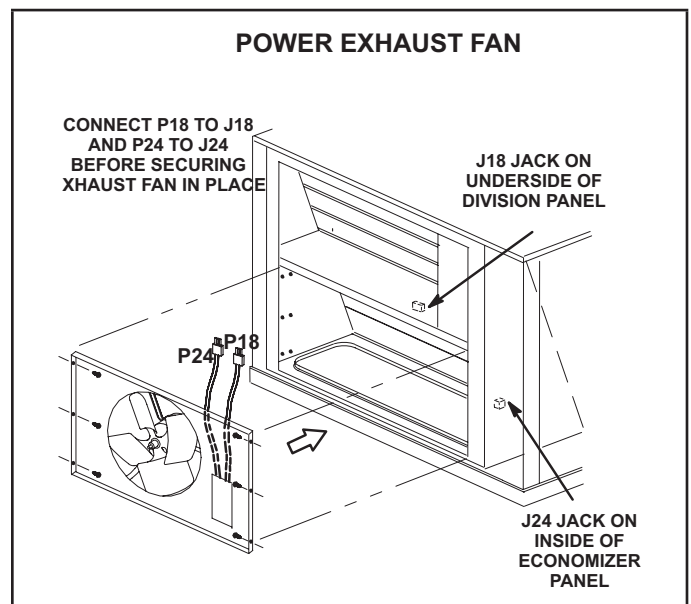


FIGURE 27

TABLE 27
ECONOMIZER OPERATION

OUTDOOR AIR IS SUITABLE FOR FREE COOLING -- FREE COOL LED "ON"

THERMOSTAT DEMAND	DAMPER POSITION		MECHANICAL COOLING
	UNOCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	
OFF	CLOSED	CLOSED	NO
G	CLOSED	MINIMUM	NO
Y1	OPEN*	OPEN*	NO
Y2	OPEN*	OPEN*	STAGE 1

*Dampers will modulate to maintain 55F (13C) supply air when an RT6 mixed air sensor is installed

H-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (power exhaust units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LCX units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the Unit Controller after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable). When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

I-Optional UVC Lights

The germicidal light emits ultraviolet (UVC) energy that has been proven effective in reducing microbial life forms (viruses, bacteria, yeasts, and molds) in the air.

UVC germicidal lamps greatly reduce the growth and proliferation of mold and other bio-aerosols (bacteria and viruses) on illuminated surfaces.

Germicidal lamps are NOT intended to be used for removal of active mold growth. Existing mold growth must be appropriately removed PRIOR to installation of the germicidal lamp.

Refer closely to UVC light installation instruction warnings when servicing units.

J-Dirty Filter Switch S27

The dirty filter switch senses static pressure increase indicating a dirty filter condition. The switch is N.O. and closes at 1" W.C. (248.6 Pa) The switch is mounted in the filter section on the left unit mullion.

K-Indoor Air Quality (CO2) Sensor A63

The indoor air quality sensor monitors CO2 levels and reports the levels to the Unit Controller. The Unit Controller adjusts the economizer dampers according to the CO2 levels. The sensor is mounted next to the indoor thermostat or in the return air duct. Refer to the indoor air quality sensor installation instructions for proper adjustment.

L-Overflow Switches (S149 - Optional)

The N.C. overflow switch or switches are connected to the M4 unit controller (A55) in series (when applicable) through a dedicated input at J387-5. When the switch opens, the unit controller de-energizes the compressor. After a five-minute time-out, the unit controller verifies the overflow switch position and restarts the compressor(s) as long as a cooling demand is present (if the switch has closed).

M-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See installation instructions for more information.

N-Hot Gas Reheat

Hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valve, L14, routes hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See FIGURE 28 for reheat refrigerant routing and FIGURE 29 for standard cooling refrigerant routing.

L14 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valve

When Unit Controller input (Unit Controller J298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions that require dehumidification, L14 reheat valve is energized (Unit Controller P269-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

Reheat Setpoint

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing the mobile service app *Settings - Control* menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output.

Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at *Settings - Control* menu.

Check-Out

Test reheat operation using the following procedure.

- 1 - Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2 - Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3 - Use mobile service app menu path to select RTU Menu > *Component* > *Test* > *Dehumidification*.

The blower, compressor, and reheat valve should be energized. Pressure can be checked on the reheat line pressure tap. Pressure on the reheat line should match discharge pressure closely in reheat mode.

Default Reheat Operation

During reheat mode free cooling is locked out.

No Y1 demand but a call for dehumidification:

Compressor is operating low, blower is on low, and the reheat valve is energized.

Y1 demand:

Compressor is operating on low, blower is on low, and the reheat valve is de-energized..

Y2 demand:

Compressor is operating high, blower is on high, and the reheat valve is de-energized.

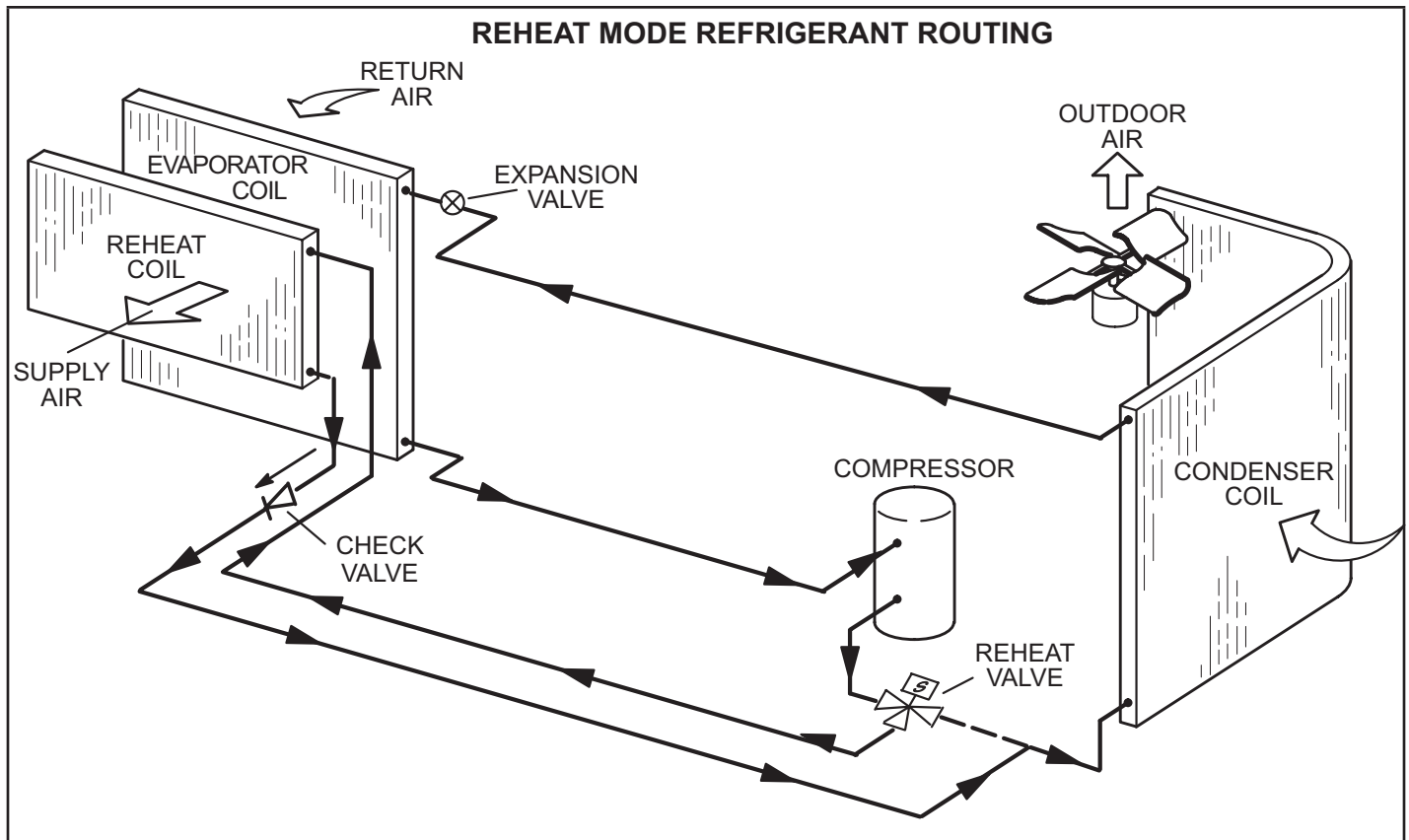


FIGURE 28

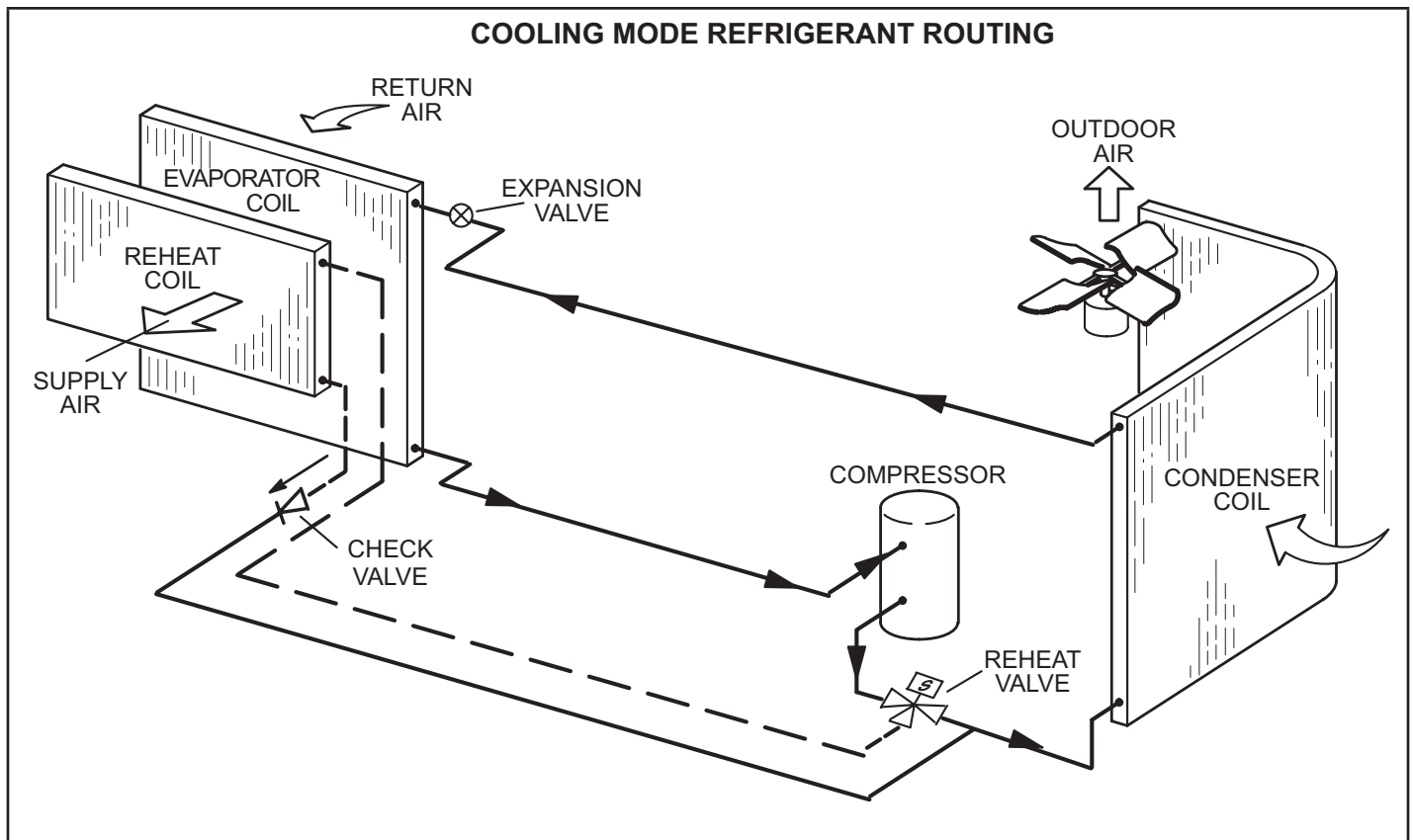
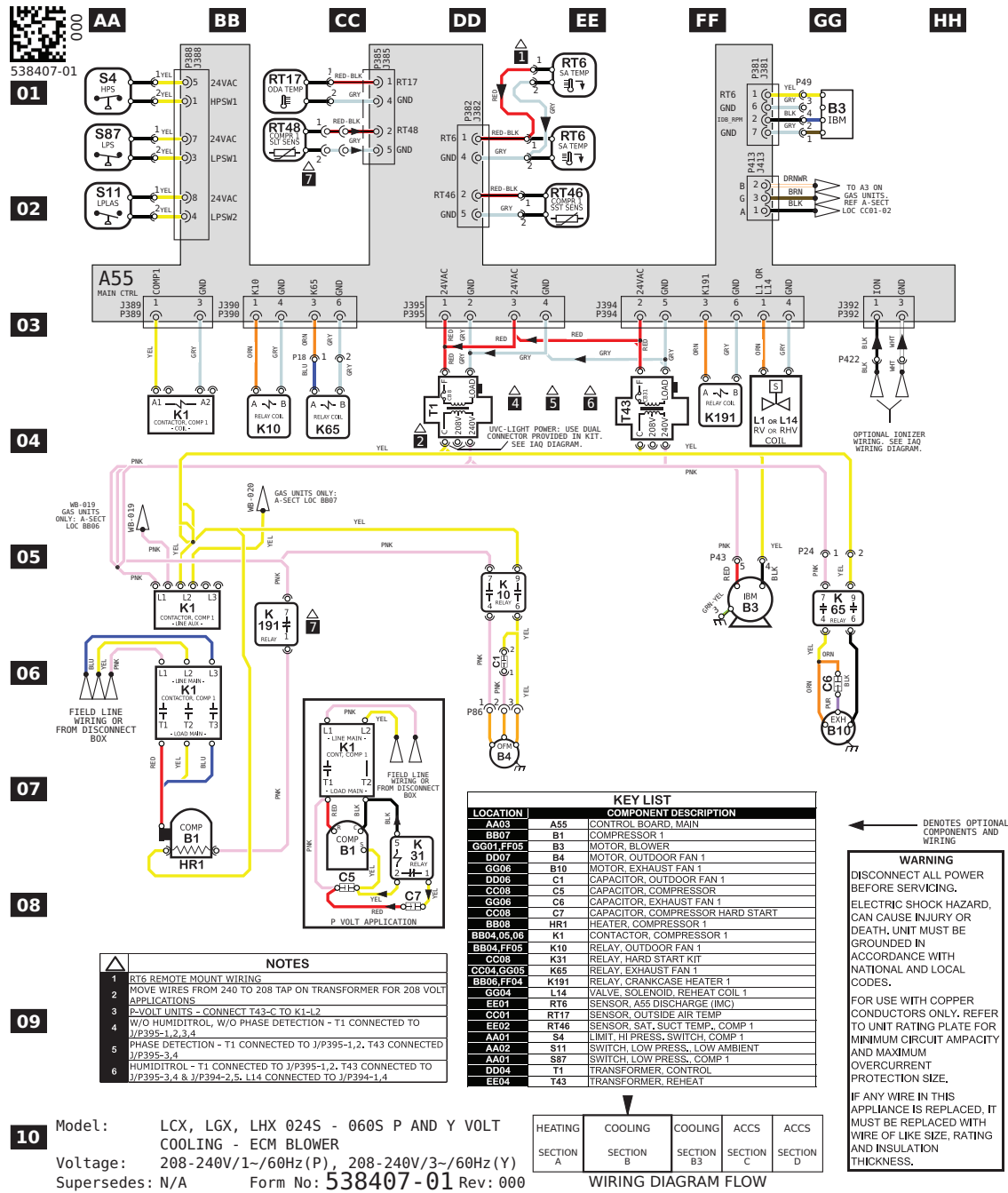


FIGURE 29

VIII-Wiring Diagrams and Sequence of Operations

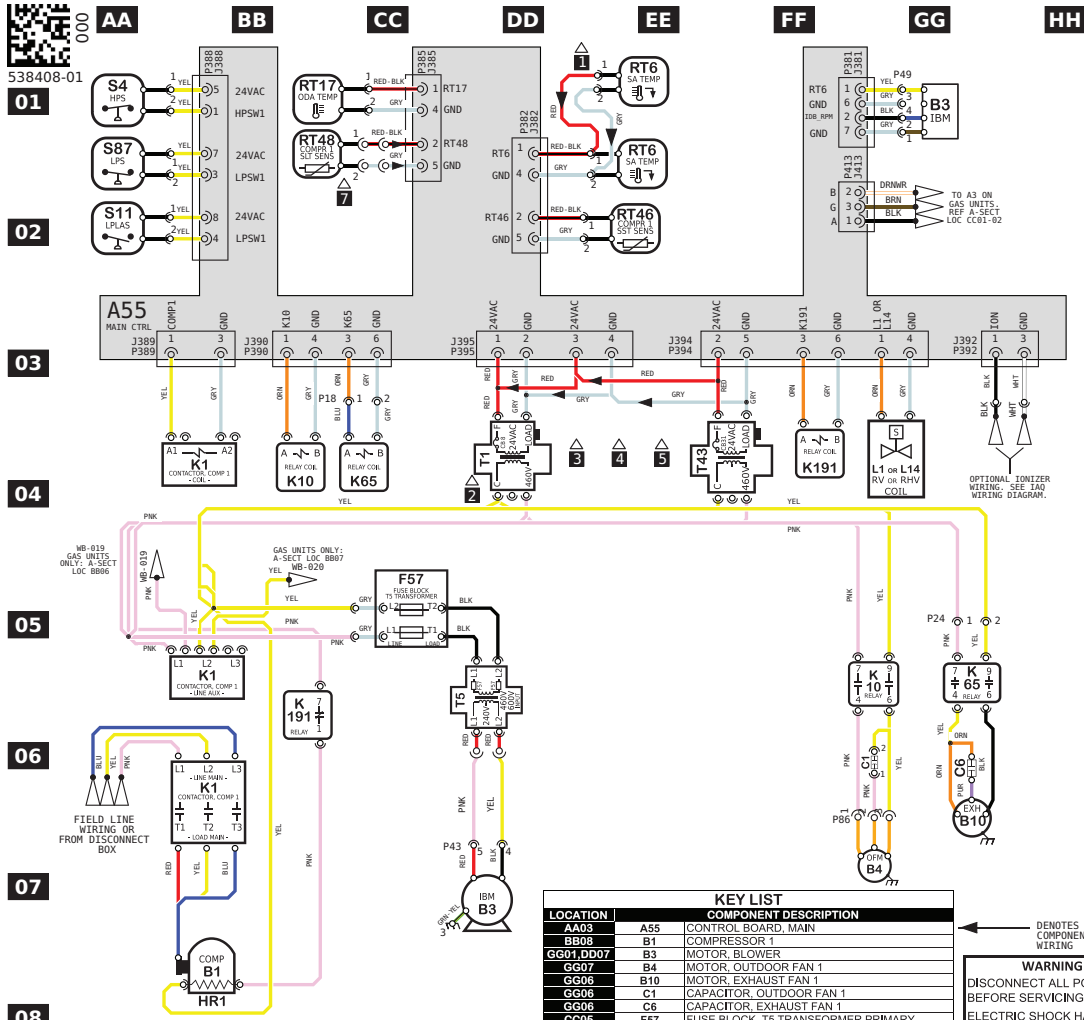
LCX024-060 P & Y VOLTAGE UNIT DIAGRAM
ECM BLOWER



8.5
X
10
CUT SIZE

REV	EC NO.	DATE	BY	APVD	REVISION NOTE
---	CN-012554F	01/22/2024	RXJ	MCF	ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX

LCX024-060 G & J VOLT UNIT DIAGRAM ECM BLOWER



- NOTES**
- RT6 REMOTE MOUNT WIRING
 - MOVE WIRES FROM 240 TO 208 TAP ON TRANSFORMER FOR 208 VOLT APPLICATIONS
 - W/O HUMIDITROL, W/O PHASE DETECTION - T1 CONNECTED TO J/P395-1,2,3,4
 - PHASE DETECTION - T1 CONNECTED TO J/P395-1,2, T43 CONNECTED TO J/P395-3,4
 - HUMIDITROL - T1 CONNECTED TO J/P395-1,2, T43 CONNECTED TO J/P395-3,4 & J/P394-2,5, L14 CONNECTED TO J/P394-1,4

LOCATION	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION
AA03	A55 CONTROL BOARD, MAIN
BB08	B1 COMPRESSOR 1
GG01,DD07	B3 MOTOR, BLOWER
GG07	B4 MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1
GG08	B10 MOTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1
GG08	C1 CAPACITOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1
GG08	C6 CAPACITOR, EXHAUST FAN 1
CC05	F57 FUSE BLOCK, T5 TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
BB08	HR1 HEATER, COMPRESSOR 1
BB04,05,08	K1 CONTACTOR, COMPRESSOR 1
BB04,FF05	K10 RELAY, OUTDOOR FAN 1
CC04,GG05	K65 RELAY, EXHAUST FAN 1
BB08,FF04	K191 RELAY, CRANKCASE HEATER 1
CC04	L14 VALVE, SOLENOID, REHEAT COIL 1
EE01	RT6 SENSOR, A55 DISCHARGE (IMC)
EE01	RT17 SENSOR, OUTSIDE AIR TEMP
EE02	RT46 SENSOR, SAT, SUCT TEMP, COMP 1
AA01	S4 LIMIT, HI PRESS, SWITCH, COMP 1
AA02	S11 SWITCH, LOW PRESS., LOW AMBIENT
AA01	S87 SWITCH, LOW PRESS., COMP 1
DD04	T1 TRANSFORMER, CONTROL
DD08	T5 TRANSFORMER, OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR
EE04	T43 TRANSFORMER, REHEAT

← DENOTES OPTIONAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING

WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD, CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.
FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY, REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
IF ANY WIRE IN THIS APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING AND INSULATION THICKNESS.

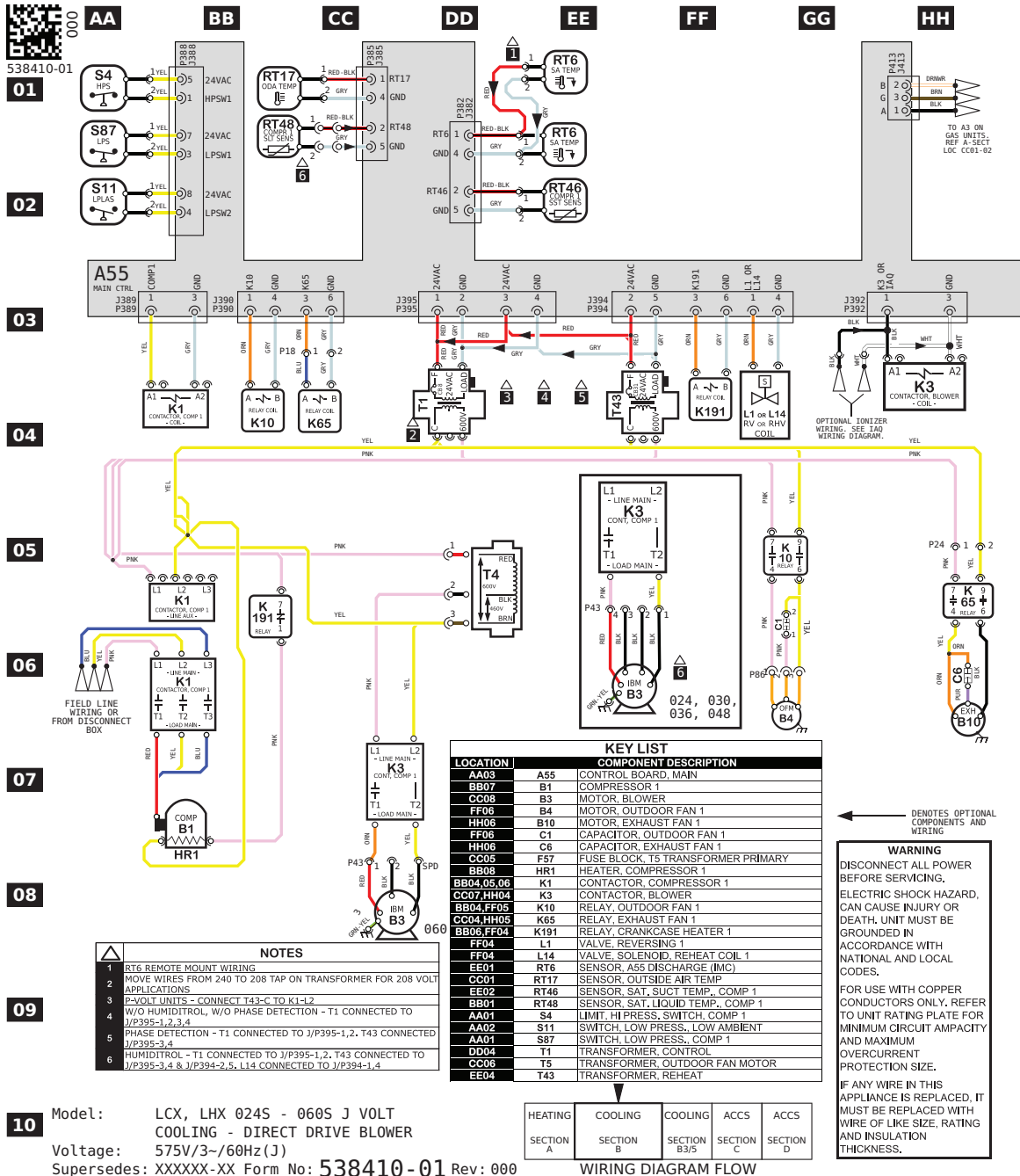
10 Model: LCX, LGX, LHX 024S - 060S G AND J VOLT
COOLING - ECM BLOWER
Voltage: 460V/3~60Hz (G), 575V/3~60Hz (J)
Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538408-01 Rev: 000

HEATING SECTION A	COOLING SECTION B	COOLING SECTION B3	ACCS SECTION C	ACCS SECTION D
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8.5
x
10
CUT SIZE

REV	EC NO.	DATE	BY	APVD	REVISION NOTE
---	CN-012554F	01/22/2024	RXJ	MCF	ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX

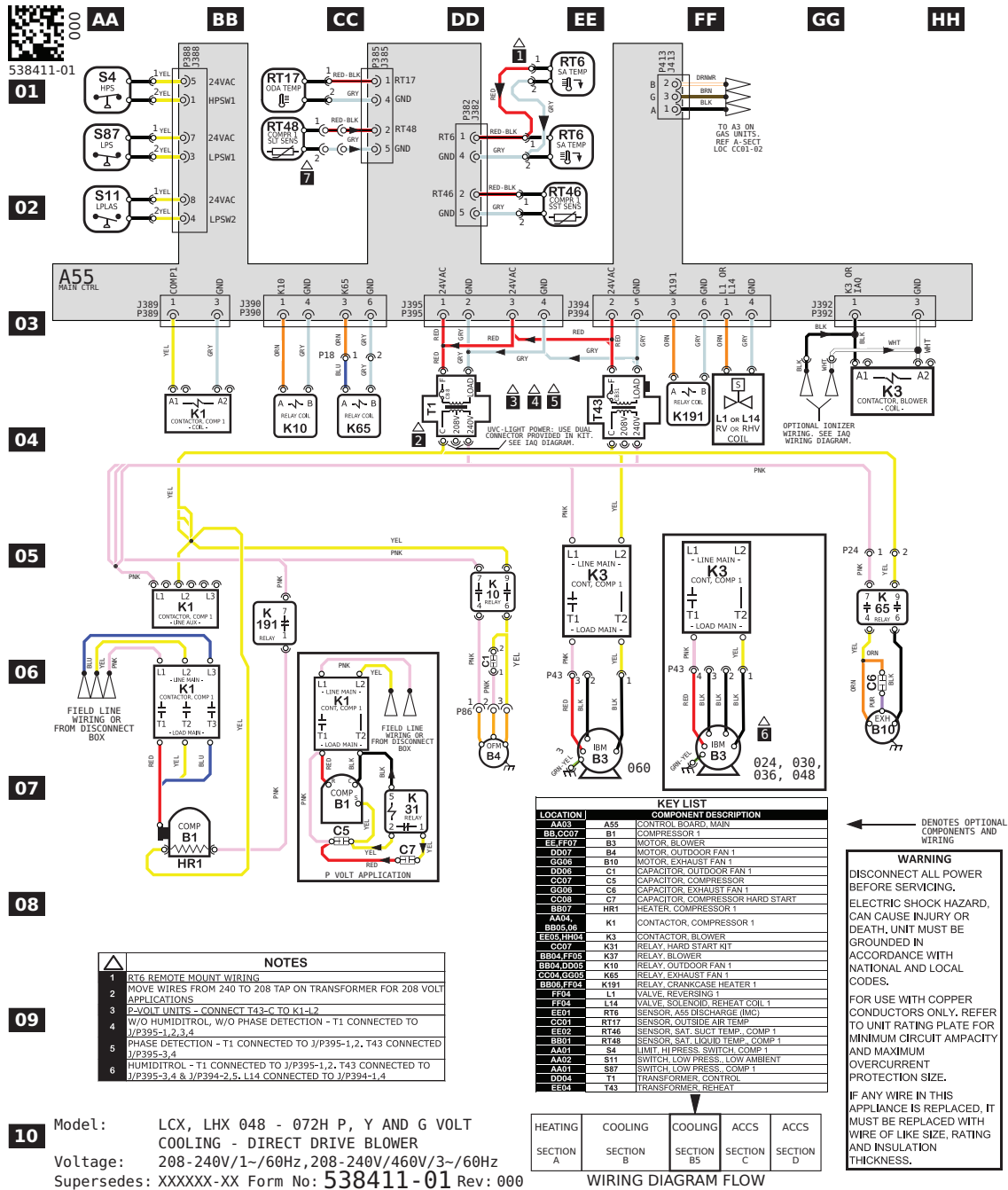
LCX024-060 J VOLT UNIT DIAGRAM DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER



8.5
x
10
CUT SIZE

REV	EC NO.	DATE	BY	APVD	REVISION NOTE
---	CN-012554F	01/22/2024	RXJ	MCF	ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX

LCX048-060 P, Y, & G VOLT UNIT DIAGRAM DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER



8.5
x
10
CUT SIZE

REV	EC NO.	DATE	BY	APVD	REVISION NOTE
000	CN-012554F	01/22/2024	RXJ	MCF	ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX

00 538409-01

01 **02** **03** **04** **05** **06** **07** **08** **09** **10**

NOTES

- RT6 REMOTE MOUNT WIRING
- MOVE WIRES FROM 240 TO 208 TAP ON TRANSFORMER FOR 208 VOLT APPLICATIONS
- 2-VOLT UNITS - CONNECT T43-C TO K1-L2
- W/O HUMIDITROL, W/O PHASE DETECTION - T1 CONNECTED TO J/P395-1,2,3,4
- PHASE DETECTION - T1 CONNECTED TO J/P395-1,2, T43 CONNECTED TO J/P395-3,4
- HUMIDITROL - T1 CONNECTED TO J/P395-1,2, T43 CONNECTED TO J/P395-3,4 & J/P394-2,5, L14 CONNECTED TO J/P394-1,4

KEY LIST

LOCATION	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION
A55	CONTROL BOARD, MAIN
BB07	COMPRESSOR 1
EE07	B3
CC07	B4
HH06	B10
CC06	C1
HH06	C6
BB06	HR1
AA06	BB05
BB05	K1
EE05	GG04
BB04	FF03
BB04	CC03
HH04	CC03
BB04	FF04
FF04	L14
CC01	RT17
EE02	RT48
BB01	RT48
AA02	S4
AA02	S11
AA01	S87
DD04	T1
EE04	T43

WARNING

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING. ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD, CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.

FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY, REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.

IF ANY WIRE IN THIS APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING AND INSULATION THICKNESS.

HEATING SECTION A **COOLING SECTION B** **COOLING SECTION C** **ACC'S SECTION D** **ACC'S SECTION E**

WIRING DIAGRAM FLOW

8.5
x
10
CUT SIZE

1. **First stage cooling demand Y1** and **G** is energized by the thermostat. **G** energizes blower.
2. **A55** energizes contactor **K3**.
3. Blower contactor **K3** energizes blower **B3** on low speed.
4. **A55** energizes contactor **K37**
5. Blower contactor **K37** energizes blower **B3** on high speed.

LCX024-060 P, Y, G, & J Voltage Sequence of Operation

Power:

- 1 - Line voltage energizes transformer T1. T1 provides 24VAC power to the A55 Unit Controller. A55 provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.
- 2 - Line voltage provides voltage to compressor crankcase heater relay K191-1 N.C. contacts, compressor contactor K1, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4 (on J volt units line voltage is supplied to transformer T4 which will supply voltage to blower contactor K3, blower motor B3. On G and J Volt ECM units, line voltage is supplied to fuses F57, Transformer T5, blower motor B3).

Blower Operation:

- 3 - The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand from thermostat terminal G. A55 energizes blower motor B3 via programmed motor settings. Motor settings are field-adjustable. Units with PSC or belt-drive motors will operate at low-speed by energizing the K3 contactor.

First Stage Cooling

- 4 - A55 Unit Controller receives Y1 and G cooling demand.
- 5 - After A55 proves n.c. low pressure switch S87, n.o. low ambient switch S11, n.c. SST, and n.c. high pressure switch S4, compressor contactor K1 and blower B3 are energized.
- 6 - N.O contacts K1-1 close, energizing the compressor B1.
- 7 - SLT proves below 62°F. A55 energizes outdoor fan motor B4 to modulate. If above 65°F, outdoor fan motor B4 will be set to low speed.

LCX 072 Second Stage Cooling

- 8 - A55 receives a Y2 and G cooling demand and energizes blower B3 on high speed.
- 9 - A55 energizes compressor solenoid L34, switching compressor to high speed by energizing high speed blower contactor K37.

Economizer Operation:

- 10 -The economizer control module receives a demand and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 11 -N.O. K65-1 and N.O. K65-2 both close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.

Power Exhaust Fan Operation

- 12 -A55 receives a position feedback signal from the economizer damper motor and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 13 -N.O. contact K65-1 & 2 close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.

DESCRIPTION	
KEY	DESCRIPTION
A55	PANEL, MAIN
F3	FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT
F4	FUSE, UNIT
F61	FUSE, UNIT - SCCR
HE -1	ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 1
HE -2	ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 2
HE -3	ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 3
HE -4	ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 4
HE -5	ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 5
HE -6	ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 6
J2	JACK, ELECTRIC HEAT
J265C	JACK, CONTACTOR RELAY
J266A	JACK, HEATING CONTROL STG 1
J271A,B	JACK, HEATING SENSORS STG 1
K15,-1	CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 1
K16,-1	CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 2
P2	PLUG, ELECTRIC HEAT
P7	PLUG, ELECTRIC HEAT SUB-BASE KIT
P265	PLUG, CONTACTOR RELAY
P266	PLUG, HEATING CONTROL
P271	PLUG, HEATING SENSORS STG 1
S15	SWITCH, LIMIT PRIMARY ELECTRIC HEAT
S20	SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 1
S157	SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 2
TB2	TERMINAL STRIP, UNIT

DESIGNATION	VOLTAGE
Y	208-230/60/3
G	460/60/3
J	575/60/3
M	380-420/50/3
P	208-230/60/1

1 F61 USED ON SCCR UNITS ONLY
2 REMOVE JUMPER PLUG WHEN FIELD INSTALLING ELECTRIC HEAT
3 S20 LIMIT ON "A" BOX UNITS IS RESETTABLE
4 7.5 KW ONLY

← DENOTES OPTIONAL COMPONENTS

	KW	HE1	HE2	HE3	HE4	HE5	HE6
024 - 030	5.0	5.0					
036 - 048	10.0		5.0	5.0			
	7.5	7.5					
060	15		7.5	7.5			
	22.5				7.5	7.5	7.5

Sequence of Operation -E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5 - G, J Voltage

HEATING ELEMENTS:

- 1 - Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and HE2. Elements are protected by fuse F3.

FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 2 - Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 3 - 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller (*A55 routes power to the A38 if equipped*). After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.

- 4 - 7.5kW, 15kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.
22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1 and HE2.

END OF FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 5 - Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6 - Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7 - 7.5kW, 15kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.
22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1 and HE2.

Sequence of Operation -E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5 - Y Voltage

HEATING ELEMENTS:

- 1 - Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and TB3. TB3 supplies line voltage to HE2 and HE3. Elements are protected by fuses F3 and or F42.

FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 2 - Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 3 - 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller (*A55 routes power to the A38 if equipped*). After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.
- 4 - 7.5kW and 15kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.
22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K242-1 close energizing HE2 and HE3.

END OF FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 5 - Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6 - Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7 - 7.5kW, 15kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.
22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K242-1 open de-energizing HE2 and HE3.

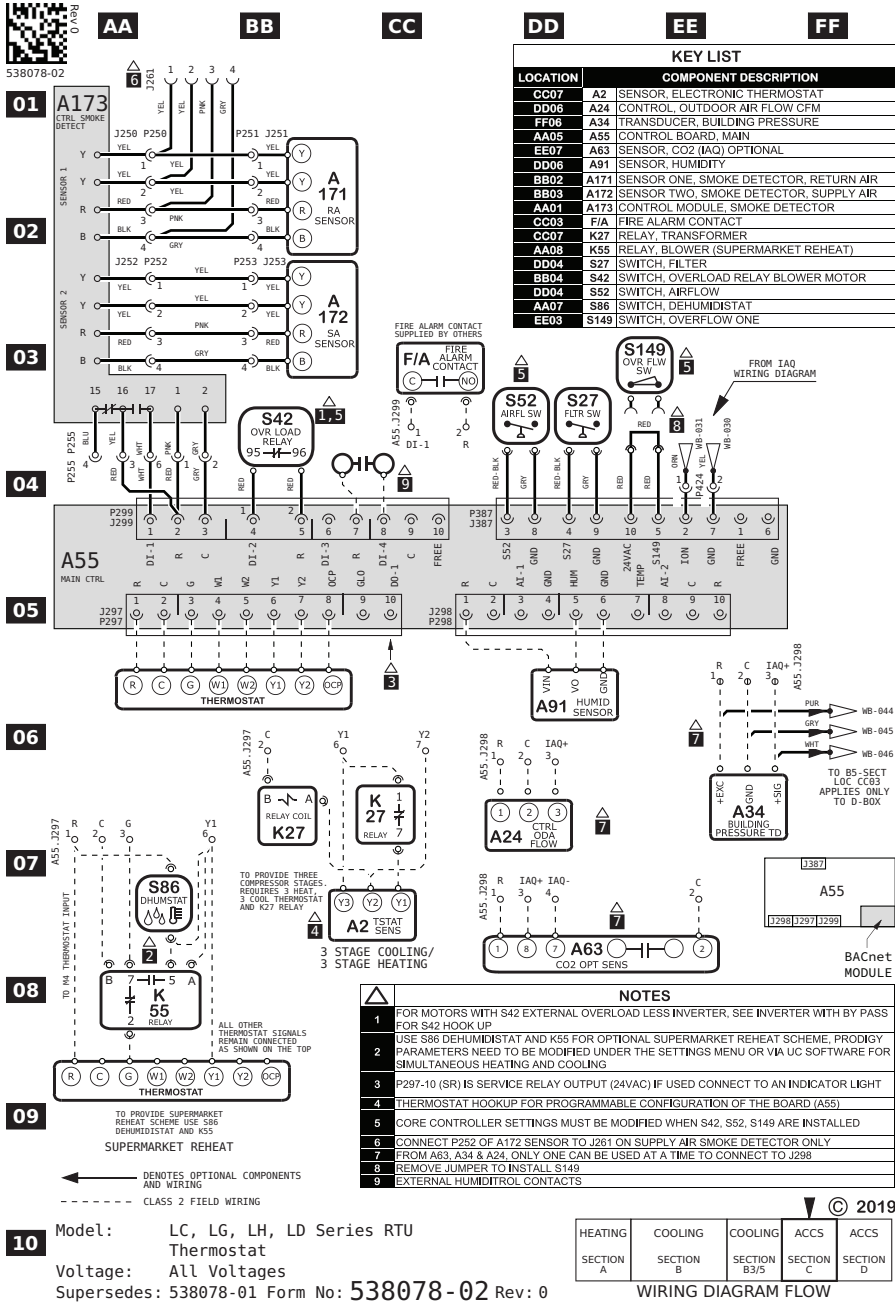
Optional factory-installed SCR (A38) All Voltages Control A38 will provide small amounts of power to the electric heat elements to efficiently maintain warm duct air temperatures when there is no heating demand. The SCR maintains duct air temperature based on input from a field-provided and installed thermostat (A104) and duct sensor (RT20). SCR is located in the compressor section on the left wall. Use only with a thermostat or specified DDC control system.

Use the instructions provided with the thermostat to set DIP switches as follows: S1 On, S2 Off, S3 Off. Use the instructions provided with the duct sensor to install sensor away from electric element radiant heat and in a location where discharge air is a mixed average temperature.

Once power is supplied to unit, zero SCR as follows:

- 1- Adjust thermostat (A104) to minimum position.
- 2- Use a small screwdriver to slowly turn the ZERO potentiometer on the SCR until the LED turns solid red.
- 3- Very slowly adjust the potentiometer the opposite direction until the LED turns off.

THERMOSTAT UNIT DIAGRAM



REV	EC NO.	DATE	BY	APVD	REVISION NOTE
---	CN-012295C	04-03-2024	MXR6	MXT5	ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX

ECONOMIZER & OUTDOOR AIR DAMPER



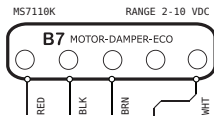
AA

BB

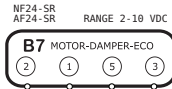
CC

DD

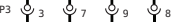
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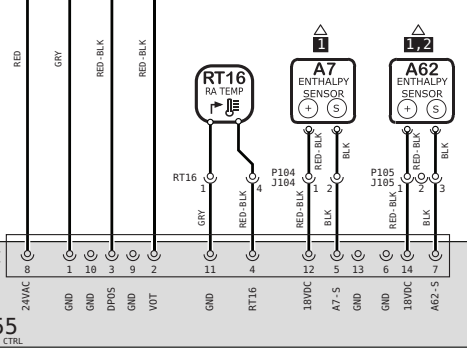
02



03



04



06

07

NOTES	
1	A7 AND A62 NOT USED FOR SENSIBLE TEMPERATURE CONTROL
2	FOR UNIT DIFFERENTIAL ENTHALPY CONTROL, ADD A62 RETURN AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR

08

KEY LIST		
LOCATION		COMPONENT DESCRIPTION
CC05	A7	SENSOR, SOLID STATE ENTHALPY
AA06	A55	CONTROL BOARD, MAIN
DD05	A62	SENSOR, ENTHALPY INDOOR
BB02	B7	MOTOR, DAMPER ECONOMIZER
CC05	RT16	SENSOR, RETURN AIR TEMP

09

10 Model: LC,LG,LH,LD,SC,SG Series
Economizer & Motorized OAD
Voltage: All Voltages
Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538072-01 Rev: 2

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HTG SEC A	CLG SEC B	CLG SEC B3	ACCS SEC C	ACCS SEC D
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WIRING DIAGRAM FLOW



REV	EC NO.	DATE	BY	APVD	REVISION NOTE
---	CN-008594	10/15/2020	RV	MXR6	ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX
001	CN-010356B	03/24/2022	MXR6	JAL21	UPDATED APPLICABLE MODEL NUMBERS.
002	CN-012457P	03/06/2024	AXL	AAH	A) ADDED SC, SG TO MODELS

IX-Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

Steps to ensure this are:

- Become familiar with the equipment and its operation,
- Isolate the system electrically,
- Ensure that before attempting the procedure that mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders, and that all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly while the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person and that the recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

Additionally, pump down refrigerant system, if possible, and if a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system. Make sure that cylinders are situated on the scales before recovery takes place. Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions. Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge). Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily. When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off. Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Equipment shall be labeled stating that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area)

Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
- Evacuate the circuit,
- Purge the circuit with inert gas,
- Evacuate,
- Purge with inert gas,
- Open the circuit.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.